CLASS 942 BOOK B876

VOLUME 1834

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE LIBRARY

BULLETINS

OF

STATE INTELLIGENCE, &c.

1834.

Printed by R. G. Clarke, Cannon-Row, Westminster.

ed by the In
© 2019 with fund
ject is mad the Institute of Muse Services as administered by the Pen partment of Education ough the C mmonwealth Librarie

ntips a ive org details tout ounse

BULLETINS.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 3, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 1, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Friday the 21st of February next, at two o'clock; and on every succeeding Wednesday until further orders.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE KING'S LEVEES, AT ST. JAMES'S-PALACE.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen who propose to attend His Majesty's Levees at St. James's-Palace, are requested to bring with them two cards with their names thereon written, one to be left with the King's Page in attendance in the Presence-Chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, who will announce the name to His Majesty. And those Gentlemen who are to be presented are hereby informed, it is absolutely necessary that their names, with the name of the

179616

Gentleman who is to present them (not the Lord in Waiting), should be sent in to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office, *before twelve o'clock on the Wednesday previous to the Levee on the 21st of February, and on the Monday previous to each succeeding Levee,* in order that they may be submitted for the King's approbation; it being His Majesty's command, that no presentation shall hereafter be made at the Levees, but in conformity with the above regulations; and further, that no person shall be admitted, on any pretence whatever, who has not been so presented.

It is particularly requested, that Gentlemen who are to be presented at the Levees will have their names *distinctly* written upon the card to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, in order that there may be no mistake in announcing them to the King.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of company coming to Court, until half past one o'clock.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 1, 1834.

Notice is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Monday the 24th of February next, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day, *the Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars.*

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, January 1, 1834.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen will hold Drawing-Rooms, at St. James's-Palace, on the following days:

February,	Monday,	24th,	being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day.
March,	Thursday,	20th.	
April,	Thursday,	17th.	
May,	Thursday,	15th.	
May,	Wednesday,	28th,	being for the celebration of the King's Birth-day.
June,	Thursday,	19th.	

Whitehall, January 2, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Reverend William Wood, B. D. the place and dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the metropolitical church of Canterbury, void by the death of the Reverend Charles Morris.

Crown-Office, January 3, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Morpeth.

The Honourable Edward George Granville Howard, in the room of the Honourable Frederick Howard, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 7, 1834.

Hanover, December 16, 1833.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint Mr. George Clark to be one of the Surgeons to His Royal Highness's Household.

In pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act "to repeal so much of two Acts, made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House "of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk of "the Crown, for making out writs for the election "of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner "therein mentioned, and for substituting other pro-"visions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of William Papwell Brigstock, Esq. late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the eastern division of the county of Somerset, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parlia-

liament for the said eastern division of the county of Somerset, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 4th day of January 1834,

CHARLES MANNERS SUTTON, Speaker.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 10, 1834.

Whitehall, January 9, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to present the Reverend Richard Keats, B. A. to the Vicarage of Northfleet, in the county of Kent, and of the peculiar jurisdiction of Canterbury, the same being void by the death of Doctor Gilbert Buchanan.

CIR-

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SPRING CIRCUITS, 1834.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Hampshire, at Winchester, Wednesday, February 26.
At the Town of Southampton, Thursday, February 27.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Saturday, March 1.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Tuesday, March 4.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Saturday, March 8.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Monday, March 10.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Wednesday, March 12.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Saturday, March 15.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Monday, March 17.
At the City of Bristol, Tuesday, March 18.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Friday, March 21.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Saturday, March 22.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Tuesday, March 25.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Thursday, March 27.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Saturday, March 29.
Berkshire, at Reading, Tuesday, April 1.
Sussex, at Horsham, Thursday, April 3.
Kent, at Dover, Monday, April 7.
At the City of Canterbury, Tuesday, April 8.
Kent, at Maidstone, Wednesday, April 9.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Saturday, February 15.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Monday, February 17.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Wednesday, February 19.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Friday, February 21.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, February 24.
At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Monday, March 3.
Yorkshire, at York and City, Wednesday, March 5.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Saturday, March 8.
Durham, at Durham, Monday, March 10.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Wednesday, March 12.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Saturday, March 15.
Westmorland, at Appleby and Kendal, Monday, March 17.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Wednesday, March 19.
Lancashire, at Preston, Thursday, March 27.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Saturday, March 29.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Wednesday, April 2.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Monday, March 17.
Essex, at Chelmsford, Wednesday, March 19.
Essex, at Colchester, Thursday, March 20.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Friday, March 21.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Monday, March 24.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Tuesday, March 25.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Friday, March 28.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Monday, March 31.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Tuesday, April 1.
At the City of Lichfield, Wednesday, April 2.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Thursday, April 3.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Saturday, April 5.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Tuesday, April 8.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Thursday, April 10.
At the City of Coventry, Friday, April 11.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Monday, April 14.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Tuesday, April 15.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Wednesday, April 16.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Thursday, April 17.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Friday, April 18.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Saturday, April 19.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Monday, April 21.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 14, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 11, 1834.

THE Vice-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household (in the absence of the Lord Chamberlain) has appointed William Wrighte Hewett, of Brighton, Esq. Surgeon Extraordinary to the King.

Whitehall, January 13, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend James M'Farlane to the church and parish of Muiranside, in the presbytery of Linlithgow, and county of Stirling, vacant by the death of the Reverend William M'Call.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 17, 1834.

Downing-Street, December 8, 1833.

THE King has been pleased to appoint the Marquess of Sligo to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Island of Jamaica and its dependencies.

Crown-Office, January 17, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Berwick.

Sir Hugh Purves Hume Campbell, of Marchmont and Purves, Bart. in the room of Charles Marjoribanks, Esq. deceased.

Borough of Huddersfield.

John Blackburne, of the Middle Temple, London, Esq. one of His Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law, in the room of Captain Lewis Fenton, deceased.

War-

War-Office, 17th January 1834.

GARRISONS.

Captain Oswald Pilling, on the half-pay, to be Fort-Major at Sheerness, vice Walsh, who resigns. Dated 17th January 1834.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 21, 1834.

The Pavilion, Brighton, January 17, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General Henry Bayly, Military Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 24, 1834.

Downing-Street, January 24, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir Colin Campbell to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 28, 1834.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 24th day of *January* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Most Noble Howe Peter Marquess of Sligo was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the

the Most Noble Howe Peter Marquess of Sligo, Captain-General and Governor in Chief of His Majesty's Island of Jamaica and its dependencies, his Lordship this day took the usual Oaths appointed to be taken by the Governors of His Majesty's Plantations.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 31, 1834.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, House of Lords, January 31, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that no stranger can be admitted to the House of Lords, on the occasion of His Majesty's opening the session of Parliament, on Tuesday next, but by a ticket from this Office.

No Lady can be received, in the body of the House, but in full dress.

The doors will not be open before twelve o'clock.

The entrance to the Painted-chamber will be at the door of the Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office; where there will be attendance, on Monday the 3d February, from eleven to four o'clock.

CHOLMONDELEY, D. G. C.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 4, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *February* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

SHERIFFS appointed by His Majesty in Council, for the Year 1834.

Bedfordshire,	Joseph Morris, of Ampthill, Esq.
Berkshire,	Charles Eyre, of Welford-Park, Esq.
Buckinghamshire,	George Simon Harcourt, of Ankerwyke-House, Esq.
Camb' & Hunt'	Richard Huddleston, of Sawston, Esq.
Cheshire,	William Astley, of Duckenfield, Esq.
Cornwall,	Charles Prideaux Brune, of Prideaux-Place, Padstow, Esq.
Cumberland,	Henry Howard, of Greystoke-Castle, Esq.
Derbyshire,	William Palmer Morewood, of Alfreton-Hall, Esq.

De-

Devonshire,	Edmund Pollexfen Bastard, of Kitley, Esq.
Dorsetshire,	Edward Doughty, of Upton, Esq.
Essex,	John Round, of Danbury-Park, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	Josiah Gist, of Wormington Grange, Esq.
Herefordshire,	Sir Samuel Rush Meyrick, of Goodrich-Court, Knt.
Hertfordshire,	William Robert Phillimore, of Newberries, Esq.
Kent,	George Stone, of Chislehurst, Esq.
Leicestershire,	Henry Greene, of Rollestone, Esq.
Lincolnshire,	Christopher Turnor, of Stoke Rochford, Esq.
Monmouthshire,	John Buckle, of Mathern, Esq.
Norfolk,	Robert Marsham, of Stratton Strawless, Esq.
Northamptonshire,	William Wood, of Brixworth, Esq.
Northumberland,	William Roddam, of Roddam, Esq.
Nottinghamshire,	Slingsby Duncombe, of Langford, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	William Francis Lowndes Stone, of Brightwell-House, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	Edward Watson Smyth, of Gunthorpe, Esq.
Shropshire,	The Honourable Henry Wentworth Powys, of Berwick-House.

So-

Somersetshire,	Francis Popham, of West Bagborough, Esq.
Staffordshire,	Hugh Henshall Williamson, of Greenway-Bank, Esq.
County of Southampton,	Samuel Raymond Jarvis, of Fair Oak-Park, near Winchester, Esq.
Suffolk,	John Garden, of Redisham, Esq.
Surrey,	George Thomas Nicholson, of Waverley-Abbey, Esq.
Sussex,	The Honourable Robert Curzon, of Parham.
Warwickshire,	Francis Lyttelton Holyoake Goodricke, of Studley-Castle, Esq.
Wiltshire,	Thomas Bolton, of Brickworth, Esq.
Worcestershire,	John Howard Galton, of Hadsor-House, Esq.
Yorkshire,	Henry Preston, of Moreby, Esq.

WALES.

Anglesey,	James King, of Presaddfed, Esq.
Breconshire,	William Richard Stretton, of Dany-Park, Esq.
Cardiganshire,	Charles Richard Longcroft, of Llanina, Esq.
Carmarthenshire,	Thomas Morris, of Llanstephan-Castle, Esq.
Carnarvonshire,	Richard Lloyd Edwards, of Nanhoron, Esq.
Denbighshire,	Francis Richard Price, of Bryn-y-pys, Esq.

Flint-

Flintshire,	Frederick Charles Philips, of Rhual, Esq.
Glamorganshire,	Henry John Grant, of Gnoll-Castle, Esq.
Merionethshire,	Charles Gray Harford, of Bryntirion, Esq.
Montgomeryshire,	William Morris, of Pentre Nant, Esq.
Pembrokeshire,	John Barham, of Trecoon, Esq.
Radnorshire,	Guy Parson, of Bettws Disserth, Esq.

Duchy of Lancaster, February 3, 1834.

The King has been this day pleased to appoint Thomas Joseph Trafford, of Trafford-Park, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county palatine of Lancaster for the year ensuing.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 7, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, February 4, 1834.

THIS day His Majesty proceeded in state from St. James's-Palace to the House of Peers, where he arrived at a quarter past two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from his state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Deputy Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Earl Grey, Garter, and Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

His Majesty was there robed, and having put on the imperial crown, the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the Earl Grey, K. G. and the cap of maintenance by the Marquess of Winchester.

His Majesty being seated upon the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IN calling you again together for the discharge of your high duties, I rely with entire confidence on your zeal and diligence, on your sincere devotion to the public interests, and on your firmness in supporting on its ancient foundations, and in the just distribution of its powers, the establishad constitution of the state.

These qualities eminently distinguished your labours during the last session, in which more numerous and more important questions were brought under the consideration of Parliament than during any former period of similar duration.

Of the measures which have, in consequence, received the sanction of the legislature, one of the most difficult and important was the Bill for the Abolition of Slavery. The manner in which that beneficent measure has been received throughout the British colonies, and the progress already made in carrying it into execution, by the legislature of the island of Jamaica, afford just grounds for anticipating the happiest results.

Many other important subjects will still call for your most attentive consideration.

The reports which I will order to be laid before you from the Commissions appointed to inquire into the state of the Municipal Corporations, into the administration and effect of the poor laws, and into Ecclesiastical revenues and patronage in England and Wales, cannot fail to afford you much useful information, by which you will be enabled to judge of the nature and extent of any existing defects and abuses, and in what manner the necessary corrections may, in due season, be safely and beneficially applied.

It has been the constant aim of My policy to secure to My people the uninterrupted enjoyment of

the blessings of peace. In this I have been much assisted by the good understanding which has been so happily established between My Government and that of France; and the assurances which I receive of the friendly disposition of the other Powers of the Continent give Me confidence in the continued success of My endeavours.

I have, however, to regret that a final settlement between Holland and Belgium has not yet been effected, and that the civil war in Portugal still continues. You may be assured that I shall be careful and anxious to avail Myself of any opportunity which may afford Me the means of assisting the establishment of a state of security and peace in countries the interests of which are so intimately connected with those of My dominions.

Upon the death of the late King of Spain, I did not hesitate to recognise the succession of his infant daughter; and I shall watch with the greatest solicitude the progress of events which may affect a Government, the peaceable settlement of which is of the first importance to this country, as well as to the general tranquillity of Europe.

The peace of Turkey, since the settlement that was made with Mehemet Ali, has not been interrupted, and will not, I trust, be threatened with any new danger. It will be My object to prevent any change in the relations of that Empire with other Powers, which might affect its future stability and independence.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have directed the estimates for the ensuing year to be laid before you.

They have been framed with a view to the strictest economy, and to such reductions as may not be injurious to the public service.

I am confident that I may rely on your enlightened patriotism, and on the cheerful acquiescence of My people,

people, for supplying the means which may be required to uphold the honour of My Crown and the interests of My dominions.

The accounts which will be laid before you of the state of the revenue, as compared with the expenditure, will be found most satisfactory.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I have to lament the continuance of distress amongst the proprietors and occupiers of land; though, in other respects, the state of the country, both as regards its internal tranquillity and its commerce and manufactures, affords the most encouraging prospect of progressive improvement.

The Acts passed in the last session for carrying into effect various salutary and remedial measures in Ireland are now in operation, and further improvements may be expected to result from the Commissions which have been issued for other important objects of enquiry.

I recommend to you the early consideration of such a final adjustment of the tithes in that part of the United Kingdom as may extinguish all just causes of complaint, without injury to the rights and property of any class of My subjects, or to any institution in Church or State.

The public tranquillity has been generally preserved; and the state of all the provinces of Ireland presents, upon the whole, a much more favourable appearance than at any period during the last year.

But I have seen, with feelings of deep regret and just indignation, the continuance of attempts to excite the people of that country to demand a repeal of the Legislative Union. This bond of our national strength and safety I have already declared My fixed and unalterable resolution, under the blessing of Divine Providence, to maintain inviolate by all the means in My power. In support of this determination,

tion, I cannot doubt the zealous and effectual co-o ration of My parliament and My people.

To the practices which have been used to produce disaffection to the State, and mutual distrust and animosity between the people of the two countries, is chiefly to be attributed the spirit of insubordination which, though for the present in a great degree controuled by the power of the law, has been but too perceptible in many instances.

To none more than to the deluded instruments of the agitation thus perniciously excited is the continuance of such a spirit productive of the most ruinous consequences; and the united and vigorous exertions of the loyal and well-affected, in aid of the Government, are imperiously required, to put an end to a system of excitement and violence which, while it continues, is destructive of the peace of society, and if successful, must inevitably prove fatal to the power and safety of the United Kingdom.

Hanover, January 9, 1834.

The ceremony of the baptism of the Princess Mary Adelaide Wilhelmina Elizabeth, daughter of His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, Governor-General of Hanover, and of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cambridge, Landgravine and Princess of Hesse, his wife, was performed this day, according to the rites of the Established Church of England, at Cambridge-house, in the city of Hanover, by the Reverend John Ryle Wood, Chaplain to His Royal Highness, in the presence of their Royal Highnesses the Duke of Cambridge, the Landgravine of Hesse Hombourg (born Princess of England), the Princess Augusta and Prince George of Cambridge, the Hanoverian Ministers of State, and the Grand Officers o the Household.

The

The Sponsors for the young Princess were the King, the Queen, Her Royal Highness the Landgravine of Hesse-Hombourg, Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester, Her Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Mecklenburgh-Strelitz, and Her Serene Highness the Princess Mary of Dessau.

St. James's-Palace, February 5, 1834.

This day had audiences of His Majesty, the Prince de Talleyrand, Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the French; the Baron de Bülow, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia; the Count de Bjornstjerna, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden and Norway; the Count de Mandelsloh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtemberg; the Chevalier Dedel, Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands; the Baron de Blome, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Denmark; and the Count de Jenison-Wallworth, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, to deliver letters from their respective Sovereigns; the Chevalier de Lima, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Her Most Faithful Majesty the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, to deliver his letter of recall; Monsieur de Moraes Sarmento, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Her said Most Faithful Majesty the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, to deliver his credentials; and Monsieur de Gersdorff, Minister Resident from the King of Saxony, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced

troduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

The Pavilion, Brighton, January 29, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General Samuel Trevor Dickens, of the Royal Engineers, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Crown-Office, February 7, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Somerset.

Eastern Division.

William Miles, of Abbotsleigh, in the said county of Somerset, Esq. in the room of William Papwell Brigstock, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 11, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's February 10, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room of the 24th instant, being a Birth-day Drawing-Room, no presentations can take place on that day.

It is earnestly requested, that all Ladies attending the Queen's Drawing-Rooms, do appear in dresses of British manufacture.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, February 6, 1834.

This day the Chevalier de Lima, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Her Most Faithful Majesty the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, had his audience of leave of Her Majesty; and Monsieur de Moraes Sarmento, his successor in the same character, had his first audience of Her Majesty:

To which they were respectively introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 21, 1834.

Westminster, February 20, 1834.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to an Act agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Act, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to explain and amend an Act, of the last session of Parliament, for regulating the labour of children and young persons in the mills and factories of the United Kingdom.

White-

Whitehall, February 21, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, for granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to Sir John Bayley, of Bedford-square, in the county of Middlesex, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, February 20, 1834.

The Reverend Montagu John Wynyard, B. D. has been appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, in the room of the Reverend Robert Barnard, resigned.

Crown-Office, February 21, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Devizes.

Sir Philip Charles Henderson Durham, of Frodel, in the county of Fife, in North Britain, and of Hill-street, Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex, G. C. B. in the room of Montague Gore, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Borough of Totness.

The Right Honourable Edward Adolphus Seymour, commonly called Lord Seymour, in the room of James Cornish, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Borough of Leeds.

Edward Baines, Esq. in the room of Thomas Babington Macaulay, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Crown-Office, February 21, 1834.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Spring Assizes for the following Circuits:

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *Nicolas Conyngham Tindal,* Knt. Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Justice *Littledale.*

Northamptonshire, Saturday, March 1, at Northampton.

Rutlandshire, Friday, March 7, at Oakham.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, March 8, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Thursday, March 13, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Tuesday, March 18, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Tuesday, March 25, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

City of Coventry, Saturday, March 29, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, the same day, at Warwick.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *John Singleton Lord Lyndhurst,* Lord Chief Baron.
Mr. Justice *Gaselee.*

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, February 26, at Hertford.
Essex, Monday, March 3, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Monday, March 10, at Maidstone.
Sussex, Monday, March 17, at Lewes.
Surrey, Monday, March 24, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Bosanquet.*

Southampton, Saturday, March 1, at the Castle of Winchester.
Wiltshire, Saturday, March 8, at New Sarum.
Dorsetshire, Friday, March 14, at Dorchester.
Devonshire, Thursday, March 20, at the Castle of Exeter.
City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of Exeter.
Cornwall, Thursday, March 27, at Launceston.
Somersetshire, Wednesday, April 2, at the Castle of Taunton.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Park.*
Mr. Justice *Patteson.*

Berkshire, Tuesday, February 25, at Reading.
Oxfordshire, Saturday, March 1, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Thursday, March 6, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.
Staffordshire, Tuesday, March 11, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Tuesday, March 18, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Saturday, March 22, at Hereford.

Mon-

Monmouthshire, Wednesday, March 26, at Monmouth.

Gloucestershire, Saturday, March 29, at Gloucester.

City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Taunton.*
Mr. Justice *Alderson.*

Durham, Saturday, February 22, at Durham.

Northumberland, Wednesday, February 26, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Cumberland, Saturday, March 1, at Carlisle.

Westmorland, Thursday, March 6, at Appleby.

Lancashire, Saturday, March 8, at Lancaster.

Yorkshire, Saturday, March 22, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.

CIRCUIT of the PRINCIPALITY of WALES and COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER.

Mr. Baron *Bolland.*
Mr. Baron *Gurney.*

Glamorganshire, Thursday, February 27, at Cardiff.

Carmarthenshire, Thursday, March 6, at Carmarthen.

Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.

Montgomeryshire, Saturday, March 8, at Welch Pool.

Merionethshire, Wednesday, March 12, at Bala.

Pembrokeshire, Thursday, March 13, at Haverfordwest.

Town of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.

Car-

Carnarvonshire, Saturday, March 15, at Carnarvon.
Cardiganshire, Wednesday, March 19, at Cardigan.
Anglesey, Wednesday, March 19, at Beaumaris.
Denbighshire, Saturday, March 22, at Ruthin.
Brecknockshire, Saturday, March 22, at Brecon.
Flintshire, Wednesday, March 26, at Mold.
Radnorshire, Wednesday, March 26, at Presteign.
Cheshire, Saturday, March 29, at Chester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 25, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, February 25, 1834.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen will hold Drawing-Rooms, at St. James's-Palace, on the following days:

March,	Thursday,	20th.	
April,	Thursday,	17th.	
May,	Thursday,	15th.	
May,	Wednesday,	28th,	being for the celebration of the King's Birth-day.
June,	Thursday,	19th.	

White-

Whitehall, February 25, 1834.

An Address to the King from the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Assistants of the County of the City of Waterford, in Common Council assembled, regretting the continuance of attempts to excite the people of Ireland to demand a repeal of the Legislative Union, having been transmitted by the Mayor of the said city to the Right Honourable Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

This day the Count de Mandelsloh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtemberg, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's, February 21, 1834.

This day the Count de Mandelsloh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtemberg, had an audience of Her Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of Major-General Sir Hugh Fraser with the Ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.*

By command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir Hugh Fraser was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty, the Major-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

The Officer of Arms, on his knee, then presented to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, and His Majesty was pleased to invest Sir Hugh Fraser with the same.

The Major-General having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, retired.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General James Viney, of the Royal Artillery, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General James Kearney, late of the 2d Dragoon Guards, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General Evan Lloyd, of the 17th Lancers, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General Thomas Gage Montresor Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 21, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Salusbury Pryce Humphreys, Esq. of Bramall-hall, in the county palatine of Chester, Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Crown-

Crown-Office, February 25, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Dungarvan.

Ebenezer Jacob, Esq. in the room of the Honourable George Lamb, deceased.

Borough of Kendal.

John Barham, Esq. in the room of James Brougham, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 28, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, February 26, 1834.

THIS day had audiences of His Majesty: the Chevalier de Vial, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of Spain, acting in the name and on the behalf of Her Catholic Majesty the Queen Isabella II.; and Monsieur de Moraes Sarmento, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Her Most Faithful Majesty the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, to deliver letters from their respective Sovereigns; also the Chevalier de Mattos, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil,

to deliver his letter of recall; and Monsieur d'Araujo Ribeiro, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, to deliver his credentials:

To which audiences they were severally introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, February 26, 1834.

This day the Chevalier de Mattos, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, had his audience of leave of Her Majesty; and Monsieur d'Araujo Ribeiro, his successor in the same character, had his first audience of Her Majesty upon delivering his credentials to the King:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 4, 1834.

Whitehall, March 3, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to nominate and appoint the Right Honourable Lord Ponsonby, His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Sublime Ottoman Porte, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Crown-Office, March 1, 1834.

Days and places appointed for holding the Spring Assizes for the

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *Thomas Denman,* Knt. Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Baron *Vaughan.*

Buckinghamshire, Monday, March 3, at Aylesbury.
Bedfordshire, Thursday, March 6, at Bedford.
Huntingdonshire, Monday, March 10, at Huntingdon.
Cambridgeshire, Wednesday, March 12, at Cambridge.
Suffolk, Monday, March 17, at Bury St. Edmund's.
Norfolk, Saturday, March 22, at the Castle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of Norwich.

Crown-

Crown-Office, March 4, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Dudley.

Thomas Hawkes, of the borough of Dudley, and of Himley, in the county of Stafford, Esq. in the room of Sir John Campbell, Knt. who has accepted the office of His Majesty's Attorney General.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 7, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's,* the 5th day of *March* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order of His Majesty in Council, bearing date the ninth day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, made in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled " An Act to regulate the trade to China " and India," certain duties were imposed on British ships and goods on board thereof trading to Canton, and certain regulations thereon were made for

for the raising and application of the said duties; and whereas it is expedient that the said Order should be revoked, rescinded, annulled, and made void:

It is, therefore, ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, that the said Order be, and the same is, hereby revoked, rescinded, annulled, and made void.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *March* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

His Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint Gibbs Craufurd Antrobus, of Eaton, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county of Chester, in the room of William Astley, of Duckenfield, Esq.

Joseph Sawle Graves Sawle, of Penrice, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county of Cornwall, in the room of Charles Prideaux Brune, of Prideaux-place, Padstow, Esq.

And His Majesty was pleased to make the following amendment on the Roll:

Radnorshire, Parson, made Parsons.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *March* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This day the Right Honourable Sir John Bayley, Bart. was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

St. James's-Palace, March 5, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Eaton Travers, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Royal Hanoverion Guelphic Order.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 5, 1834.

The Reverend John Bathurst Schomberg has been appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, in the room of the Reverend Henry John Woollaston, deceased.

Crown-Office, March 6, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Burghs of Ayr, Irvine, Campbelltown, Inverary, and Oban.

The Right Honourable Patrick James Herbert Crichton Stuart, of Rosemount, commonly called Lord James Stuart, in the room of Thomas Francis Kennedy, Esq. who has accepted the office of Steward of the Manor of East Hendred.

Crown-Office, March 7, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Malton.

Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, Knt.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 11, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, March 11, 1834.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S DRAWING-ROOMS.

THE Ladies who propose to attend the Queen's Drawing-Rooms are requested to bring with them two cards with their names thereon written, one to be left with the Queen's Page in attendance in the Presence-Chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Queen's Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the names to Her Majesty. And those Ladies who are to be presented are hereby informed, that it is absolutely necessary that their names, with the name of the Lady who is to present them, should be sent in to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, three days before the Drawing-Room at which they are to be presented takes place, in order that they may be submitted for the Queen's approbation, it being Her Majesty's command, that no presentations at the Drawing-Room shall be made through the Lord Chamberlain, unless the name of the Lady presenting, with that of the Lady to be presented, shall appear on the card to be delivered, as before directed, corresponding with the names sent in to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen.

No Lady can be received by Her Majesty but in conformity with the above regulations.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 14, 1834.

Whitehall, March 14, 1834.

AN Address to the King from the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the city of Edinburgh, expressive of their devoted attachment to His Majesty's Person and Government, and of their unfeigned gratification on the passing of the great, salutary, and necessary measure of parliamentary reform, and the no less just and necessary measure of relief afforded to the people of Scotland, by the passing of the Municipal Reform Act, which restored to them their long denied rights and liberties, having been transmitted to Lord Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

St. James's-Palace, March 12, 1834.

This day had audiences of His Majesty:

The Count de Ludolf, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

And M. Garro, Minister Plenipotentiary from the United Mexican States, to deliver a letter from the President of those States:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, March 12, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Charles Edmund Nugent, Esq. Admiral of His Majesty's Fleet, and Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 18, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, March 14, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it will be necessary for all Ladies attending the Queen's Drawing-Rooms, to bring with them three cards with their names thereon written, one to be left with the Queen's Page in the Presence-Chamber, one to be given to the Lord in Waiting, who will announce the name to the King, and the third to the Queen's Lord Chamberlain, who will present the Lady to the Queen.

It is further required, that all Ladies who present others, should themselves be *actually present* at the Drawing-Room.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, March 15, 1834.

By command of His Majesty, notice is hereby given, that all carriages going to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's Palace, on Thursday the 20th of March, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's street, in Piccadilly, go down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, and come out of the

the Palace-yard by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, passing through the same gate as when they set down, and go away through Pall-mall

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, but must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for carriages of persons having the *entrée*, which are to proceed down Constitution-hill, and enter the Palace at the Stable-yard gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out at the gateway in Cleveland-row; turn to the left, and wait in Cleveland-row, the Stable-yard, or St. James's-park, till called for; then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away through the same gateway, and go up the left hand side of St. James's-street. The carriages of Ambassadors, the Ministers, and Great Officers of State, may remain in the Ambassadors'court till called for.

St. James's-Palace, March 17, 1834.

His Majesty has been most graciously pleased to command, that the Honourable Band of Gentlemen Pensioners shall be in future called, His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 17, 1834.

Sir John Mark Frederic Smith has been appointed Gentleman Usher of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Chamber in Ordinary, in the room of John Beaumont, Esq. deceased.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, March 18, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of the Chevalier de Cussy as Consul at Dublin for His Majesty the King of the French.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 21, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, March 21, 1834.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen will hold Drawing-Rooms, at St. James's-Palace, on the following days:

April,	Thursday,	17th.	
May,	Thursday,	15th.	
May,	Wednesday,	28th,	being for the celebration of the King's Birth-day.
June,	Thursday,	19th.	

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *March* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the "abolition of slavery throughout the British colonies; "for promoting the industry of the manumitted "slaves; and for compensating the persons hitherto "entitled to the services of such slaves," it is enacted, that from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all persons who, in conformity with the laws now in force in the said colonies respectively, shall, on or before the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, have been duly registered as slaves in any such colony, and who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be actually within any such colony, and who shall by such registries appear to be, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, of the full age of six years or upwards, shall, by force and virtue of the said Act, and without the previous execution of any indenture of apprenticeship, or other deed or instrument for that purpose, become and be apprenticed labourers; and whereas by the said Act it is further enacted that, subject to the obligations imposed by the said Act, or to be imposed as therein mentioned, upon such apprenticed labourers as aforesaid, all and every the persons who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be holden in slavery within any such British colony as aforesaid, shall, upon, and from, and after the said first

first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, become and be, to all intents and purposes, freed and disharged of and from all manner of slavery, and shall be absolutely and for ever manumitted; and that the children thereafter to be born to any such persons, and the offspring of such children, shall in like manner be free from their birth; and that from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, slavery shall be and is thereby utterly and for ever abolished and declared unlawful throughout the British colonies, plantations, and possessions abroad; and whereas by the said Act it is provided that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may raise the sum of twenty millions sterling towards compensating the persons entitled to the services of the slaves to be manumitted and set free by virtue of the said Act for the loss of such services:

And whereas in the said Act it is recited, that various rules and regulations are or may be necessary for the purposes therein specified, and that such regulations could not, without great inconvenience, be made, except by the respective Governors, Councils, and Assemblies, or other local Legislatures of the said respective colonies, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, in reference to those colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends: And it is, therefore, by the said Act enacted and declared, that nothing in the said Act contained should extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the enactment by the respective Governors, Councils, and Assemblies, or by such other local Legislatures as aforesaid, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, of any such Acts of General Assembly, or Ordinances, or Orders in Council, as might be requisite for making and establishing such several rules and regulations as aforesaid, or any of them,

 or

or for carrying the same, or any of them, into full and complete effect:

And whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that no part of the said sum of twenty millions sterling shall be applied, or shall be applicable, to the purposes therein aforesaid, for the benefit of any person entitled to the services of any slave in any of the colonies therein aforesaid, unless an Order shall have been first made by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in such colony for giving effect to the said Act, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned; nor unless a copy of such Order in Council, duly certified by one of the Clerks in Ordinary of His Majesty's Privy Council, shall, by the Lord President of the Council, have been transmitted to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or to the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, for their or his guidance or information; and every such Order shall be published three several times in the London Gazette, and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within six weeks next after the date thereof, if Parliament shall be then in session, and if not, within six weeks from the then next ensuing session of Parliament:

And whereas in order to carry into effect the objects of the said recited Act, an Act hath been passed by the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Jamaica, intituled "An Act for the "abolition of slavery in this island, in consideration "of compensation, and for promoting the industry "of the manumitted slaves; and to declare the fifty-"second George Third, cap. one hundred and fifty-"five, in force in this island."

And whereas by the said Act of the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Jamaica it is enacted, that from and after the first day of August

one

one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all persons who, in conformity with the laws in force in the said island, shall, on or before the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, have been duly registered as slaves in the said island, and who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be actually within the said island, and who shall, by such registries, appear to be, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, of the full age of six years or upwards, shall, by force and virtue of the Act now in recital, and without the previous execution of any indenture of apprenticeship, or other deed or instrument for that purpose, become and be apprenticed labourers:

And whereas by the said Act now in recital, the same obligations are imposed on the said apprenticed labourers as are imposed upon them by the said Act of Parliament: And by the said Act now in recital, it is further enacted, that subject to the obligations imposed thereby upon such apprenticed labourers, all and every the persons who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be holden in slavery within the said island, shall, upon, and from, and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, become and be, to all intents and purposes, free and discharged of and from all manner of slavery, and shall be absolutely and for ever manumitted; and that the children thereafter to be born to any such persons, and the offspring of such children, shall, in like manner, be freed from their birth; and that from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, slavery shall be and is thereby utterly and for ever abolished and declared unlawful in the said island of Jamaica:

And whereas His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of His Council, hath by an Order in Council, bearing even date herewith, been pleased to

 con-

confirm the said Act of the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Jamaica; and whereas the said Act of the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Jamaica doth contain divers further and supplementary enactments, establishing rules and regulations for the purposes hereinbefore mentioned to be specified in the said recited Act of Parliament, and it is considered by His Majesty in Council, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the island of Jamaica for giving effect to the said reeited Act of Parliament by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned according to the true intent and meaning of the said Act:

His Majesty is therefore pleased, by and with the adviee of His Privy Council, to declare, and it is hereby declared, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the island of Jamaica for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament by such further and supplementary enactments as therein are mentioned:

And the Right Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne, the President of His Majesty's Privy Council, and the Right Honourable Edward G. S. Stanley, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *March* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, c. 57, intituled "An Act to "empower His Majesty to suspend the training, and "to regulate the quotas, of the militia," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders in Council, to suspend the calling out of the militia of the United Kingdom, or of any part of the United Kingdom, or of any county, riding, shire, stewartry, city, town, or place, for the purpose of being trained and exercised in any year, and to order and direct that no training or exercising of the militia of the United Kingdom, or of any part of the United Kingdom, or of any county or counties, riding or ridings, shire or shires, stewartry or stewartries, city or cities, town or towns, or place or places, specified in any such Order or Orders in Council, shall take place in any year, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the militia to the contrary notwithstanding: and whereas it is deemed expedient, that such training or exercising should be dispensed with in the present year; it is ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, that the calling out of the militia of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, for the purpose of being trained and exercised in the present year, be suspended; and that no training or exercising of the said militia do take place in the present year.

C. C. Greville.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *March* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the thirty-first of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, in the words following, viz.

HAVING had under our consideration the several existing modes in which the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy by your Majesty's ships or vessels of war, and of captures and seizures made by such ships and vessels, under the several Acts passed for the prevention of smuggling and other Acts relating to your Majesty's Revenue of Customs, and to Trade and Navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, and of the rewards which have been conferred for the same, have been distributed to the several ranks and classes of officers and men serving on board your Majesty's said ships and vessels, which distribution differs in all of them and from each other, and being of opinion that an alteration in the several modes at present in force would be productive of beneficial effects to the Naval Service, if the whole were arranged under one uniform system by equalising the mode of distributing the said proceeds and rewards; and having had at the same time under our consideration the great disproportion in the present mode of distribution between the higher ranks of officers and the warrant and two classes of petty-officers, seamen, and marines, and being also of opinion that it would bestow upon your Majesty's Naval Service a most important benefit and tend greatly

greatly to the encouragement of petty officers and able seamen entering voluntarily on board your Majesty's ships of war if the shares of the proceeds and rewards above mentioned were considerably increased beyond what those valuable officers and men do now receive.

We would, therefore, most humbly submit, that your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by your Order in Council, to cause the Royal Proclamation of the twenty-ninth of June one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for granting the distribution of the proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and the Order in Council of the thirtieth June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, for the distribution of the proceeds and rewards arising from the several other captures and seizures before mentioned, to be annulled, and that in lieu thereof your Majesty would cause your Royal Proclamation to issue, directing the distribution of the proceeds of all such captures and seizures and rewards henceforth to be made and conferred among the officers, seamen, and marines of your Majesty's Fleet in the manner following, viz.

First.—By taking a reasonable sum from the flag-officers, captains, and commanders, and commanding officers' shares of two eighths, as at present allowed, and adding it to the shares of the other commissioned and warrant and petty officers, seamen, and marines.

Secondly.—By giving to the flag-officers, captains, and commanders, and commanding officers, definite shares of the whole sum to be distributed respectively, without making the flag-officers' share dependent on that of the captains and commanders.

Thirdly.—By giving to the first lieutenant or commander doing the duty of a first lieutenant (where there is any), a specific number of shares.

Fourthly.—By adding a third class of petty officers, and dividing the boys into two classes, by which the pre-

present number of classes, namely eight, will be increased to ten.

Fifthly.—By throwing the whole, after deducting the parts allotted to the flag officers, captains, and commanders, into specific shares to each individual of the several classes, instead of appropriating a fractional portion to each class collectively.

Should your Majesty be graciously pleased to accede to these general principles, we would humbly submit that the flag officer or officers should have one sixteenth part of the whole net proceeds arising from prizes captured from the enemy, and from all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by the ships and vessels under his command, and of the rewards conferred for the same, save and except as hereinfter mentioned.

That the captain or captains, or commanders, of any of your Majesty's ships or sloops of war, or the officer or officers respectively commanding such ships or sloops of war, who shall have been actually on board at the time of any such capture or seizure, shall have one sixth part of the remainder, and where there is no flag officer, one sixth part of the whole.

That the remainder should be distributed into shares according to the annexed scale:

First class.—To the senior lieutenant, from first to fifth rates inclusive, or the commander acting as first lieutenant (where there is one), the master of the fleet and field officer of marine (if embarked)—fifty-five shares each.

Second class.—To the other lieutenants, captain of marines, master, physician of the fleet, and secretary to the commander in chief—forty-five shares each.

Third class.—To the chaplain, surgeon, and other flag-officers, secretaries, purser, lieutenants of marines, boatswain, gunner, and carpenter—twenty-five shares each.

Fourth class.—To mates, second master, assist-

ant

ant surgeons, schoolmaster, clerks, master at arms—eighteen shares each.

Fifth class.—To midshipmen, master's assistant, admiral's coxwain, ship's corporal, captain's coxwain, quartermaster, gunners' and boatswains' mates, captains of forecastle and hold, coxwain of launch, caulker, sail-maker, carpenters' mates, armourer, captains of main and fore-tops, serjeant of marines—ten shares each.

Sixth class.—To captains of masts and afterguard, yeomen of signals, coxwain of pinnace, sail-makers', caulkers', and armourers' mates, cooper, rope-maker, volunteers of first class, ship's cook, corporals of marines—eight shares each.

Seventh class.—To seamen, gunners, gunners' crew, carpenters', coopers', and sail-makers' crews, able seamen, yeomen of store-room, private and fifer of marines above seven years—five shares each.

Eighth class—To cook's mate, barber, ordinary seamen, captains' and pursers' and ward-room stewards, captains' and ward-room cooks, private and fifer of marines, under seven years, and admiral's steward, cook and domestics—three shares each.

Ninth class.—To landsmen, stewards' mates, and others not described, including supernumeraries for victuals only, boys of first class—two shares each.

Tenth class.—To boys of the second class—half a share each.

When land forces are embarked to serve as marines, they are to share according to their respective ranks as marines.

Secondly.—In the cases of prizes captured from the enemy, and all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by the officers and men of cutters, schooners, brigs, and other armed vessels of war commanded by lieutenants, when not in company with other ships commanded by captains or commanders, the said lieutenants to share as captains; and where more small vessels than one shall be

together, the lieutenants shall have equal shares of the one sixth part.

But a lieutenant or lieutenants commanding small vessels, when in company with captains or commanders, shall share only as commanders doing duty as first lieutenants, or first lieutenants of first to fifth rates inclusive, namely :—they shall have fifty-five shares.

The remainder to be shared as in the foregoing scale, with the exception of the clerk in charge, who is to share as purser, but if a ship or vessel bearing a purser be present, he is to share only as a clerk.

Thirdly.—In all cases in which supernumeraries, whether officers or men, shall be borne by order of the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, or by other proper authority, they shall share with the respective ranks in which they may be acting; save and except, that no flag-officer or other person, not actually present at the capture or destruction of any pirate vessel, shall be entitled to share in any distribution of the proceeds or bounty in respect of the crews of such piratical ships, vessels, and boats; and also save and except, that no flag-officer or other person, who shall not have been actually on board of any of your Majesty's ships, or ships of war, at the actual taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any ship or ships of war, or privateers, belonging to the enemy, shall be entitled to share in the distribution of any head or bounty-money granted as a reward for the taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any such ship or vessel.

Fourthly.—The following regulations to be established with respect to the share before mentioned, be given to the flag-officer or officers under whose command the capturing ship may be.

That a captain, commander, or commanding officer of a ship or vessel shall be deemed to be under

under the command of a flag when he shall have actually received some order from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, a flag-officer; and in the event of his being directed to join a flag-officer on any station, he shall be deemed to be under the command of such flag-officer from the time when he arrives within the limits of the station, and shall be considered to continue under the command of the flag-officer of such station, until he shall have received some order directly from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, some other flag-officer duly authorised, or by the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being.

That a flag-officer, commander in chief, where there is but one flag-officer upon service, shall have to his own use the one sixteenth part of the proceeds of all prizes captured from the enemy, and all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by ships and vessels under his command, and of the rewards conferred for the same, save and except as aforesaid.

That when ships or vessels under the command of several flags which belong to separate stations shall happen to be joint captors, each flag-officer under whose orders the ships or vessels are, shall receive such proportion of the flag share to which he shall be entitled, according to the number of ships belonging to each respectively.

Captains or commanders, or commanding officers, of such ships or vessels as shall be under orders from the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, being joint captors with other ships or vessels, under a flag or flags, the flag-officer is only to have his proportion of the flag share according to the number of ships belonging to his squadron.

That if a flag-officer be sent to command in the ports of the United Kingdom he shall have no share

 in

in the prizes captured from the enemy, nor in the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by ships or vessels which have sailed, or shall sail, from that port by order of the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, nor in the rewards conferred for the same.

That when more flag-officers than one shall be serving together, the one sixteenth part of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and of the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by any ships or vessels of the fleet or squadron, and of the rewards conferred for the same, shall be divided in the following proportions, namely:

If there be but two flag-officers, the chief shall have two third parts of the said one sixteenth, and the other shall have the remaining third part; but if the number of flag-officers be more than two, the chief shall have only one half, and the other half shall be equally divided amongst the junior flag-officers.

That commodores of the first class and captains of the fleet shall be esteemed as flag-officers.

With regard to the preparation of the lists for the distribution of captures or seizures, and the rewards conferred for the same, we beg leave most humbly to propose, that the captains and commanders of your Majesty's ships and vessels of war shall, on making any capture or seizure, transmit, as soon as may be, or cause to be transmitted, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, a true and perfect list of all the officers, seamen, marines and soldiers, and others, who were actually on board your Majesty's ships and vessels of war under their command at the time of the said capture or seizure, and also of those who were absent on duty at such time; which list shall contain the quality of the service of each person on board, together with the description of the men, taken from the description books of the capturing ships or vessels, and their several ratings, and be sub-

subscribed by the captain or commanding officer and three or more of the chief officers on board.

And when such lists shall have been duly examined with the muster books of such ships or vessels, and lists annexed thereto, in order to see that such lists agree with such muster books and annexed lists, as to the names, qualities, or ratings of the officers, seamen, marines, soldiers, and others, belonging to such ships and vessels, and, upon request, the Accountant-General of the Navy, or examining officer, shall forthwith grant a certificate, signed by such officer, of the truth of any lists so transmitted to the agents nominated and appointed by the captors or seizors; and also, upon application, the said Accountant-General, or examining officer, shall give, or cause to be given, to the said agents all such lists from the muster books of any such ships and vessels, and annexed lists, as the said agents shall find requisite for their direction in making distribution to the parties entitled to share in the produce of such captures and seizures, and the rewards conferred for the same, and shall otherwise be aiding and assisting to the said agents in all such matters as shall be necessary.

Lastly.—In case any difficulty shall arise in respect to any of the regulations hereby proposed, and not herein sufficiently provided for, the same shall be referred to the Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, for the time being, and their directions thereupon shall be final, and have the same force and effect as if specially provided for in your Majesty's Royal Proclamation.

His Majesty having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve thereof, and also of the scheme for future distribution therein submitted; and His Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is hereby pleased to direct, that the aforesaid Proclamation

tion of the twenty-ninth of June one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for granting the distribution of the proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and the said Order in Council of the thirtieth of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, for the distribution of the proceeds and rewards arising from the several other captures and seizures beforementioned, be annulled, and the same are hereby annulled accordingly, save and except in so far as the said Proclamation or Order may have revoked any former Proclamation or Proclamations, Order or Orders respectively, and also save and except as to any captures or seizures which have been made before the day of the date of this Order, and any captures or seizures which shall be made after that day, and which shall be condemned or adjudged in any of His Majesty's Courts of Vice-Admiralty, before notice of this Order shall have been received by the Court of Vice-Admiralty in which such condemnation or adjudication shall pass, and that the proceeds of all such last-mentioned captures and seizures, together with all rewards conferred for the same, shall continue to be distributed in the proportions and manner directed in and by the said former Proclamation and Order respectively.

C. C. Greville.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS by Our Order in Council of this day's date, We were graciously pleased, for the reasons therein contained, to annul Our Royal Proclamation of the twenty-ninth of June one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for granting the distri-

tribution of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and also Our Order in Council of the thirtieth of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, for the distribution of the net proceeds of captures and seizures made by our ships and vessels of war, under the several Acts passed for the prevention of smuggling, and other Acts relating to Our Revenue of Customs and to Trade and Navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, and of the rewards which have been conferred for the same; and it is expedient that provision should be made by Us for the future distribution of such proceeds and rewards, We do now make known to all our loving subjects, and all others whom it may concern, by this Our Proclamation, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council, that Our will and pleasure is, and We do hereby direct, that the distribution of such proceeds and rewards shall be made in the following manner, viz.

That the flag-officer or officers shall have one sixteenth part of the whole net proceeds arising from prizes captured from the enemy, and from all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by the ships and vessels under his command, and of the rewards conferred for the same, save and except as hereinafter provided and directed.

That the captain or captains, or commanders, of any of Our ships or sloops of war, or the officer or officers respectively commanding such ships or sloops of war, who shall have been actually on board at the time of any such capture or seizure, shall have one sixth part of the remainder, and where there is no flag-officer one sixth part of the whole.

That the remainder shall be distributed into shares according to the annexed scale.

First class.—To the senior lieutenant, from first to fifth rates inclusive, or the commander acting as first lieutenant (where there is one), the master of the

the fleet, and field officer of marine (if embarked)—fifty-five shares each.

Second class.—To the other lieutenants, captain of marines, master, physician of the fleet, and secretary to the commander in chief—forty-five shares each.

Third class.—To the chaplain, surgeon, and other flag-officers, secretaries, purser, lieutenants of marines, boatswain, gunner, and carpenter—twenty-five shares each.

Fourth class.—To mates, second master, assistant-surgeon, schoolmaster, clerks, master at arms—eighteen shares each.

Fifth class.—To midshipmen, master's assistant, admiral's coxswain, ship's corporal, captain's coxswain, quartermaster, gunners' and boatswains' mates, captains of forecastle and hold, coxswain of launch, caulker, sail-maker, carpenters' mates, armourer, captains of main and fore-tops, serjeant of marines—ten shares each.

Sixth class.—To captains of masts and afterguard, yeoman of signals, coxswain of pinnace, sail-makers', caulkers', and armourers' mates, cooper, rope-maker, volunteers of first class, ship's cook, corporals of marines—eight shares each.

Seventh class.—To seamen gunners, gunners' crew, carpenters, cookers', and sail-makers' crews, able seamen, yeomen of store-room, private and fifer of marines, above seven years—five shares each.

Eighth class.—To cook's mate, barber, ordinary seamen, captain's and purser's and ward-room stewards, captain's and ward room cooks, private and fifer of marines, under seven years, and admiral's steward, cook, and domestics.—three shares each.

Ninth class.—To landsmen, stewards' mates, and others not described, including supernumeraries for victuals only, boys of first class—two shares each.

Tenth class.—To boys of the second class—half a share each.

When land forces are embarked to serve as ma-

marines—they are to share according to their respective ranks as marines.

Secondly.—In the cases of prizes captured from the enemy, and all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by the officers and men of cutters, schooners, brigs and other armed vessels of war, commanded by lieutenants, when not in company with other ships commanded by captains or commanders, the said lieutenants to share as captains, and where more small vessels than one shall be together, the lieutenants shall have equal shares of the one sixth part.

But a lieutenant or lieutenants commanding small vessels, when in company with captains or commanders, shall share only as commanders doing duty as first lieutenants, or first lieutenants of first to fifth rates inclusive, namely,—they shall have fifty-five shares.

The remainder to be shared as in the foregoing scale, with the exception of the clerk in charge, who is to share as purser, but if a ship or vessel bearing a purser be present, he is to share only as a clerk.

Thirdly.—In all cases in which supernumeraries, whether officers or men, shall be borne by order of the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, or by other proper authority, they shall share with the respective ranks in which they may be acting: Provided always, and We do hereby direct, that no flag officer or other person not actually present at the capture or destruction of any pirate vessel, shall be entitled to share in any distribution of the proceeds or bounty in respect of the crews of such piratical ships, vessels, and boats; and also that no flag officer or other person who shall not have been actually on board of any of Our ships, or ships of war, at the actual taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any ship or ships of war, or privateers, belonging to the enemy, shall be entitled to share in

the distribution of any head or bounty-money granted as a reward for the taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any such ship or vessel.

Fourthly.—The following regulations are to be established with respect to the share before mentioned, to be given to the flag-officer or officers under whose command the capturing ship may be.

That a captain, commander, or commanding officer of a ship or vessel, shall be deemed to be under the command of a flag when he shall have actually received some order from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, a flag-officer; and in the event of his being directed to join a flag-officer on any station, he shall be deemed to be under the command of such flag-officer from the time when he arrives within the limits of the station, and shall be considered to continue under the command of the flag-officer of such station, until he shall have received some order directly from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, some other flag-officer duly authorised, or by the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being.

That a flag-officer, commander in chief, where there is but one flag-officer upon service, shall have to his own use the one sixteenth part of the proceeds of all prizes captured from the enemy, and of all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by ships and vessels under his command, and of the rewards conferred for the same, save and except as hereinbefore provided and directed.

That when ships or vessels under the command of several flags which belong to separate stations, shall happen to be joint captors, each flag-officer under whose orders the ships or vessels are, shall receive such proportion of the flag share to which he, shall be entitled according to the number of ships belonging to each respectively.

Captains or commanders, or commanding officers of

of such ships or vessels as shall be under orders from the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, being joint captors with other ships or vessels under a flag or flags, the flag-officer is only to have his proportion of the flag share according to the number of ships belonging to his squadron.

That if a flag-officer be sent to command in the ports of the United Kingdom, he shall have no share in the prizes captured from the enemy, nor in the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by ships or vessels which have sailed, or shall sail, from that port by order of the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, nor in the rewards conferred for the same.

That when more flag-officers than one shall be serving together, the one sixteenth part of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and of the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by any ships or vessels of the fleet or squadron, and of the rewards conferred for the same, shall be divided in the following proportions, namely:

If there be but two flag-officers, the chief shall have two third parts of the said one sixteenth, and the other shall have the remaining third part; but if the number of flag-officers be more than two, the chief shall have only one half, and the other half shall be equally divided amongst the junior flag-officers.

That commodores of the first class and captains of the fleet shall be esteemed as flag-officers.

And We do hereby further direct, that the captains and commanders of Our ships and vessels of war shall, on making any capture or seizure, transmit, as soon as may be, or cause to be transmitted, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, a true and perfect list of all the officers, seamen, marines and soldiers, and others, who were actually on board Our ships

 and

and vessels of war under their command, at the time of the said capture or seizure, and also of those who were absent on duty at such time; which list shall contain the quality of the service of each person on board, together with the description of the men, taken from the description books of the capturing ships or vessels, and their several ratings, and be subscribed by the captain or commanding officer, and three or more of the chief officers on board:

And We do hereby further direct, that when such lists shall have been duly examined with the muster books of such ships or vessels, and lists annexed thereto, in order to see that such lists agree with such muster books, and annexed lits, as to the names, qualities, or ratings of the officers, seamen, marines, soldiers, and others, belonging to such ships and vessels, and, upon request, the Accountant-General of Our Navy, or examining officer, shall forthwith grant a certificate, signed by such officer, of the truth of any lists so transmitted to the agents nominated and appointed by the captors or seizors; and also, upon application, the said Accountant-General, or examining officer, shall give, or cause to be given, to the said agents all such lists from the muster books of any such ships and vessels, and annexed lists, as the said agents shall find requisite for their direction in making distribution to the parties entitled to share in the produce of such captures and seizures, and the rewards conferred for the same, and shall otherwise be aiding and assisting to the said agents in all such matters as shall be necessary.

And We do direct that in case any difficulty shall arise in respect to any of the regulations hereby proposed, and not herein sufficiently provided for, the same shall be referred to Our Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, and their directions thereupon shall be final and have the same force and effect

effect as if specially provided for in this Our Royal Proclamation:

Provided always, and We do hereby direct, that the distribution hereinbefore made, or directed to be made, shall not be construed to affect any captures or seizures made before the day of the date of this Our Royal Proclamation, nor any captures or seizures which shall be made after that day, and which shall be condemned or adjudged in any of Our Courts of Vice Admiralty, before notice of this Our Proclamation shall have been received by the Court of Vice-Admiralty in which such condemnation or adjudication shall pass; and We do hereby, lastly, direct, that the proceeds of all such captures and seizures made before the date of this Our Royal Proclamation, or which will be made after that day, and shall be condemned or adjudged in any of Our Courts of Vice-Admiralty antecedent to the notice of this Our Royal Proclamation having been received in such Courts, together with all rewards aforesaid, shall continue to be distributed in the proportions and manner directed in and by Our said former Proclamation and Order respectively.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the nineteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the fourth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

St. James's-Palace, March 19, 1834.

This day M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, had his first audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, March 20, 1834.

This day M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, had his first audience of Her Majesty:

To which he was introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, March 19, 1834.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of Major-General Sir Arthur Brooke with the Ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.*

By command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir Arthur Brooke was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders, bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The

The sword of state was thereupon delivered to His Majesty, and the Major-General, kneeling, was knighted therewith; after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms, on his knee, presenting to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was graciously pleased to invest Sir Arthur Brooke therewith.

The Major-General having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, retired from the Royal Presence with the usual reverences.

St. James's-Palace, March 19, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General Lorenzo Moore, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 25, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 25, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will *not* hold a Levee on Wednesday the 2d, or on Wednesday the 9th of April next.

White-

Whitehall, March 22, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto the Right Honourable Sir Thomas Denman, Knt. Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Denman, of Dovedale, in the county of Derby.

St. James's-Palace, February 26, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Charles Christopher Pepys, Esq. His Majesty's Solicitor General.

Whitehall, March 29, 1834.

The King, taking into His royal consideration that, upon the decease of James Baron Somerville, of that part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, the title and dignity of Baron Somerville descended to his nephew and heir, John-Southey Somerville, as eldest son and heir of Hugh Somerville, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Hugh Somerville, who was the only brother of the said James Baron Somerville, and, in his lifetime and at the time of his death, heir presumptive to the Barony of Somerville; and that, upon the decease of the said John-Southey Baron Somerville, the said title and dignity devolved unto Mark now Baron Somerville, as next brother and heir of the said John-Southey Baron Somerville; but that, according to the ordinary rules of

of honour, the brothers and sisters of the said Mark Baron Somerville cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their said father, Hugh Somerville, had survived the said James Baron Somerville, and thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity; His Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Kenelm Somerville, Esq. a Captain in the Royal Navy; the Reverend William Somerville, Clerk, Rector of Aston Somerville, in the county of Gloucester; Mary Digby, wife of the Reverend Charles Digby, Clerk, Canon of Windsor; Frances Somerville, spinster; and Dame Julia-Valenza Head, wife of Sir Francis-Bond Head, Knt. a Major in the Army, and Knight of the Prussian Military Order of Merit, and of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order; brothers and sisters of the said Mark Baron Somerville, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their said late father, Hugh Somerville, had succeeded to the said title and dignity of Baron Somerville:

And His Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His College of Arms.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 25, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 26th day of March 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint Harry Edmund Waller, of Farmington, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county of Gloucester, in the room of Josiah Gist, of Wormington Grange, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 28, 1834.

Westminster, March 26, 1834.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of fourteen millions by Exchequer Bills for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty until the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five certain duties on offices and pensions for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and to appropriate any sums arising from the redemption of the land tax.

An Act to apply a sum of seven millions, out of

the Consolidated Fund, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty until the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five certain duties on sugar imported into the United Kingdom, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

An Act to apply certain sums to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

An Act to indemnify such persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and for extending the time limited for those purposes respectively until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to permit such persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file affidavits of the execution of indentures of clerks to attorneys and solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the first day of Hilary Term one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and to allow persons to make and file such affidavits although the persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their annual certificates.

An Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

An Act for the regulation of His Majesty's royal marine forces while on shore.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the last session, for consolidating and amending the laws relative to jurors and juries in Ireland.

An Act to repeal, at the period within mentioned, so much of an Act, passed in the fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to alter certain rates of postage, and to amend, explain, and enlarge several provisions in an Act, made in the ninth year of the reign of Queen Anne, and in other Acts, relating to the revenue

venue of the post office," as authorised the taking of certain rates of inland postage within His Majesty's Dominions in North America.

An Act for continuing until the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, the several Acts for regulating the turnpike-roads in Great Britain, which will expire with the present or the next session of Parliament.

An Act to empower the Liverpool Oil Gas Light Company, to produce gas from coal and other materials, and to amend the Act relating to the said company.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for making and maintaing a railway or tram-road from or near the city of Bristol to Coal-pit-heath, in the parish of Westerleigh, in the county of Gloucester.

An Act to enlarge and amend the powers and provisions of an Act relating to the St. Helen's and Runcorn Gap Railway Company.

An Act for building a bridge over Stoke, otherwise Haslar Lake, which separates Gosport from Haslar, both in the parish of Alverstoke, in the county of Southampton, and for making approaches thereto.

An Act for better assessing the poor and other rates on small tenements, within the parish of Sculcoates, in the east riding of the county of York.

An Act to repeal an Act passed for better assessing and recovering the poor and other rates upon small tenements, within the parish of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act to alter, amend, enlarge, and extend the powers and provisions of an Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of Lambeth Water-works to supply the inhabitants of the parish of Lambeth, and

and parts adjacent, in the county of Surrey, with water.

An Act for removing the markets held in the High and Fore-street, and other places, within the city of Exeter, and for providing other markets in lieu thereof.

An Act for enabling the Ocean Assurance Company to sue and be sued in the name of the Chairman for the time being, or of any one of the Directors of the said Company.

An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining the road from Crouch-hill, in the parish of Henfield, to Ubley's-corner, in the parish of Albourne, and from the King's Head Inn, in Albourne, through the town of Hurstperpoint, to the cross roads in the town of Ditcheling, and also for making and maintaining a branch of road from the town of Hurstperpoint to Poynings-common, all in the county of Sussex.

An Act for making a turnpike-road from Minsterley, in the county of Salop, to the turnpike-road leading from Bishop's-castle, in the said county of Salop, to Churchstoke, in the county of Montgomery.

And one private Act.

St. James's-Palace, March 26, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon James Nicoll M'Adam, Esq. of Whitehall, and of Tindon End, in the county of Essex.

Crown-

Crown-Office, March 27, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Thirsk.

Samuel Crompton, of Wood End, in the county of York, Esq. in the room of Sir Robert Frankland, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Town of Paisley.

Sir Daniel Keyte Sandford, Knt. D.C.L. in the room of Sir John Maxwell, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 1, 1834.

Windsor-Castle, March 27, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Captain John Woolmore, Deputy Master of the Trinity-house.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 4, 1834.

Whitehall, March 26, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to grant unto James-Edward Alexander, Esq. Captain in the 42d (or the Royal Highland) Regiment of Foot, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia, of the third class, of the Royal Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, which the Shah of Persia has been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of his approbation of his services in the field in the year 1826, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that His Majesty's said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 8, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 8, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levee will be held on Wednesday the 16th instant, at two o'clock.

[To be substituted for the notice which appeared in the Gazette of Tuesday the 1st of April.]

Windsor-Castle, March 27, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Captain John Woolmore, Deputy Master of the Trinity-house, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 11, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, April 9, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday next the 17th instant.

The cards of those Ladies who are to be presented to Her Majesty, must be sent in to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, before two o'clock on Tuesday the 15th instant.

Whitehall, April 9, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing Charles Earl Grey, K.G.; the Right Honourable John Charles Spencer (commonly called Viscount Althorp); Robert Vernon Smith, Esq.; Francis Thornhill Baring, Esq.; the Honourable George Ponsonby; and Robert Graham, Esq.; to be Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

White-

Whitehall, April 9, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appiont Rear-Admiral Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy, Bart. G. C. B. to be Master of His Majesty's Hospital at Greenwich, in the county of Kent, and also one of the Commissioners or Governors thereof, in the room of Admiral Sir Richard Goodwin Keats, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 15, 1834.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, April 12, 1834.

BY command of His Majesty, notice is hereby given, that all carriages going to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 17th of April, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, in Piccadilly, go down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Areade, and come out of the Palace-yard by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, passing through the same gate as when they set down, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come

within the iron gates, but must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for carriages of persons having the *entrée*, which are to proceed down Constitution-hill, and enter the Palace at the Stable-yard gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out at the gateway in Cleveland-row; turn to the left, and wait in Cleveland-row, the Stable-yard, or St. James's-park, till called for; then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away through the same gateway, and go up the left hand side of St. James's-street. The carriages of Ambassadors, the Ministers, and Great Officers of State, may remain in the Ambassadors' court till called for.

Whitehall, April, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral Sir George Martin, G. C. B. the office or place of Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, and also Lieutenant of the Navies and Seas of the said United Kingdom, in the room of Admiral Sir Edward Thornbrough, deceased.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, G. C. B. the office or place of Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Admiralty thereof, and also of Rear-Admiral of the Navies and Seas of the said United Kingdom, in the room of Admiral Sir George Martin, appointed Vice-Admiral of the said United Kingdom.

[This

[This article is to be substituted for that which appeared in last Friday's Gazette.]

Whitehall, April 9, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint Rear-Admiral Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy, Bart. G. C. B. to be Master of His Majesty's Hospital at Greenwich, in the county of Kent, in the room of Admiral Sir Richard Goodwin Keats, deceased.

Downing-Street, April 15, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint Colonel Sir Dudley St. Leger Hill to be Lieutenant Governor of the Island of St. Lucia.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 18, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 17, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Knights of the several Orders are to wear their Collars at His Majesty's next Levee, on Wednesday the 23d instant, being a Collar-day.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 16th day of *April* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Sir Robert Graham, Knt. was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Council-Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 17th day of *April* 1834,

By a Committee of the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty under the authority of an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the abolition "of slavery throughout the British colonies; for "promoting the industry of the manumitted slaves; "and for compensating the persons hitherto entitled "to the services of such slaves;" have transmitted to the Lord President of the Council certain general rules framed by the said Commissioners, under the 47th and 55th clauses of the said Act; and whereas the said rules have been laid by the Lord President of the Council before His Majesty in Council, who has been pleased to refer the same to this Committee:

It is, thereupon, ordered by their Lordships, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, that the said rules (which are hereunto annexed) be published three times in the London Gazette:

And

And their Lordships are pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that all persons interested in or affected by such general rules may, within six months from this date, appeal against any such rules to His Majesty in Council.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Office of Commissioners of Compensation,
March 31, 1834.

GENERAL RULES *under the 47th and 55th Clauses of the Act, 3d and 4th Will. 4, c. 73.*

WHEREAS by an Act, of the 3d and 4th Will. 4, c. 73, intituled "An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;" the Commissioners to be appointed thereby for apportioning and distributing the compensation provided by the said Act, are authorised and required by the 47th clause to institute certain enquiries for the purpose of regulating the apportionment within the several colonies of that part of the general compensation fund which shall be assigned to each of the said colonies; and the said Commissioners are especially directed to have regard to the relative value of prædial slaves and of unattached slaves in every such colony, and to distinguish such slaves, whether prædial or unattached, into distinct classes; and, with all practicable precision, to ascertain and fix the average value of a slave in each of the said classes:

And whereas we the undersigned, Commissioners appointed by His Majesty under the authority of the said Act for enquiring into and deciding upon the claims to compensation which may be preferred under the said Act, after making the enquiries thereby directed, have ordered a return of the number of slaves

slaves and estimated value thereof in each of the said colonies to be made, according to the classes and in the form hereunto annexed, marked (A):

And whereas the said Commissioners are further required by the said 47th clause, to draw up and frame all such general rules, regard being had to the laws and usages in force in each colony respectively, as to them may seem best adapted for securing the just and equitable distribution of the said funds amongst or for the benefit of the several persons entitled thereto, and for the protection of such funds, and for the appointment and indemnification of trustees; now, therefore, we, the undersigned Commissioners, have, in obedience to such directions, drawn up and framed the following

RULES:

1. That the party or parties who shall be in possession as owner or owners of any slave or slaves, and shall appear as such by the latest returns made in the office of the Registrar of Slaves under the Registry Acts in the respective colonies, shall be deemed *primâ facie* the rightful owner or owners thereof respectively, and *primâ facie* entitled to the compensation monies to be awarded in respect thereof.

2. That in respect to all persons who, as owners or creditors, legatees or annuitants, may have any joint or common interest in any slave or slaves, or may be entitled to or interested in any slave or slaves, either in possession, remainder, reversion, or expectancy, the compensation monies to be awarded in respect of such slave or slaves shall be deemed to be of the same nature, and impressed with the same character for all purposes whatsoever, so far as the same can be so taken and applied, as the slave or slaves in respect of whom such monies shall be allotted, and shall be subject to the same rules of distribution, and to the same charges and liabilities,

as

as the same slave or slaves respectively would have been subject to according to the several estates and interests of the parties entitled thereto, and agreeably to the law and usage of the particular colony in which such slave or slaves may be registered or settled.

3. That the compensation monies to be awarded in respect of any slave or slaves, subject to any trusts or powers whatsoever, shall be subject to the same trusts or powers in all respects as the same slave or slaves were subject to.

4. That in cases in which any such compensation monies, or any interest therein, shall belong to or be vested in any married woman, infant, lunatic, or person of insane or unsound mind, or person beyond the seas, or labouring under any other legal or natural disability or incapacity, for the protection of whose rights and interests it may be necessary to make provision, and in all other cases in which it may appear to be necessary for protecting any estates or interests, and securing the due application of the compensation monies to be awarded in respect thereof, the Commissioners shall direct the appointment of Trustees to be nominated on behalf of the parties interested, and to be approved by the Commissioners, and shall cause the necessary deeds to be prepared for declaring the rights and interests of the parties and the trusts and limitations in pursuance thereof, together with all necessary provisions for the indemnity of the Trustees; and shall direct the compensation monies to be invested in the public funds in the names of such Trustees, for the benefit of the parties entitled thereto, in pursuance of such trusts and according to such respective rights and interests.

5. That in case of the death of any person entitled to such compensation monies who may die intestate before the award of such compensation, the succession to such monies shall be the same as the succes-

sion to the slave or slaves in respect of whom the compensation shall be allotted, according to the law of the particular colony in which such slave or slaves were registered or settled.

6. That the apportionment of the compensation monies amongst the persons seized of or entitled to, or having any mortgage, charge, incumbrance, judgment, or lien upon, or any claim to, or right or interest in, any slave or slaves to be manumitted by the said Act, at the time of such their manumission, shall be made according to the priority which such mortgage, charge, incumbrance, judgment, or lien, claim, right, or interest, may respectively have in or upon such slave or slaves according to the laws and usages in force in the particular colony in which such slave or slaves may be registered or settled.

7. That in all cases in which the slave or slaves in respect of whom compensation is claimed shall be the subject of any suit in any court of law or equity in the United Kingdom, and to the Commissioners it shall seem meet the compensation awarded to be paid in respect of such slave or slaves, shall, under the direction of the said court, be paid into the said court, to be subject to the orders, directions, and decrees of the court in which such suit may be depending; and in cases in which such slave or slaves shall be the subject of any suit in any court of law or equity in the colony of Jamaica, and to the Commissioners it shall seem meet the compensation in respect of such slave or slaves shall be paid, under the direction of the said court, to the Receiver-General of the said island, to be subject to the decrees, orders, and directions of the said court in which the suit may be depending.

And in all cases in which such slave or slaves shall be the subject of any suit in any court of law of equity in any other colony than Jamaica, and to the said Commissioners it shall seem meet the compensation monies awarded in respect of such slave or slaves

slaves shall be paid into the Bank of England, in the name and with the priority of the Accountant-General of the Court of Exchequer, to be placed to his account there, exparte the persons named in the award and therein specified as the plaintiffs and defendants in the said suit, pursuant to the method prescribed by an Act, made in the first year of the reign of King George the Fourth, intituled, "An Act for the better securing the monies and effects paid into the Court of Exchequer, at Westminster, on account of the suitors of the said Court, and for other purposess;" and the general orders of the said court, and without fee or reward; and the said monies when so paid in, shall, by petition in a summary way, be invested by the said Accountant-General in his name, exparte the said account, in the purchase of £3. per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, and the dividends thereon, and also the dividends on all future investments, as they arise and become due, shall be invested by the said Accountant-General in his name, in like manner, so that the same may accumulate for the benefit of the parties entitled thereto; and the said compensation monies so invested as aforesaid, and the said accumulations, shall be paid and transferred under the directions of the said Court of Exchequer, to be signified by an order made upon a petition to be preferred in a summary way to the person or persons to whom the same shall be directed to be paid or transferred by the decree, order, or judgment of the court in the colony, made in the said suit there depending, or any court of appeal; and a copy of such decree, order, or judgment of the court in the colony, or court of appeal, signed by the proper officer of such court, shall be sufficient evidence of such decree, order, or judgment to the said Court of Exchequer.

And whereas by the 55th clause of the said Act, the said Commissioners are required to frame and publish general rules, to be confirmed, allowed, and en-

enrolled, as thereby directed, prescribing the form and manner of proceeding to be observed by any claimant or claimants preferring their claims under the said Act, upon the prosecution of such claims, and in making any opposition to the same, and for the conduct of the proceedings under the said Commission. We, therefore, the undersigned Commissioners, in obedience to the directions of the said 55th clause, have drawn up and framed, in so far as relates to all the colonies or possessions mentioned and enumerated in the said Act, except the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius, the following

RULES:

1. That all persons in possession of and claiming compensation for any slave or slaves to be manumitted under the said Act, shall prefer their claims before the Assistant Commissioners in the respective colonies in which the said slave or slaves may be registered or settled, within three months after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, in the form hereunto annexed, marked (B).

2. That every such claim shall be accompanied by a certificate signed by the Registrar of Slaves of the colony in which such claim shall be made, that the number of slaves mentioned in such claim (except any increase by birth since the last registry, as mentioned at the foot of such claim), are duly registered, together with the name or names of the person or persons by whom such slave or slaves have been registered.

And in case the property in any slave or slaves shall have been changed, between the last registration and the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, the claimant must briefly state his title from the person in whose name the slaves were last registered.

3. That the said Assistant Commissioners shall from time to time, with all convenient speed, after receipt thereof, make out complete lists of all such

such claims according to the form following, that is to say:

Name and Description of Claimant, or person in possession of the Slaves.	Plantation, or other Domicile of Slaves.	Number of Slaves.

and shall cause the same to be published in the different newspapers of the said colony, or shall make the same known in such manner as to them shall seem most effectual for giving notice of the subject of such claim to all parties interested therein, in all parts of the said colony.

4. That such claims for compensation be made to the Assistant Commissioners, in the respective colonies, in duplicate, and that one part be transmitted by them to the Commissioners in London, and filed in their office, and the other kept and filed in the office of the Assistant Commissioners.

5. That any person having, or claiming to have, any right, title, or interest in or to any mortgage, judgment, charge, incumbrance, or lien upon any slave or slaves included in such claims, or any right, title, or interest thereto, under or by virtue of any deed, will, testamentary instrument, or conveyance whatsoever, or in any other manner whatsoever, and claiming to receive the compensation for such slave or slaves, or any of them, in opposition to the original claimant, shall prefer a counter claim before the Assistant Commissioners in the respective colonies on or before the first day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, or in London, before the Commissioners on or before the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five: provided always, that in case no original claim shall have

have been filed within the time limited by the first rule for that purpose, any person claiming a right to receive the compensation as above-mentioned, or any part thereof, may prefer his claim thereto instead of a counter claim, and such a claim shall be deemed and taken and be made in the same form, and subject to the same rules of proceeding in all respects as a counter claim, and with the same liberty of replying thereto as hereinafter directed, as if an original claim had been preferred.

6. That in cases in which no counter claim shall have been preferred in the colonies on or before the first day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the Assistant Commissioners within their respective colonies, shall report the amount of compensation which may appear to them to be due upon each of the several claims, on application of the parties, or their agents, and transmit forthwith copies or lists of such several reports to the Commissioners in London; and in cases in which no counter claim shall have been preferred before the Commissioners in London, on or before the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the Commissioners may proceed to award the compensation according to the several claims upon the application of the parties or their agents.

7. That in all cases in which a counter claim for the whole or any part of the compensation shall be preferred, such counter claim shall set forth the estate or interest, right or title, intended to be insisted on, and the dates, parties, and legal effect of the deeds or other instruments under which the counter claim is made, with the date of registration in the proper office in the colony; and in all cases of mortgage, judgment, charge, incumbrance, or lien, such counter claim shall also set forth for what sum the same was granted or recovered, what payments (if any) have been made thereon, and the dates of such payments, and what remains due thereon, whether the same is the prior lien or otherwise,

wise, on the property included therein, and also the legal effect of such securities upon slaves, according to the law and usage of the particular colony in which such slaves have been registered or settled; and that in addition thereto, the substance of such counter claim be embodied and arranged in the tabular form hereunto annexed, marked (C).

8. That upon such counter claim being filed within the limited periods aforesaid, notice thereof be forthwith given by the party making the same to the party against whom it is made, or his agent, and a copy thereof be furnished to such party or his agent on application at the office of the Commissioners, or of the Assistant-Commissioners, in the colony.

9. That within three months after such counter claim has been filed, and such notice given, the original claimant may file a replication to the said counter claim before the Assistant Commissioners, or the Commissioners in London, and give notice forthwith of such replication to the counter claimant, or his agent, and a copy thereof be furnished to such counter claimant, or his agent, on application at the office of the Commissioners in London, or of the Assistant Commissioners in the colony.

10. That in case no replication be filed within the time aforesaid, the Commissioners may, on proof of notice of the counter claim having been served on the original claimant, or his agent, proceed to consider the claim and counter claim, and give such further directions and make such award as to them shall seem fit in respect to the compensation to be paid thereon.

11. That in case a replication shall be filed within the time aforesaid, the Commissioners may, either upon application of the parties interested, or their agent for such purpose, or if to the Commissioners it shall seem fit, direct proof to be adduced in support of such claim, counter claim, or replication, by the production of deeds or other documents, or by in-

interrogatories on oath or affirmation, to be drawn and exhibited to the parties or witnesses, or by affidavits, or by *viva voce* examination of witnesses, as the case may require.

12. That on such proof as aforesaid being made the Commissioners shall, on the application of any of the parties interested, or their agents, cause a notice to issue to all the claimants and counter claimants in such proceedings named, that the said Commissioners will on a day in such notice to be named, proeeed to make their adjudication and award; copies of such notice to be served by the party applying for the same on all sueh elaimants and eounter elaimants, or their agents.

13. That with the eonsent of the several parties, the Assistant Commissioners in their respective eolonies be authorised to consider and proceed aeeording to the several rules hereinbefore stated, to ascertain and report the amount of compensation appearing to be due to any of the litigant parties, in cases of contested claims, and transmit forthwith lists or copies of their proeeedings and reports to the Commissioners.

14. That the Commissioners shall upon such proceedings and reports being received from the Assistant Commissioners, proeeed to the adjudication and award of the compensation which shall appear to be due according to sueh lists, reports, and proceedings.

15. That all persons claiming to act on behalf of any party interested in the said compensation monies shall lodge with the Commissioners, or Assistant Commissioners, as the case may be, a power of attorney, or other authority, under the hand of the party or parties so interested, to be registered in the proceedings of the said Commissioners, or Assistant Commissioners, and no other than the person or persons named in such power of attorney or authority shall be entitled to act in that behalf so long as such power shall continue in force.

(A.)

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves.	*(Name of Colony.)* RETURN of the number of SLAVES, and estimated Value thereof, in each Class, in possession of , on the 1st day of August 1834.	No.

TOTAL NUMBER OF SLAVES.

Divisions.	No.	CLASSES.	Male.	Female.	Number.	Value in Stirling.
Prædial attached.	1	Head people				
	2	Tradesmen.....				
	3	Inferior tradesmen.....				
	4	Field labourers				
	5	Inferior field labourers				
Prædial unattached	1	Head people				
	2	Tradesmen.....				
	3	Inferior tradesmen.....				
	4	Field labourers				
	5	Inferior field labourers				
Non prædial	1	Head tradesmen.....				
	2	Inferior tradesmen.....				
	3	Head people employed on wharf, shipping, or other avocations				
	4	Inferior people of the same description..				
	5	Head domestic servants.....				
	6	Inferior domestics.....				
Children under six years of age on 1st August 1834						
Aged, diseased, or otherwise non-effective						

We the undersigned, being two of the Valuers appointed to classify and value the slaves in the above-named colony, do, on our oaths, declare, after due examination and enquiry, that the above return is a just, true, and accurate classification and valuation of the slaves therein mentioned, on the 1st day of August 1834, according to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief.

Dated this day of 1834.

Sworn this day of 183 . } (Signed)
before me,

(B.)

Form of Claim for the Compensation to be awarded for Slaves:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same number as return.)

The claim of A. B. of , in the parish of (as owner in fee, &c.), [a] (by C. D. his attorney, as the case may be), to the compensation for slaves, in the possession of the said A. B. on the 1st day of August 1834, duly registered (except as under mentioned), [b] and described in the return made thereof on the day of 1834.

(Signed, &c.)

[a] Character in which the claim is made, as

Owner in fee,	Trustee,	Committee,
Tenant in tail for life or years,	Receiver,	Executor,
	Guardian,	Administrator,
Mortgagee,	Sequestrator,	or otherwise.

[b] In case any children shall have been born between the last registration and the 1st August 1834, and included in the return, their names, ages, and names of mothers to be stated at foot of the claim. And in case the property in any slave or slaves shall have been changed between the last registration and the 1st August 1834, the claimant must briefly state his title from the person in whose name the slaves were last registered.

(C.)

Form of Counter Claim:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same No. as claim or return.)

The counter claim of A. B. of , (by C. D. his attorney, as the case may be), in respect of certain slaves registered in the said colony, and in the possession of , and described in the return thereof.—Dated the day of 18 .

(Particulars of counter claim.)

Schedule to Counter Claim:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same No. as the claim or return.)

Name and Address of Party preferring Counter Claim.	Description of Estate, Right, Title, or Interest of Counter Claimant, with reference to Documents in support thereof.	Amount due on Mortgage, Judgment, or other Lien or Incumbrance, in Sterling Money.	Description of Slaves being the object of Counter Claim.	No. of Slaves.	Estimated Value of Slaves in Sterling, comprised in Counter Claim.
			Prædial attached.		
			1 Head people		
			2 Tradesmen.....		
			3 Inferior tradesmen ..		
			4 Field labourers		
			5 Inferior field labourers		
			Prædial unattached.		
			1 Head people		
			2 Tradesmen.....		
			3 Inferior tradesmen..		
			4 Field labourers		
			5 Inferior field labourers		
			Non-prædial.		
			1 Head tradesmen....		
			2 Inferior tradesmen..		
			3 Head people employed on wharfs, shipping, or other avocations.....		
			4 Inferior people, of the same description		
			5 Head domestic servants		
			6 Inferior domestics ..		
			Children under six years of age on the 1st day of August 1834		
			Aged, diseased, or otherwise non-effective		

(Signed) (L. S.) JAMES LEWIS.
(L. S.) JOHN GEORGE SHAW LEFEVRE.
(L. S.) SAMUEL DUCKWORTH.
(L. S.) THOMAS AMYOT.
(L. S.) HENRY FREDERICK STEPHENSON.
(L. S.) HASTINGS ELWIN.

St. James's Palace, April 16, 1834.

THIS day His Grace the Duke of Wellington, Chancellor of the University of Oxford; the Rev. Dr. Rowley, Master of University College, Vice Chancellor of the University; the Rev. Dr. Jenkyns, Master of Balliol College; the Rev. Dr. Gilbert, Principal of Brazennose College; the Rev. Dr. Fox, Provost of Queen's College; the Rev. Dr. Cardwell, Principal of St. Alban Hall; Dr. Marsham, Warden of Merton College; Dr. Kidd, Regius Professor of Medicine, Christ Church; Dr. Ogle, Aldrichian Professor of Medicine, Trinity College; Dr. Bliss, Registrar of the University, St. John's College; Mr. Dyer, Trinity College, the Senior Proctor; Mr. Harding, Wadham College, the Junior Proctor; Mr. Dodd, Fellow of Queen's College; Mr. Lightfoot, Fellow of Exeter College; Mr. Short, Student of Christ Church; and Mr. Walker, of Wadham College; waited upon His Majesty to present to His Majesty the following Petition, which His Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Petition of the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Oxford,

Sheweth,

THAT your Majesty's Petitioners have been informed that the council of a literary and scientific Institution, lately founded in London, have renewed their solicitation for a charter of incorporation, under the title of the University of London.

That on the occasion of a similar application formerly made, the insertion of certain clauses was suggested, restricting the said institution from conferring degrees in arts and theology bearing the

 same

same names and titles with those conferred by the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge,—and likewise providing that no graduate of such institution should be enabled to practice in the Ecclesiastical Courts, or enjoy sundry other privileges now appertaining to graduates of the existing universities.

Your Majesty's Petitioners, however, have since been advised, that a body incorporated under such title may thereby be enabled to confer degrees in the manner of the ancient universities, notwithstanding any prohibitory clauses whatsoever.

Under these circumstances, your Petitioners venture dutifully to represent to your Majesty,

That the existing universities studiously educate the youth entrusted to their care in the principles of Christianity, after the doctrines and discipline of the Church of England; and that, accordingly, their degrees in arts and civil law, as well as in theology, have been recognised as qualifications for many offices, both ecclesiastical and civil.

That your Majesty's Petitioners anticipate with alarm serious injury to numerous ancient institutions of the land, and much consequent evil to the public, if similar privileges shall be conferred by a Royal grant, either expressly or by implication, upon a society disavowing all connexion with the Established Church, and educating its members in no system of religion whatever.

That your petitioners by no means desire that an institution, formed for the promotion of literature and science, should be restricted from bestowing suitable marks of distinction on its members; but they at the same time, with all humility, submit, that such marks of distinction in the faculties of arts and civil law as well as of theology, should not bear the same titles as those which, for a long series of years, have been conferred by the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge.

Your Petitioners, therefore, earnestly implore your Ma-

Majesty to take these matters into your Majesty's most gracious consideration, and to withhold your Royal sanction from a charter, in its proposed form, fraught with danger to principles and establishments, which, under the blessing of God, have essentially contributed to the welfare and happiness of our country.

And your Petitioners will ever pray.

Given at our House of Convocation, under our Common Seal, this 21st day of March, in the year of our Lord 1834.

To which Petition His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"I am very sensible that the subject of your petition is of great importance, as well to your University as to the general interests of learning throughout My dominions.

"I have referred the petitions which have been already presented to Me in this matter to a Committee of My Privy Council, and I shall pursue the same course with your petition, in order that I may receive their advice, after the fullest enquiry, and upon the most mature deliberation."

St. James's Palace, April 16, 1834.

THIS day the following Address and Petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, was presented to His Majesty, which Address and Petition His Majesty was pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble, loyal, and dutiful Address and Petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, humbly approach your Majesty with the liveliest sentiments of gratitude and devotion for the beneficent measures of reform and improvement in the institutions of the country, which have so eminently characterized your Majesty's reign, and impressed with a conviction, that the sound education of the people is essential to the public prosperity, and the maintenance of good government upon the most solid foundations, humbly crave your Majesty's most gracious favour in the extension of the benefits of academical education to this metropolis.

We humbly represent to your Majesty, that your Majesty's illustrious predecessors, and especially Queen Elizabeth, contemplated the foundation of an university in the capital of this kingdom; but those means of education, which the inhabitants of almost every other capital in Europe enjoy, have not hitherto been conferred upon the inhabitants of London.

We

We further humbly represent to your Majesty, that, in the year 1828, many of your Majesty's subjects of distinguished rank and high attainments, assisted by contributions from persons resident in all parts of the country, founded in this metropolis an institution, denominated the University of London, where a liberal education is attainable at a small expence.

We lament that the University of London, whilst it affords to the youth of the metropolis the best means of education, is, for want of a charter of incorporation, unable to confer on its students those degrees which are received in all civilized states as a certificate of literary and scientific attainments, and we the more deeply regret this defect, as it is the fundamental principle of this institution, that any academical honours which it may be enabled to confer shall be accessible to all classes of His Majesty's subjects without distinction to religious creed.

We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to grant to the University of London your royal charter of incorporation, conferring upon that institution the power to grant degrees in arts, law, and medicine.

To which Address and Petition His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" I thank you for your expressions of loyalty and attachment to My Person and Government.

" I am anxious to promote the extension of the benefits of education throughout My dominions, being convinced that sound learning and science are the best foundations both of respect for the law and of reverence for religion.

" I shall direct your petition to be referred to a Committee of My Privy Council, as I have already di-

directed other petitions which have been presented to Me, in order that I may receive their advice after that full enquiry and consideration of the subject which its great importance demands."

St. James's-Palace, April 16, 1834.

THIS day had audience of His Majesty:

The Count St. Martin D'Aglié, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, upon his return to this Court after a temporary absence;

The Chevalier de Vial, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of Spain, acting in the name and on the behalf of Her Catholic Majesty the Queen Isabella II. to deliver his letter of recall;

And the Marquis de Miraflores, Count de Florida Blanca, the successor of the Chevalier de Vial in the same character, to deliver his credentials:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, April 17, 1834.

This day had audience of Her Majesty the Queen:

The Count St. Martin D'Aglié, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, upon his return to this Court after a temporary absence;

The Chevalier de Vial, Envoy Extraordinary and Mi-

Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of Spain, acting in the name and on the behalf of Her Catholic Majesty the Queen Isabella II. to take leave:

And the Marquis de Miraflores, Count de Florida Blanca, his successor in the same character, upon the delivery of his credentials:

To which audiences they were severally introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, April 16, 1834.

A Chapter of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Brethren, habited in their mantles and wearing their collars, assembled in the Entrée-room, viz. the Earl of Aberdeen, the Earl of Aboyne, and the Earl Brooke and Earl of Warwick, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles and wearing their chains and badges, viz. Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy Secretary of the Order, and Robert Quarme, Esq. Gentleman Usher of the Green Rod.

At two o'clock, the Knights Brethren being called over by the Deputy Secretary, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign, in the Chapter-room, attended by the Officers of the Order.

The Sovereign, being seated in the chair of state, was pleased to command the Knights Brethren to take their respective seats at the table, according to their seniority in the Order, and the Officers stood in their places at the bottom of the table.

The Sovereign having been then pleased to signify His royal pleasure touching the election of a Knight into the Order, the Knights Brethren proceeded to the

the election, and the suffrages having heen collected by the Deputy Secretary (commencing with the junior Knight), were by him, kneeling, presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to declare that William George Earl of Erroll, Lord High Constable of Scotland, had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, the Earl of Erroll was received at the door of the Chapter room by the two junior Knights Brethren present, and conducted between them to His Majesty, preceded by the Deputy Secretary, bearing on a velvet cushion the ensigns of the Order, and by the Usher of the Green Rod.

The Earl of Erroll (being already a Knight) was not knighted on this occasion, but, standing on the right hand of the Sovereign, the oath was administered to his Lordship by the Deputy Secretary.

The Earl of Erroll, then kneeling near the Sovereign, and Sir William Woods, on his knee, presenting to His Majesty the ribband and jewel of the Order, the King was graciously pleased to place the same over the Earl's left shoulder.

His Lordship having kissed the Sovereign's hand and received the congratulations of the Knights Brethren, retired.

The Chapter being ended the Knights Brethren were, by command of the Sovereign, again called over by the Deputy Secretary, and with the Officers of the Order retired from the presence of the Sovereign with the usual reverences.

The ceremony was performed in the Royal Closet, their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of Cumberland and Gloucester, Prince George of Cambridge, and several of the Great Officers of State, and of the Court being present.

White-

Whitehall, April 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend George Renton to the church and parish of Dunsyre, in the presbytery of Biggar and county of Lanark, vacant by the death of the Reverend William Meek.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 22, 1834.

Whitehall, April 22, 1834.

THE following Addresses to the King having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, have been by him presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

From certain Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and Inhabitants of the county and the city of Kilkenny, respectively entreating His Majesty to accept the assurance of their devoted attachment to His Majesty's person, and of the anxious interest they take in every measure of His Majesty's Government that may tend to strengthen and preserve the Legislative Union of Great Britain and Ireland; and expressive of gratitude to His Majesty for the satisfactory declaration contained in His Majesty's gracious

speech to both Houses of Parliament, of His Majesty's "unaltered resolution, under the blessing of Divine Providence, to maintain inviolate this bond of their national strength and safety."

From the Mayor, Bailiffs, Burgesses, and Commonalty of the town of Youghal, in the county of Cork, presenting to His Majesty the humble tribute of their homage, and the assurance of their devoted attachment to His Majesty's Royal Person and the illustrious House of Hanover; assuring His Majesty, that the artifices and delusions practiced on the people of that distracted country, to urge them to seek for a repeal of the Legislative Union of Great Britain and Ireland, has excited in them the strongest feelings of abhorrence and indignation; and stating that they hail with gratitude and humble thanks His Majesty's late gracious declaration to support inviolate the Legislative Union, as a further proof of His Majesty's paternal solicitude for the welfare and prosperity of all classes of His Majesty's subjects.

Whitehall, April 21, 1834.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven to be His Majesty's High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

St. James's-Palace, April 16, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Williams, Esq. one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 19, 1834.

The Honourable and Reverend George Neville Grenville, M. A. has been appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, in the room of the Reverend George Osborne Townshend, resigned.

Whitehall, April 19, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Low to the church and parish of Keig, in the presbytery of Alford and shire of Aberdeen, vacant by the death of the Reverend Alexander Smith.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 25, 1834.

At the Court at St. James's, April 23, 1834.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Taylor, G. C. H. with the Ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath; and of Major-General Sir John Alexander Wallace with the Ensigns of a Knight Commander of the said Most Honourable Military Order.*

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at

St. James's-Palace, viz. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland; His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester; Lord De Saumarez; Lord Howden; the Duke of Wellington; Lord Viscount Beresford; Lord Lynedoch; Lord Hill; Lord Cowley; the Hon. Sir Edward Paget; Sir John Doyle, Bart.; the Right Hon. Sir William Keppel; the Honourable Sir Charles Colville; the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt; Sir George Townsend Walker; Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart.; Lord Heytesbury; Lord Howard of Effingham; the Earl of Rosslyn; the Duke of Gordon; Lord Farnborough; Sir George Martin; Sir Harry Neale, Bart.; Sir Henry Fane; Sir James Hawkins Whitshed; Sir Philip Charles Henderson Durham; the Right Honourable Sir John Byng; the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford; Sir Ronald Craufurd Ferguson; the Honourable Sir William Lumley; Sir James Willoughby Gordon, Bart.; Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy, Bart.; Lord Viscount Palmerston; Sir Pulteney Malcolm; Sir George Anson; and Sir Thomas Dallas; attended by Walter Aston Blount, Esq. the Genealogist; Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Sir William Woods, (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy Register and Secretary of the Order; and George Frederick Beltz, Esq. (Lancaster Herald), Gentleman Usher of the Order.

At two o'clock the Knights Grand Crosses were called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Throne-room, with the usual reverences.

Then, by His Majesty's command, Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Taylor was introduced into the Royal Presence, between the two Junior Knights Grand Crosses present, preceded by Bath King of Arms, bearing the ribband, badge, and star of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order, upon a crimson velvet cushion, and by the Gentleman Usher of the Order.

His

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland having thereupon received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and Sir Herbert Taylor, kneeling, His Majesty was graciously pleased to put the same over the Lieutenant General's right shoulder; Sir Herbert Taylor, rising, had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and, having received from His Majesty the star of the Order, withdrew.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir John Alexander Wallace was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty by His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, Sir John Alexander Wallace, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms, on his knee, presenting to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was pleased to invest Sir John Alexander Wallace with the same.

The Major-General having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, retired.

The Knights Grand Crosses were then again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, withdrew from the presence of the Sovereign, with the usual reverences.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 2, 1834.

Foreign-Office, May 2, 1834.

IT has been notified by the Ottoman Government to His Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople, by a communication, dated the 31st March 1834, that the Sublime Porte has given instructions for the establishment of a strict blockade of the island of Samos.

St. James's-Palace, May 1, 1834.

THE following joint Address of both Houses of Parliament was this day presented to His Majesty on the Throne:

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in Parliament assembled, feel it our duty humbly to approach your Majesty's Throne, to record in the most solemn manner our fixed determination to maintain unimpaired and undisturbed the Legislative Union between Great Britain and Ireland, which we consider to be essential to the strength and stability of the empire, to the continuance of the connection between the two countries, and to the peace and security and happiness of all classes of your Majesty's subjects.

We

We feel this our determination to be as much justified by our views of the general interests of the State, as by our conviction, that to no other portion of your Majesty's subjects is the maintenance of the Legislative Union more important than to the inhabitants of Ireland themselves.

We humbly represent to your Majesty, that the Imperial Parliament have taken the affairs of Ireland into their most serious consideration, and that various salutary laws have been enacted since the Union, for the advancement of the most important interests of Ireland and of the empire at large.

In expressing to your Majesty our resolution to maintain the Legislative Union inviolate, we humbly beg leave to assure your Majesty, that we shall persevere in applying our best attention to the removal of all just causes of complaint, and to the promotion of all well considered measures of improvement.

W. Courtenay, Dep. Cler. Parliamentor.
J. H. Ley, Cl. Dom. Com.

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" *My Lords, and Gentlemen,*

" IT is with the greatest satisfaction that I receive this solemn and united expression of the determination of both My Houses of Parliament to maintain unimpaired the Legislative Union of Great Britain and Ireland, which I entirely agree with you in considering as essential to the peace, integrity, and safety of the British empire.

" You may rely, therefore, on My discharging with fidelity and firmness the sacred duty which I owe to My subjects, in exerting the powers with which the Constitution has invested Me for their protection against attempts which, if successful, must

must inevitably produce a separation of My dominions.

"In thus expressing My concurrence in the determination which you have so justly taken, I look back with satisfaction to the salutary laws which, since the Union, have been passed for the advancement of the interests of Ireland; and I shall at all times be anxious to afford My best assistance in removing all just causes of complaint, and in sanctioning all well considered measures of improvement."

St. James's-Palace, May 1, 1834.

This day the following Address to the King, from the Dissenting Ministers of the three denominations residing in and about the cities of London and Westminster, was presented to His Majesty by the following Deputation: F. A. Cox, LL. D.; Thomas Rees, LL. D. F. S. A.; William Newman, D. D.; J. B. Shenston; Jno. Morrison, D. D.; Archibald Barclay, LL. D; Wm. Williams; Wm. Broadfoot; John Blackburne; Arthur Tidman; W. H. Murch; Benjamin Marden, M. A.; Samuel Wood, A. M.; John Young, M. A.; George Kenrick; Charles Stovel; and Thomas Morell; which Address His Majesty was graciously pleased to receive in His Closet:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's loyal and dutiful subjects, the Protestant Dissenting Ministers of the Three Denominations residing in and about the cities of London and Westminster, in approaching your royal presence beg to express our unfeigned gratitude for the important benefits conferred on our country during your Majesty's gracious reign, and for the

ge-

general prospect of national improvement and prosperity afforded by the anticipated measures of your Majesty's Government.

We would humbly represent to your Majesty, that we consider the attainment of academical degrees, as being the generally recognised means of attaching due honour to proficiency in learning and science, to be a laudable object of pursuit, and that we regard an exclusion from such honours as a serious grievance, operating invidiously in respect to those who are subject to such a privation.

We cannot, therefore, but deeply regret that the only bodies in England, legally empowered to confer such tokens of academical acquirement, should have determined to withhold them from all persons not professing their approval of the doctrines and usages of the Established Church, thus depriving all classes of Dissenters of academical distinction, unless sought at great expence and disadvantage in distant parts.

It is to us also a matter of deep concern that whilst in the University of London this large class of your Majesty's subjects have ample means of prosecuting the liberal sciences that institution is unable to confer those degrees on the students which would be alike incentives to exertion and the evidence of success in their literary and scientific pursuits; this inability on the part of that establishment we the more regret as the advantages of its instructions are tendered without any interference with the theological principles of its students.

We, therefore, humbly pray your Majesty to be graciously pleased to grant to the University of London your royal charter empowering that institution to confer the customary academical degrees in arts, medicine, and law.

Signed on behalf of the general body of Protestant Dissenting Ministers, by the above Deputation.

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"*Gentlemen,*

"THE whole course of My reign must have proved to you that I am a sincere friend to religious liberty. It is, however, My duty, as the Head of the Established Church of this country, to protect its rights and interests. At present I can say no more, than that I shall be always ready to receive and consider such proper and respectful representations as that which you have now presented to Me."

St. James's-Palace, April 30, 1834.

THE following Addresses to the King were this day presented to His Majesty at the Levee, and graciously received:

From the Landowners, Occupiers, Clergy, and other Inhabitants of the Parishes of Weathersfield, Stambourn, Ridgewell, Great and Little Yeldham, Belchamp St. Paul, Otton and Walter, Tilbury and Ovington, Pentlow, Foxearth, Liston, Borley, &c. in the County of Essex, professing sincere attachment to the Church of England, and praying His Majesty not to sanction any scheme for the alienation of its property.

From the Incumbent, Curate, and Congregation of Saint James's Chapel, within the Liberties of the Castle, in the County of Nottingham, to the same effect.

From the Parish of Tollerton, in the County of Nottingham, to the same effect.

From the Inhabitants of the Parish of Brailsford, in the County of Derby, to the same effect.

St. James's-Palace, April 30, 1834.

This day Monsieur Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, May 1, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, for granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to Admiral Sir James Hawkins Whitshed, G. C. B. of Killincarrick, in the county of Wicklow, and of Jobstown, in the county of Dublin, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, May 1, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Samuel Smith to the church and parish of Borgue, in the presbytery and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, vacant by the death of the Reverend James Gordon.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 6, 1834.

Whitehall, May 3, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, conferring the honour of Knighthood upon Rear-Admiral John Ferris Devonshire, of Alwington-house, in the county of Devon, K. C. H.

Foreign-Office, May 6, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Thomas Wathen Waller, Esq. (late attached to His Majesty's Embassy at the Sublime Porte), to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation in Greece.

Whitehall, April 29, 1834.

The King, taking into His royal consideration the merits and services of Sir John Croft, of Cowling-hall, in the county of York, and of Dodington, in the county of Kent, Bart. Knight Commander of the Royal Portuguese Order of the Tower and Sword, when employed as a Commissioner for the distribution of the grant voted by Parliament for the relief of the distressed inhabitants of the ravaged dis-

districts of Portugal, has been graciously pleased, by warrant under His royal signet and sign manual, to grant unto him, the said Sir John Croft, His royal licence and authority that he, and the heirs male of his body to whom the dignity of a Baronet shall descend, may bear and use certain supporters to his and their arms respectively, as depicted in the painting annexed to the said royal warrant; such supporters being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Heralds' Office:

And also to command, that the said concession and especial mark of His Majesty's royal favour, be registered in the College of Arms.

Whitehall, May 2, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Peter Adamson, Esq. Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, sometime commanding the 4th Regiment of Caçadores in the Portuguese service, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, which His late Most Faithful Majesty John the Sixth, King of Portugal, was pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of approbation of his distinguished conduct while in command of a Portuguese corps during the Peninsular war; provided nevertheless, that the said royal licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in the College of Arms.

CIR-

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SUMMER CIRCUITS, 1834.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Tuesday, July 15.
Essex, at Chelmsford, Thursday, July 17.
Essex, at Colchester, Friday, July 18.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Saturday, July 19.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Tuesday, July 22.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Thursday, July 24.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Saturday, July 26.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Monday, July 28.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Tuesday, July 29.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Wednesday, July 30.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Thursday, July 31.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Friday, August 1.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Saturday, August 2.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Monday, August 4.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Wednesday, August 6.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Thursday, August 7.
At the City of Coventry, Saturday, August 9.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Monday, August 11.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Wednesday, August 13.
At the City of Lichfield, Thursday, August 14.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Friday, August 15.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Monday, August 18.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Tuesday, June 17.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Wednesday, June 18.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Friday, June 20.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Monday, June 23.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Wednesday, June 25.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Friday, June 27.
Lancashire, at Preston, Monday, June 30.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Tuesday, July 1.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Tuesday, July 8.
Westmorland, at Appleby, same day.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Thursday, July 10.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Saturday, July 12.
Durham, at Durham, Tuesday, July 15.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Friday, July 18.
Yorkshire, at York and City, Monday, July 21.
At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Friday, July 25.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, July 28.
Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Friday, August 1.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

At the Town and County of Southampton, Wednesday, June 11.
Hampshire, at Winchester, Thursday, June 12.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Friday, June 13.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Monday, June 16.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Thursday, June 19.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Saturday, June 21.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Monday, June 23.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Thursday, June 26.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Saturday, June 28.

At

At the City of Bristol, Monday, June 30.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Thursday, July 3.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Friday, July 4.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Monday, July 7.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Tuesday, July 8.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Friday, July 11.
Berkshire, at Reading, Saturday, July 12.
Sussex, at Horsham, Monday, July 14.
Kent, at Dover, Friday, July 18.
At the City of Canterbury, Saturday, July 19.
Kent, at Maidstone, Monday, July 21.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 9, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 8, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that as the King's Birth-day will be celebrated on Wednesday the 28th instant, His Majesty's Levee in that week will be held on the preceding day, Tuesday the 27th; and the future Levees will take place on the succeeding Wednesdays until further orders.

St. James's-Palace, May 7, 1834.

An Address to the King, from the Clergy and Laity of the parish of Hathersage, in the county of Derby, besecching His Majesty that no changes, affecting the spiritual concerns of the Church, may receive His royal sanction, unless they originate with, and have the full concurrence of, those in whom its internal economy is constitutionally vested; and that His Majesty would resist any proposition to dissolve the connection between Church and State, to alienate any of her ancient rights and endowments, or degrade her spiritual rulers; and that His Majesty would graciously be pleased to favour such measures as may extend her efficient instruction and clerical superintendance, not only to all the people in this kingdom, but to all the foreign possessions and dependencies in the empire, was this day presented to His Majesty at the Levee, and graciously received.

St. James's-Palace, May 7, 1834.

This day the Prince of Lieven, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of all the Russias, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

And His Serene Highness the Duke Ferdinand of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha, attended by Monsieur de Gersdorff, Minister Resident from the King of Saxony, had his first audience of His Majesty:

They were introduced to their audiences by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Crown-Office, May 9, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Wells.

Nicholas William Ridley Colborne, of West Harling, in the county of Norfolk, Esq. in the room of Norman Lamont, deceased.

County of Perth.

The Right Honourable Sir George Murray, of Drumlanrig and Bleaton, G. C. B. in the room of the Honourable John Campbell, Earl of Ormelie, now Marquess of Breadalbane.

Whitehall, May 7, 1834.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Thomas Chapman, Esq. to be Marshal of the Marshalsea of the Court of King's Bench, in the room of William Jones, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 13, 1834.

Office of the Queen's Lord Chamberlain, Queen's-House, St. James's, May 10, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday next the 15th instant.

The cards of those Ladies who intend having the honour of being presented to Her Majesty, must be sent in to the Office of the Queen's Lord Chamberlain, before two o'clock on Wednesday the 14th instant.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, May 10, 1834.

By command of His Majesty, notice is hereby given, that all carriages going to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 15th of May, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, in Piccadilly, go down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, and come out of the Palace-yard by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, passing

through the same gate as when they set down, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, but must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for carriages of persons having the *entrée*, which are to proceed down Constitution-hill, and enter the Palace at the Stable-yard gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out at the gateway in Cleveland-row; turn to the left, and wait in Cleveland-row, the Stable-yard, or St. James's-park, till called for; then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away through the same gateway, and go up the left hand side of St. James's-street. The carriages of Ambassadors, the Ministers, and Great Officers of State, may remain in the Ambassadors' court till called for.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 16, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 14, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will *not* hold a Levee next week; His Majesty's next Levee will take place on Tuesday the 27th instant, at two o'clock; and the future Levees on the succeeding Wednesdays until further orders.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 16, 1834.

Notice is hereby given, that His Majesty has been pleased to command, that at the Drawing-Rooms and State Balls at St. James's-Palace, the Master of the Horse, the Master of the Buck Hounds, the Equerries and the Pages of Honour, and all Officers of the Navy and Army, Militia and Yeomanry, the Lord Lieutenants of counties and Deputy Lieutenants, should appear in uniform trowsers and boots agreeably to regulation.

And that all persons belonging to their Majesties Households, and all others who wear the civil uniform, are on similar occasions to appear in shoes with buckles, and breeches with knee buckles.

St. James's-Palace, May 14, 1834.

The following Addresses to the King were this day presented to His Majesty at the Levee, and graciously received:

From the Archdeacon and certain Clergy of the Archdeaconry or Peculiars of the county of Stafford, in the diocese of Lichfield and Coventry, praying that His Majesty would be pleased to issue, after the precedent of former reigns, a Commission of enquiry and revision to certain of the Bishops and other learned Divines, and Lay Members of the Communion of the Church of England, with a view to the recommendation of such changes as, without impairing any of the fundamental principles of our beloved and venerated Church, shall increase her efficiency and render her, in a still higher degree than she has hitherto been, under the favour of Divine Pro-

vi-

vidence, an honour to His Majesty's crown and a blessing to His people.

From the British subjects, natives of the island of Jersey, or residents therein, stating that they are firmly convinced that the United Church is sound in all her fundamental points; as however, time, and the tendency of every thing human to deteriorate, may have impaired her administration and discipline, they will rejoice in every measure by which they may be renovated, and the blessings of our scriptural establishment diffused more widely.

St. James's-Palace, May 14, 1834.

This day the Prince Esterhazy, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Austria, had an audience of His Majesty to take leave:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, May 15, 1834.

This day the Prince Esterhazy, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Austria, had an audience of Her Majesty the Queen to take leave:

To which he was introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 20, 1834.

Whitehall, May 17, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baroness of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Sophia Elizabeth Wykham, daughter and heiress of William Richard Wykham, of Swalcliffe, in the county of Oxford, eldest son of William Humphrey Wykham, of Swalcliffe aforesaid, and Sophia, daughter of Philip Viscount Wenman, by the name, style, and title of Baroness Wenman, of Thame-park and Swalcliffe, in the county of Oxford; and, at her decease, the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom to the heirs male of her body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Wenman, of Thame-park and Swalcliffe, in the said county of Oxford.

Whitehall, May 17, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland to Francis Jeffrey, Esq. in the room of Robert Craigie, Esq. deceased.

White-

Whitehall, May 17, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant the office of His Majesty's Advocate for Scotland to John Archibald Murray, Esq. in the room of Francis Jeffrey, Esq. appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland.

Whitehall, May 17, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Honourable and Reverend John Fortescue, M. A. the place and dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the Cathedral Church of Worcester, the same being void by the death of the Reverend John Davison, late Prebendary thereof.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 23, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 21, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday next the 28th instant, being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birth-day, the Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars.

Office

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, May 20, 1834.

Notice is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 28th instant, in celebration of the King's Birth-day.

Some Ladies having appeared at Her Majesty's Drawing-Rooms in hats and feathers, and turbans and feathers, and such head dresses being contrary to Court etiquette; notice is hereby given, that all Ladies attending the Queen's Drawing-Rooms must appear in feathers and lappets, in conformity with the established order.

The Drawing-Room on the 28th instant, being in celebration of the King's Birth-day, no presentations can take place.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, May 23, 1834.

By command of His Majesty, notice is hereby given, that all carriages going to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 28th of May, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, in Piccadilly, go down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, and come out of the Palace-yard by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, passing through the same gate as when they set down, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come

within the iron gates, but must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for carriages of persons having the *entrée*, which are to proceed down Constitution-hill, and enter the Palace at the Stable-yard gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out at the gateway in Cleveland-row; turn to the left, and wait in Cleveland-row, the Stable-yard, or St. James's-park, till called for; then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away through the same gateway, and go up the left hand side of St. James's-street. The carriages of Ambassadors, the Ministers, and Great Officers of State, may remain in the Ambassadors' court till called for.

Westminster, May 22, 1834.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to regulate the Office of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act of the last ses-

session of Parliament, for the prevention of smuggling, as authorises Magistrates to sentence persons convicted of certain offences to serve His Majesty in His Naval service, and to alter and amend the said Act.

An Act to repeal so much of several Acts as authorises the issuing any sums of money, out of the Consolidated Fund, for the encouragement of the raising or dressing hemp or flax.

An Act to abolish the office of Recorder of the Great Roll or Clerk of the Pipe in the Exchequer in Scotland.

An Act to indemnify witnesses who may give evidence before the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, on a Bill for preventing bribery and corruption, and illegal practices, in the election of Members to serve in Parliament for the borough of Warwick.

An Act to indemnify witnesses who may give evidence before the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, on a Bill to exclude the freemen of Liverpool from voting at the election of Members of Parliament for that borough.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Calder and Hebble Navigation to improve their navigation, and to amend the Acts relating thereto.

An Act for extending the approaches to London-bridge, and amending the Acts relating thereto.

An Act for granting certain powers to the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Land Company.

An Act for granting certain powers to the British American Land Company.

An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, watering, and otherwise improving the streets and other public passages and places within the borough of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, and the tithing of Colliton-row, in the town of Dorchester aforesaid.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His

late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for supplying the city and suburbs of Limerick, in the county of the city of Limerick, with water."

An Act for better supplying with water the town and county of the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and the neighbourhood thereof.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the first year of the reign of His present Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for empowering the Marquess of Bute to make and maintain a ship canal, commencing near the mouth of the river Taff, in the county of Glamorgan, and terminating near the town of Cardiff, with other works to communicate therewith."

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Western Branch of the Montgomeryshire canal to effect an agreement with William Pugh, of Bryn Llywarch, in the county of Montgomery, Esq. and for securing certain monies advanced and paid by the said William Pugh and others, to or for the use of the said Company.

An Act to enable the Birmingham and Liverpool Junction Canal Navigation Company to raise a further sum of money.

An Act to repeal an Act passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for enabling the Alliance Marine Assurance Company to sue and be sued in the name of the Chairman for the time being, or of any other member of the Company," and for granting certain powers to the said Company instead thereof.

An Act to continue the term and to alter and amend the powers of an Act passed in the fifty-fifth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third for taking down and rebuilding Folly-bridge, otherwise Friars-bridge, across the River Isis, in or near the city of Oxford.

An

An Act for lighting with gas the town or borough of Bridgwater, in the county of Somerset, and suburbs of the said town or borough.

An Act to incorporate a company for better supplying with gas the town of Cambridge, in the county of Cambridge.

An Act for uniting the Wigan Branch Railway Company and the Preston and Wigan Railway Company, for authorising an alteration to be made in the line of the last-mentioned railway, and for repealing, altering, and amending the Acts relating to the said railways.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from Blaydon to Hebburn, with six branches thereout, all within the county palatine of Durham.

An Act for enabling the Dublin and Kingstown Railway Company to make an extension of their present line of railway, and for altering and amending the Act for making the said railway.

An Act for repairing and improving the second district of the road from Coleshill, through the city of Lichfield and the town of Stone, to the end of the county of Stafford, in the road leading towards Chester, and making a new branch thereto; and also to annex to, and consolidate therewith, the turnpike road from Rugeley, through Armitage, to Alrewas, in the county of Stafford.

An Act for more effectually amending, widening, and repairing the road from Yarmouth-bridge, through the hamlet of Southtown, otherwise Little Yarmouth, to Gorleston, in the county of Suffolk.

An Act for the better maintenance, improvement, and repair of the road from Livington, by Shotts, to the city of Glasgow, and the making and maintaining certain roads connected therewith.

An Act for improving and maintaining certain roads in the counties of Montgomery, Merioneth, Salop, and Denbigh.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the road from

from Quebec, in the parish of Leeds, in the west riding of the county of York, to Homefield-lane-end, in the same parish, with a bridge or bridges on the line of such road, and for making and maintaining certain branch roads to communicate therewith.

An Act for uniting into one parish the parishes of Saint John the Baptist and Saint Benedict, in the town of Glastonbury, in the county of Somerset.

And five private Acts.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 27, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, May 24, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 28th instant.

Some Ladies having appeared at the Queen's Drawing-Rooms in hats and bonnets and feathers, and such head dresses being contrary to Court etiquette; notice is hereby given, that all Ladies attending Her Majesty's Drawing-Rooms must appear with feathers and lappets, in conformity with the established order.

The Drawing-Room on the 28th instant, being for the celebration of the King's Birth-day, no presentations can take place.

White-

Whitehall, May 27, 1834.

An Address to the King from the Commissioners of Supply of the county of Renfrew, desiring humbly to express to His Majesty their warmest approbation of the measures recently vouchsafed by His Majesty, with a view to simplify the forms and lessen the expence attending the administration of justice, in all its departments, in this portion of His dominions, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Lord Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

Crown-Office, May 27, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Monaghan.

The Honourable Henry Robert Westenra, of Rossmore-park, in the county of Monaghan, in the room of the Honourable Cadwallader Davis Blayney, now Lord Blayney.

Borough of Dungarvan.

Ebenezer Jacob, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 30, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 29, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levee next week will be on Thursday, June 5, instead of the preceding day.

Whitehall, May 29, 1834.

An Address to the King, from the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, acknowledging with the deepest gratitude His Majesty's munificent donation of two thousand pounds, for propagating the Christian religion in the highlands and islands of Scotland, having been transmitted by Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven, His Majesty's Commissioner, to Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to the King; which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

St. James's-Palace, May 27, 1834.

This day Monsieur Van de Weyer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Belgians; and the Count de Jenisson Wallworth, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, had audiences of His Majesty to deliver letters from their respective Sovereigns:

To which audiences they were introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Crown-Office, May 30, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Derby.

Northern Division.

George Henry Cavendish, Esq. commonly called the Honourable George Henry Cavendish, in the room of the Honourable William Cavendish, commonly called Lord Cavendish, now Earl of Burlington, and one of the Peers of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Whitehall, May 29, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Edward Hume to the church and parish of Pitsligo, in the presbytery of Deer and shire of Aberdeen, vacant by the death of the Reverend Alexander Farquhar.

The King has also been pleased to nominate, present, and appoint the Reverend Alexander Clarke to be First Minister of the church and parish of Inverness, in the presbytery and county of Inverness, the same being void by the death of the Reverend Thomas Fraser, late First Minister thereof.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 3, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, May 27, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General the Honourable Alexander Duff, Colonel of the 37th Regiment, Military Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Whitehall, June 2, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend William Stewart Martin to the church and parish of Kirktown, in the presbytery of Jedburgh and county of Roxburgh, vacant by the death of the Reverend Adam Laidlaw.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 3, 1834.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS William Richard Lapworth having been duly ordered by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, to attend before them to give evidence in the matter of a certain Bill now pending before them respecting the borough of Warwick, omitted to obey such orders: and whereas an humble Address hath been presented to Us by the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, requesting that We would be graciously pleased immediately to issue Our Royal Proclamation, with such reward as We should think proper, for discovering, apprehending, and detaining the said William Richard Lapworth, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby requiring and commanding all Our loving subjects whatsoever, to discover, apprehend, and detain, or cause the said William Richard Lapworth to be discovered, apprehended, and detained, and to carry him before some Justice

of the Peace or Chief Magistrate of the county, town, or place where he shall be apprehended, who are respectively required to secure the said William Richard Lapworth, and thereof to give speedy notice to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end that the said William Richard Lapworth may be forthcoming, to be dealt withal and proceeded against according to law. And for the encouragement of all persons to be diligent and careful in endeavouring to discover and apprehend the said William Richard Lapworth, whosoever shall bring him, the said William Richard Lapworth, before some Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, shall have and receive, as a reward for the discovering, apprehending, and bringing the said William Richard Lapworth before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, the sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, which Our Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby required and directed to pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this fifth day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the fourth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS William Oram having been duly ordered by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, to attend before them to give evidence in the matter of a certain Bill pending before them, respecting the borough of Warwick, omitted to obey such orders: and whereas an humble Ad-

Address hath been presented to Us by the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, requesting that We would be graciously pleased immediately to issue Our Royal Proclamation, with such reward as We should think proper, for discovering, apprehending, and detaining the said William Oram, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby requiring and commanding all Our loving subjects whatsoever, to discover, apprehend, and detain, or cause the said William Oram to be discovered, apprehended, and detained, and to carry him before some Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate of the county, town, or place where he shall be apprehended, who are respectively required to secure the said William Oram, and thereof to give speedy notice to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end that the said William Oram may be forthcoming, to be dealt withal and proceeded against according to law. And for the encouragement of all persons to be diligent and careful in endeavouring to discover and apprehend the said William Oram, whosoever shall bring him, the said William Oram, before some Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, shall have and receive, as a reward for the discovering, apprehending, and bringing the said William Oram before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, the sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, which Our Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby required and directed to pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this fifth day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the fourth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS Samuel Dingley having been duly ordered by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, to attend before them to give evidence in the matter of a certain Bill pending before them respecting the borough of Warwick omitted to obey such orders; and whereas an humble Address hath been presented to Us by the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, requesting that We would be graciously pleased immediately to issue Our Royal Proclamation, with such reward as We should think proper, for discovering, apprehending, and detaining the said Samuel Dingley, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby requiring and commanding all Our loving subjects whatsoever to discover, apprehend, and detain, or cause the said Samuel Dingley to be discovered, apprehended, and detained, and to carry him before some Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate of the county, town, or place where he shall be apprehended, who are respectively required to secure the said Samuel Dingley, and thereof to give speedy notice to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end that the said Samuel Dingley may be forthcoming to be dealt withal and proceeded against according to law. And for the encouragement of all persons to be diligent and careful in endeavouring to discover and apprehend the said Samuel Dingley, whosoever shall bring him, the said Samuel Dingley, before some Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, shall have and receive as a reward for the discovering, apprehending, and bring-

ing-

ing the said Samuel Dingley before such Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, the sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, which Our Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby required and directed to pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this fifth day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the fourth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *June* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to deliver the custody of the Privy Seal to the Right Honourable the Earl of Carlisle, the Oath of the Keeper of the Privy Seal was this day administered to him, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *June* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice and the Right Honourable Sir John Vaughan, Knt. one of the Justices of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, were, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice to be one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this day, by His Majesty's command, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *June* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Charles Poulett Thomson President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 6, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 6, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's *next* Levee will take place on Wednesday the 18th instant.

St. James's-Palace, June 5, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Colonel Henry King, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, and Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Heligoland.

Crown-Office, June 5, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Edinburgh.

Sir John Campbell, Knt. His Majesty's Attorney General, in the room of the Right Honourable Francis Jeffrey, who has accepted the office of a Lord of Session and Commissioner of the High Court of Justiciary in Scotland.

District of Burghs of Leith, Portobello, and Musselburgh.

The Right Honourable John Archibald Murray, His Majesty's Advocate for Scotland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 10, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, June 9, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold her last Drawing-Room for this season at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 19th instant.

The cards of those Ladies who propose having the honour of being presented to Her Majesty, must be sent in to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, before two o'clock on Tuesday the 17th instant.

At the Court at *St. James's,* the 5th day of *June* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;" it is, amongst other things, enacted, that no part of the sum of twenty mil-

millions of pounds sterling therein mentioned shall be applied or shall be applicable to the purposes therein mentioned, for the benefit of any person now entitled to the services of any slave in any of the colonies therein mentioned, unless an Order shall have been first made by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in such colony for giving effect to the said Act of Parliament by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned; and whereas on the eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, an Ordinance was enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Court of Policy of the colony of British Guiana, intituled "An Ordinance for the go-"vernment and regulation of apprenticed labourers;" and whereas the said Ordinance was so enacted with the design of giving effect to the said Act of Parliament by such further and supplementary enactments as in the said Act are mentioned; His Majesty doth, therefore, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, and in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority in and by the said Act of Parliament in His Majesty in Council in that behalf vested, by this present Order declare, and it is hereby declared, that except in so far as certain parts of the said Ordinance are hereinafter disallowed, and except in so far as certain parts of the said Ordinance are hereinafter amended by the subsitution of other provisions in lieu thereof, the said Ordinance is approved, confirmed and allowed, and finally enacted; and that by the said Ordinance, so in part disallowed and so amended as aforesaid, adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made in British Guiana for giving effect to the said Act of Parliament by such further and supplementary enactments as therein are mentioned and required:

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance, amongst

other things, enacted, that the colony of British Guiana shall be divided into not less than fourteen judicial districts, now it is hereby ordered, that for the word fourteen, as occurring in the said enactment, the word twelve shall be substituted; and that the said Ordinance, and each and every part thereof, shall he construed and carried into execution in such and the same manner as if the word twelve had been, and the word fourteen had not been, employed in the said enactment:

And whereas certain schedules, marked respectively with the letters P and Q, are subjoined to and referred to in the said Ordinance, now, it is hereby ordered, that for the said schedule marked with the letter P, shall be substituted the schedule hereunto annexed, marked with the letter X, and that for the said schedule marked with the letter Q, shall be substituted the schedule hereunto annexed marked with the letter Y; and that the said Ordinance and each and every part thereof, shall be construed and carried into execution in such and the same manner as if the said schedules marked X and Y had been, and the said schedules marked P and Q had not been, subjoined to and referred to in the said Ordinance.

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance, amongst other things, enacted, that the privates in each settlement therein mentioned shall receive pay at the rate of per diem, and the serjeant shall be paid at the rate of per diem, now, therefore, the said last recited enactment is hereby disallowed; and it is hereby ordered, that the pay of the serjeants and privates of each police settlement within the said colony shall, from time to time, be determined by and according to such Ordinances as shall from time to time be for that purpose enacted by the officer administering the government of the said colony, with the advice and consent of the Court of Policy thereof, such Ordinances being so made subject to His Majesty's approbation or disallowance as in other cases.

And

And whereas it is in and by the said Ordinance, amongst other things, enacted, that every such employer or manager of slaves as therein mentioned shall, at the time, and in the manner therein mentioned, deliver a certain schedule marked with the letter O; and whereas in the said enactment the word slaves hath by inadvertence been employed instead of the words apprenticed labourers, it is, therefore, further ordered, that for the word slaves, as occurring in the said enactment, the words apprenticed labourers shall be substituted, and that the said Ordinance, and each and every part thereof, shall be construed and carried into execution in such and the same manner as if the words apprenticed labourers had been, and as if the word slaves had not been, employed in the said enactment.

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance, amongst other things, enacted, that every non-prædial apprenticed labourer shall be bound and obliged to work and labour ten hours in each and every day in the year, with such exceptions as therein mentioned, in the service, and for the benefit of his or her employer; and it is thereby declared that a day's labour of a non-prædial apprenticed labourer shall be such a portion of specified work as can be performed by each non-prædial apprenticed labourer by assiduous and steady industry during the space of ten hours; now, it is further ordered, that for the word ten, as twice occurring in the said enactment, the word nine shall be substituted, and that the said Ordinance, and each and every part thereof, shall be construed and carried into execution in such and the same manner as if the word nine had been, and as if the word ten had not been, so twice employed in the said enactment.

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for such district sessions as therein mentioned to adjudge such extra labour as therein mentioned, if necessary, to be performed after the expiration of such

such apprenticeship as therein mentioned, and that if such labour shall be adjudged to be performed after the expiration of the apprenticeship, then it shall be lawful to adjudge such fifteen hours per week, as therein mentioned, to be performed in addition to the number of seven hours and a half per day, to be reckoned a part of the number of hours adjudged to be performed, until the whole shall in like manner have been completed; now, it is hereby ordered, that so much of the said Ordinance as last aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby disallowed.

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance enacted, that if any employer of any apprenticed labourer shall whip, beat, imprison, confine in the stocks, or otherwise maltreat any such apprenticed labourer, or shall by way of punishment, commit any assault upon his person, such employer shall incur a penalty to be imposed by the district session of Special Justices, not exceeding £20. with imprisonment for any time not exceeding one month in default of the payment of such fine; and that in any case as last aforesaid it shall be competent to such district sessions to award the whole or any part of such penalty to the apprenticed labourer injured, as and for damages for such assault, and that it shall also be competent to such district sessions, if the case be of an aggravated nature, if it shall seem meet, to abstain from imposing such penalty and to commit the offender to take his trial for such offence before either of the Supreme Courts of the colony having jurisdiction in the premises; and whereas doubts might arise whether consistently with the provisions last aforesaid it would be competent to any such apprenticed labourer as aforesaid to maintain any civil suit or action against such his or her employer for, or in respect of, any such injury as aforesaid, and doubts might also arise whether, consistently with such provisions any prosecution could be commenced in either of the Supreme Courts aforesaid against any such

such employer as aforesaid, for any such offence as aforesaid, unless the offender were committed to take his trial for such offence by such district sessions; now, for the removal of any such doubts it is further ordered and declared, that it is and shall be competent for any such labourer as aforesaid to maintain any civil suit or action against his or her employer for any such whipping, beating, imprisonment, confinement in the stocks, maltreatment, or assault as aforesaid, and that any such employer shall for any such offence be subject and liable to be prosecuted, tried, convicted, and punished, before either of the Supreme Courts of the said colony having jurisdiction in the premises, although he or she may not have been committed to take his or her trial for such offence by such district sessions, any thing in the said Ordinance to the contrary contained notwithstanding: provided nevertheless, and it is further ordered, that when and so often as any such employer shall, upon the complaint of any such apprenticed labourer as aforesaid, have been sentenced by any such district sessions to any such penalty as aforesaid, or shall by such district sessions have been committed to take his or her trial for any such offence as aforesaid, it shall not be competent for any such labourer as aforesaid to maintain any such civil suit or action as aforesaid for and in respect of the same act, matter, or thing.

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance, amongst other things, enacted, that every apprenticed labourer found beyond the limits of the district to which he or she belongs, or in which he or she may be employed, except in his or her way to or from some place of public worship on Sundays, and not having with him or her a written pass for that purpose from his or her employer, or from a Special Justice of such district, shall be liable to be apprehended and detained, and shall on proof and conviction that he or she shall have left his or her district without a pass be adjudged a vagabond and punished accordingly: pro-

provided, however, that it shall be competent to every apprenticed labourer of his or her own free will, and without a pass, to attend, during his or her own time, any market of the district in which he or she may reside; be it therefore, and it is hereby ordered, that so much as last aforesaid of the said Ordinance shall be and the same is hereby disallowed.

And it is further ordered, that if any apprenticed labourer shall be found at any place distant more than five miles from his place of residence, not having with him a written pass for that purpose from his or her employer, or from some one or more of the Special Justices of the district to which he or she belongs, such apprenticed labourer shall be liable to be apprehended and taken before any Special Justice, and upon proof before such Justice made of the facts aforesaid, such apprenticed labourer shall be adjudged a vagabond and punished accordingly; provided, nevertheless, that nothing herein, or in the said Ordinance contained, shall subject to any such punishment any apprenticed labourer absenting himself or herself without such pass as aforesaid, at any distance within the said colony from his or her residence during any time in which he or she may not be bound to labour in the service of his or her employer, if such apprenticed labourer shall be so absent in the prosecution of his or her lawful business, or in attendance upon, or in the way to or from, any place of public worship, and shall establish to the satisfaction of any Special Justice before whom he or she may be so brought, that his or her absence took place during such time only, and was occasioned only by any such cause only as aforesaid.

And whereas it is by the said Ordinance, amongst other things, enacted, that the right or interest of any employer or employers to and in the services of any such apprenticed labourer aforesaid, shall pass and be transferrable by bargain and sale, contract, deed,

deed, conveyance, will, or descent, according to the provisions of the said Act of Parliament; and whereas doubts might arise whether such right or interest would also be liable to be seized and taken in execution and sold under process of law in satisfaction of any sentence or judgment of any Court of competent jurisdiction, now, for the removal of such doubts, be it further enacted and declared, that such right and interest as aforesaid, is and shall be liable to be seized and taken in execution and sold under process of law in satisfaction of any sentence or judgment of any Court of competent jurisdiction; provided always that no such apprenticed labourer shall, under and by virtue of any such seizure or sale in execution, be liable to be dealt with in any manner prohibited by the said Act of Parliament or Ordinance, or deprived, or be debarred from the exercise of any right by the said Act of Parliament or Ordinance, or by this present Order, in such apprenticed labourer vested.

And the Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

SCHEDULES *of Allowances of Food, Clothing, and Household Furniture to be given to Slaves in the Colony of British Guiana.*

(X.)

Weekly Allowance of Food.

Description of Persons.	Salt Provisions.	Plantains.	Or other Farinaceous Food, in lieu of Plantains.
Class I. Males or Females above the age of twelve years.....	Three pounds of salt fish (Cod), or four pounds of Herrings, Mackerel or Shads; or two pounds of salt beef or pork; or four pounds of fresh beef or pork, with half a pint of salt.	Two bunches of full grown plantains, weighing at least 35lbs. each; if less, the deficiency to be made up—that is to say, the allowance not to be less than 70lbs. weight, without reference to bunches.	Twenty-five pounds of yams, or potatoes; or twenty pounds of eddoes, or tanyahs; or ten pints of wheat flour; or ten pints of Indian corn meal; or ten pints of rice.
Class II. Boys and Girls under the age of twelve years.....	One half of the above.	One half of the above.	One half of the above.

(Y.)

Yearly Allowance of Clothing.

MALES.—1 felt hat, 1 blue cloth jacket (lined), 1 pair of blue cloth trowsers, 1 pair of duck trowsers, 1 linen check shirt, 1 red woollen shirt, 1 woollen cap, 2 Salempores Laps, 1 knife, 1 razor, 1 blanket.

FEMALES.—1 felt hat, 2 handkerchiefs, 1 woollen wrapper, 1 Pennistone petticoat, 1 check shift (5 yards), 1 Salempores petticoat (4 yards), 1 Oznaburg petticoat (4 yards), 1 blanket, 1 pair of scissars.

CHILDREN from one to five years old to have, each, 3 check shirts, 1 blanket, and 1 woollen cap.

INFANTS.—1 piece of calico and 5 yards of check, each.

Allowance of Household Furniture.

To each dwelling-house, 1 table for meals.

To each of the persons in class 1 of schedule A, a saucepan for cooking, yearly.

To each family, an iron pot for cooking, yearly.

At the Council-Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 10th day of *June* 1834,

By a Committee of the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty under the authority of an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the abolition "of slavery throughout the British colonies; for "promoting the industry of the manumitted slaves; "and for compensating the persons hitherto entitled "to the services of such slaves;" have transmitted to the Lord President of the Council certain general rules framed by the said Commissioners, under the 55th clause of the said Act, for the colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius; and whereas the said rules have been laid by the Lord President of the Council before His Majesty in Council, who has been pleased to refer the same to this Committee:

It is, thereupon, ordered by their Lordships, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, that the said rules (which are hereunto annexed) be published three times in the London Gazette:

And their Lordships are pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that all persons interested in or affected by such general rules may, within nine months from the date of this Order, appeal against any such rules to His Majesty in Council. *C. C. Greville.*

Office

Office of Commissioners of Compensation, No. 25, Great George-street, Westminster, May 16, 1834.

GENERAL RULES *under the 55th Clause of the Act, 3d and 4th Will. 4th, c. 73, for the Colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius.*

WHEREAS by an Act, of the 3d and 4th Will. 4, c. 73, intituled "An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;" the Commissioners to be appointed thereby for apportioning and distributing the compensation provided by the said Act, are authorised and required by the 55th clause to frame and publish general rules, to be confirmed, allowed, and enrolled, as thereby directed, prescribing the form and manner of proceeding to be observed by any claimant or claimants preferring their claims under the said Act, upon the prosecution of such claims, and in making any opposition to the same, and for the conduct of the proceedings under the said Commission:

We, therefore, the undersigned Commissioners, in obedience to the directions of the said 55th clause, have drawn up and framed, in so far as relates to the colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius, the following

RULES:

1st. That all persons in possession of and claiming compensation for any slave or slaves to be manumitted under the said Act, shall prefer their claims before the Assistant Commissioners in the said colonies in which the said slave or slaves are registered

tered or settled, within three months after the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, at the Cape of Good Hope, and within three months after the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, at Mauritius, in the form hereunto annexed, marked (B).

2d. That every such claim shall be accompanied by a certificate signed by the Registrar of Slaves of the colony in which such claim shall be made, that the number of slaves mentioned in such claim (except any increase by birth since the last registry, as mentioned at the foot of such claim), are duly registered, together with the name or names of the person or persons by whom such slave or slaves have been registered; and in case the property in any slave or slaves shall have been changed, between the last registration and the first day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, at the Cape of Good Hope, and the first day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, at Mauritius, the claimant must briefly state his title from the person in whose name the slaves were last registered.

3d. That the said Assistant Commissioners shall from time to time, with all convenient speed, after receipt thereof, make out complete lists of all such claims according to the form following, that is to say:

Name and Description of Claimant, or person in possession of the Slaves.	Plantation, or other Domicile of Slaves.	Number of Slaves.

and

and shall cause the same to be published in the different newspapers of the said colony, or shall make the same known in such manner as to them shall seem most effectual for giving notice of the subject of such claim to all parties interested therein, in all parts of the said colony.

4th. That such claims for compensation be made to the Assistant Commissioners, in the said colonies, in duplicate, and that one part be transmitted by them to the Commissioners in London, and filed in their office, and the other kept and filed in the office of the Assistant Commissioners.

5th. That any person having, or claiming to have, any right, title, or interest in or to or any mortgage, judgment, charge, incumbrance, or lien upon any slave or slaves included in such claims, or any right, title, or interest thereto, under or by virtue of any deed, will, testamentary instrument, or conveyance whatsoever, or in any other manner whatsoever, and claiming to receive the compensation for such slave or slaves, or any of them, in opposition to the original claimant, shall prefer a counter claim before the Assistant Commissioners in the said colonies on or before the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five at the Cape of Good Hope, and on or before the first day of November one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, at Mauritius.

6th. That in case no original claim shall have been filed before the Assistant Commissioners in the said colonies within the times limited by the first rule for that purpose, any person claiming a right to receive the compensation, or any part thereof, under the fifth rule, may prefer his claim thereto before the said Assistant Commissioners, instead of a counter claim, and such claim shall be deemed and taken

taken and be made in the same form, and be subject to the same rules of proceeding in all respects as a counter claim, and with the same liberty of replying thereto as hereinafter directed, as if an original claim had been preferred.

7th. That in cases in which no counter claim shall have been preferred in the said colonies within the respective times in the 5th rule mentioned, the Assistant Commissioners within the said colonies shall report the amount of compensation which may appear to them to be due upon each of the several claims, on application of the parties, or their agents, and transmit forthwith copies or lists of such several reports to the Commissioners in London, who may thereupon proceed to award the compensation according to the several claims upon the application of the parties or their agents.

8th. That in all cases in which a counter claim for the whole or any part of the compensation shall be preferred, such counter claim shall set forth the estate or interest, right or title, intended to be insisted on, and the dates, parties, and legal effect of the deeds or other instruments under which the counter claim is made, with the date of registration in the proper office in the colony; and in all cases of mortgage, judgment, charge, incumbrance, or lien, such counter claim shall also set forth for what sum the same was granted or recovered, what payments (if any) have been made thereon, and the dates of such payments, and what remains due thereon, whether the same is the prior lien or otherwise, on the property included therein, and also the legal effect of such securities upon slaves, according to the law and usage of the colony in which such slaves have been registered or settled; and that in addition thereto the substance of such counter claim be embodied and ar-

arranged in the tabular form hereunto annexed, marked (C).

9th. That upon such counter claim being filed within the limited periods aforesaid, notice thereof be forthwith given by the party making the same to the party against whom it is made, or his agent, and a copy thereof be furnished to such party or his agent, on application to the Assistant Commissioners in the colony.

10th. That within two months after such counter claim has been filed, and such notice given, the original claimant may file a replication to the said counter claim before the Assistant Commissioners, and give notice forthwith of such replication to the counter claimant, or his agent, and a copy thereof be furnished to such counter claimant, or his agent, on application to the Assistant Commissioners in the colony.

11th. That in case no replication be filed within the time aforesaid, the Assistant Commissioners may, on proof of notice of the counter claim having been served on the original claimant, or his agent, proceed to consider the claim and counter claim, and report the amount of compensation which may appear to them to be due upon each of the several claims and counter claims, upon application of any of the parties or their agents, and transmit copies or lists of such several reports to the Commissioners in London, who may thereupon proceed to award the compensation accordingly, upon the application of any of the parties or their agents.

12th. That in case a replication shall be filed within the times hereinbefore limited, the Assistant Commissioners may, either upon application of any of the parties interested, or their agents for such purpose, or if to the said Assistant Commissioners it shall seem fit, direct proof to be adduced in support

of such claim, counter claim, or replication, by the production of deeds or other documents, or by interrogatories on oath or affirmation, to be drawn and exhibited to the parties or witnesses, or by affidavits, or by *vivâ voce* examination of witnesses, as the case may require.

13th. That on such proof as aforesaid being made the Assistant Commissioners shall, on the application of any of the parties interested, or their agents, cause a notice to issue to all the claimants and counter claimants in such proceedings named, that the said Assistant Commissioners will on a day in such notice to be named, proceed to consider and ascertain the amount of compensation which may appear to be due to the parties respectively; copies of such notice to be served by the party applying for the same on all such claimants and counter claimants, or their agents.

14th. That the said Assistant Commissioners shall thereupon proceed according to the several rules hereinbefore stated, and according to the general rules framed by the Commissioners under the 47th clause, when they shall be confirmed, allowed, and enrolled as directed by the said Act, to ascertain and report the amount of compensation appearing to be due to any of the litigant parties, and transmit forthwith lists or copies of their proceedings and reports to the Commissioners.

15th. That the Commissioners shall upon such proceedings and reports being received from the Assistant Commissioners, proceed to the adjudication and award of the compensation which shall appear to be due according to such lists, reports, and proceedings.

16th. That all persons claiming to act on behalf of any party interested in the said compensation monies shall lodge with the Commissioners, or Assistant Commissioners, as the case may be, a power of attorney,

torney, or other authority, under the hand of the party or parties so interested, to be registered in the proceedings of the said Commissioners, or Assistant Commissioners, and no other than the person or persons named in such power of attorney or authority shall be entitled to act in that behalf so long as such power shall continue in force.

(B.)—*Form of Claim for the Compensation to be awarded for Slaves:*

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same number as return.)

The claim of A. B. of , in the parish of (as owner [*a*] in fee, &c.), (by C. D. his attorney, as the case may be), to the compensation for slaves, in the possession of the said A. B. on the { 1st day of December 1834 at the Cape of Good Hope, / 1st day of February 1835 at Mauritius, } duly registered (except as under mentioned), [*b*] and described in the return made thereof on the day of 183 . (Signed, &c.)

[*a*] Character in which the claim is made, as—owner in fee, tenant in tail for life or years, mortgagee, trustee, receiver, guardian, sequestrator, committee, executor, administrator, or otherwise.

[*b*] In case any children shall have been born between the last registration and the { 1st December 1834 at the Cape of Good Hope, / 1st February 1835 at Mauritius, } and included in the return, their names, ages, and names of mothers to be stated at foot of the claim.

And in case the property in any slave or slaves shall have been changed between the last registration and the { 1st December 1834 at the Cape of Good Hope, / 1st February 1835 at Mauritius, } the claimant must briefly state his title from the person in whose name the slaves were last registered.

(C.)

Form of Counter Claim:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same No. as claim or return.)

The counter claim of A. B. of , (by C. D. his attorney, as the case may be), in respect of certain slaves registered in the said colony, and in the possession of , and described in the return thereof.—Dated the day of 183 .

(Particulars of counter claim.)

Schedule to Counter Claim:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same No. as the claim or return.)

Name and Address of Party preferring Counter Claim.	Description of Estate, Right, Title, or Interest of Counter Claimant, with a reference to Documents in support thereof.	Amount due on Mortgage, Judgment, or other Lien or Incumbrance, in Sterling Money.	Description of Slaves being the object of Counter Claim.	No. of Slaves.	Estimated Value of Slaves in Sterling, comprised in Counter Claim.
			Prædial attached. 1 Head people ..... 2 Tradesmen..... 3 Inferior tradesmen .. 4 Field labourers .... 5 Inferior field labourers		
			Prædial unattached. 1 Head people ..... 2 Tradesmen..... 3 Inferior tradesmen .. 4 Field labourers .... 5 Inferior field labourers		
			Non-prædial. 1 Head tradesmen.... 2 Inferior tradesmen .. 3 Head people employed on wharfs, shipping, or other avocations..... 4 Inferior people, of the same description ..... 5 Head domestic servants ..... 6 Inferior domestics ..		
			Children under six years of age on the 1st day of December 1834 at the Cape of Good Hope, 1st day of February 1835 at Mauritius ..... Aged, diseased, or otherwise non-effective		

(Signed) JOHN BONHAM CARTER. (L. S.)
JAMES LEWIS. (L. S.)
JOHN GEORGE SHAW LEFEVRE. (L. S.)
SAMUEL DUCKWORTH. (L. S.)
THOMAS AMYOT. (L. S.)
HASTINGS ELWIN. (L. S.)
HENRY FREDERICK STEPHENSON. (L. S.)

Whitehall, June 9, 1834.

An Address of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, expressing satisfaction that the system of slavery will, before the termination of the present year, stand abolished for ever throughout the British dominions, having been transmitted by Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven, His Majesty's Commissioner, to Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to the King, and was very graciously received by His Majesty.

Whitehall, June 7, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing George Baron Auckland; Rear-Admiral Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy, Bart. G. C. B.; Rear-Admiral the Honourable George Heneage Lawrence Dundas, C. B.; Captain Sir Samuel John Brooke Pechell, Bart. C. B.; Henry Labouchere, Esq.; and Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, to be His Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

Whitehall, June 10, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, granting to Robert Shapland Carew,

of Castleboro, in the county of Wexford, and of Woodstown, in the county of Waterford, Esq. and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, the dignity of a Baron of that part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Carew, of the county of Wexford.

St. James's-Palace, May 27, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General Joseph MacLean, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Commandant at Woolwich.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 13, 1834.

Whitehall, June 13, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable James Abercromby to be Master and Worker of His Majesty's Mint.

Foreign-Office, June 13, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Adolphe Frederic Schätzler, as Consul in London for His Majesty the King of Greece.

Crown-

Crown-Office, June 13, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Fermanagh.

Mervyn Archdall, Esq. in the room of Mervyn Archdall, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 17, 1834.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, June 14, 1834.

BY command of His Majesty, notice is hereby given, that all carriages going to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 19th of June, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, in Piccadilly, go down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, and come out of the Palace-yard by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, passing through the same gate as when they set down, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, but must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for carriages of persons having the *entrée*, which are to proceed down Constitution-hill, and enter the Palace at the Stable-yard gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out at the gateway in Cleveland-row; turn to the left, and wait in Cleveland-row, the Stable-yard, or St. James's-park, till called for; then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away through the same gateway, and go up the left hand side of St. James's-street. The carriages of Ambassadors, the Ministers, and Great Officers of State, may remain in the Ambassadors' court till called for.

Westminster, June 16, 1834.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to repeal certain duties on inhabited dwelling-houses.

An

An Act to amend an Act, of the eleventh year of King George the Second, respecting the apportionment of rents, annuities, and other periodical payments.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the thirty-third year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, to regulate the conveyance and sale of fish at first hand.

An Act for amending certain provisions of an Act, of the thirty-sixth of George the Third, for regulating the buying and selling of hay and straw.

An Act to enable the Proprietors or Shareholders in a Company or Association, styled "The United Kingdom Life Assurance Company," to sue and be sued in the name of one of their Directors or Secretary.

An Act to enable the Suffolk and General Country Amicable Insurance Office to sue and be sued in the name of one of their Treasurers, or of any one of their Directors; and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to amend an Act, of the fifty-fourth year of King George the Third, for enabling the West of England Fire and Life Insurance Company to sue and be sued in the name of their Secretary, and to give further powers to the said Company.

An Act to incorporate the Subscribers to Saint George's Hospital, at Hyde Park Corner, and for better enabling them to carry on their charitable designs.

An Act for supplying with water the inhabitants of the town and parish of Brighthelmstone, and the parishes of Hove and Preston, in the county of Sussex.

An Act to repeal an Act, of the forty-ninth year of King George the Third, for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts within the parish of Merthyr Tidfil, and other places therein mentioned,

in

in the counties of Glamorgan, Brecon, and Monmouth.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for paving, lighting, watching, and otherwise improving Grosvenor-place, and several streets and other public places in the parishes of St. George, Hanover-square, and St. Luke, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act for better supplying the borough of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, and the neighbourhood thereof, with water.

An Act for improving the port and harbour of Aberavon, in the county of Glamorgan.

An Act to provide for lighting the suburbs of the city of Gloucester with gas.

An Act for erecting, establishing, and maintaining a market in the parish of St. George the Martyr, in the borough of Southwark, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for building a bridge over the water from the town and county of the town of Poole to the parish of Hainworthy, in the county of Dorset, with an approach thereto.

An Act for lighting, watching, cleansing, paving, and otherwise improving the town of Chippenham, in the county of Wilts.

An Act for preserving and maintaining the piers and harbour of Cromarty.

An Act for removing the markets held in the town and borough of Monmouth, in the county of Monmouth, and for providing other market places in lieu thereof.

An Act to amend two Acts, passed in the ninth and tenth years of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for building a bridge over the River Thames at Staines, in the county of Middlesex, and for making proper approaches thereto.

An Act for deepening, extending, and improving the

the navigation of the River Dart, from Totnes-bridge to Langham Wood Point, in the county of Devon.

An Act for better lighting the city of Gloucester and its suburbs with gas, and for enlarging the capital of the Gloucester Gas Light Company.

An Act for making a navigable canal from the Bridgewater and Taunton Canal, in the parish of Creech St. Michael, in the county of Somerset, and terminating in the parish of Chard, in the same county, with a collateral cut therein described.

An Act to enable the Gloucester and Berkeley Canal Company to take water from the River Froome, and to alter and enlarge the powers of the several Acts for making and maintaining the said canal.

An Act to enable the Grand Junction Railway Company to alter and extend the line of such railway, and to make a branch therefrom to Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford; and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to enable the Hartlepool Dock and Railway Company to make a new branch of railway to the city of Durham; and for amending an Act of the second year of His present Majesty, relative to the Hartlepool Railway.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from the Hartlepool Railway, near to Moorsley, to the Stanhope and Tyne Railroad, in the township of Usworth, all in the county of Durham.

An Act for extending the time for completing the Wishaw and Coltness Railway, in the county of Lanark.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the road from Stafford to Church-bridge, and the road from Stafford to Uttoxeter, in the county of Stafford, and also the road from Stafford to Newport, in the county of Salop.

An Act for more effectually repairing certain roads from

from Scaddow-gate, in the parish of Ticknall, to the Burton-upon-Trent and Ashby road; and for making new branches of road, in the counties of Derby and Leicester.

An Act for more effectually making, amending, widening, repairing, and maintaining certain roads and bridges in the counties of Dumbarton and Stirling.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, of the ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled "An Act for more effectually repairing several roads leading through the county of Selkirk, and for better making and repairing the said roads and other roads in the said county, and in the vicinity thereof.

An Act for more effectually draining and preserving certain fen lands and low grounds in the parishes of Stoke Ferry, Northwold, Wretton, Wereham, West Dereham, Roxham, Fordham, Denver, Downham Market, Wimsbotsham, and Stow Bardolph, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for embanking, draining, and otherwise improving lands in the parishes of Holbeach and Gedney, in the county of Lincoln.

And fifteen private Acts.

St. James's-Palace, June 16, 1834.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland has been pleased to appoint Captain Slade, of the 3d Light Dragoons, to be one of His Royal Highness's Equerries.

Crown-

Crown-Office, June 17, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, June 18, 1834.

THIS day had audience of His Majesty, the Count Bjornstjerna, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden and Norway, and Count Mandelsloh, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtemberg, to take leave upon going to the Continent on leave of absence:

To which audiences they were introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, June 20, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing Charles Earl Grey, K.G.; the Right Honourable John Charles Spencer (commonly called Viscount Althorp); Robert Vernon Smith, Esq.; the Honourable George Ponsonby; Robert Graham, Esq.; and Captain George Stevens Byng; to be Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

Whitehall, June 19, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, granting the office or place of Advocate General or Judge Martial of His Majesty's Forces, to Robert Cutlar Fergusson, Esq.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, granting to Andrew Leith Hay, Esq. the office of Clerk of the Ordnance.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 24, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, June 18, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Hugh Pigot, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 27, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 27, 1834.

THE following regulation must be observed by all persons (His Majesty's subjects), upon presentation to the King:

The person being presented is to kneel upon the right knee and kiss His Majesty's hand, then rise, bow and retire.

St. James's-Palace, June 25, 1834.

A Petition to the King from the British and other Inhabitants of the city of Calcutta, humbly praying that matters of fact in issue before the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William, may be made triable by jury in civil as well as criminal actions, suits, and proceedings, under such rules and modifications as to His Majesty shall seem fit, was this day presented to His Majesty at the Levee, and graciously received.

St. James's-Palace, June 5, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Humphrey le Fleming Senhouse, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverion Guelphic Order.

Crown-Office, June 27, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Edinburgh.

The Right Honourable James Abercromby, Master and Worker of His Majesty's Mint.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 1, 1834.

Westminster, June 27, 1834.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for the amendment of the law relative to the escheat and forfeiture of real and personal property holden in trust.

An Act for establishing a general cemetry in the neighbourhood of the city of Dublin.

An Act for establishing a market within the town of Fishguard, in the county of Pembroke.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His late Majesty and first year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled

tituled " An Act for enlarging, improving, and maintaining the port and harbour of Perth, for improving the navigation of the River Tay to the said city, and for other purposes therewith connected.

An Act for the making and maintaining a railway from Hayle, in the parish of St. Erth, in the county of Cornwall, to Tresavean Mine, in the parish of Gwennap, in the said county, with several branches therefrom.

An Act to encourage the working of mines and quarries in Ireland, and to regulate a joint stock company for that purpose, to be called the West Cork Mining Company.

An Act to enable the Carmarthenshire Railway or Tramroad Company to raise a further sum of money, and to amend the Act relating to the said Company.

An Act to enable the Edinburgh and Dalkeith Railway Company to make a branch from the said railway to the town of Dalkeith, and to extend the Leith branch of the said railway, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for making and for more effectually maintaining and repairing certain roads in the county of Lanark, and for building a bridge over the River Clyde at Crossford, in the said county.

An Act for more effectually repairing certain roads from Kingsbridge to Dartmouth, and for making new branches to and from the same, all in the county of Devon.

An Act for amending, varying the tolls, and extending the term of an Act, of the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, for amending and keeping in repair the mail coach road leading from Banbridge, in the county of Down, to Belfast, in the county of Antrim.

An Act for making the hamlet of Hammersmith, within the parish of Fulham, in the county of Middlesex, a distinct and separate parish; and for converting the perpetual curacy of the church of Saint Paul,

Paul, Hammersmith, into a vicarage, and for the endowment thereof.

An Act to commute for a corn rent, the tithes and dues payable to the rectors and vicar of the parish of Kendal otherwise Kirby Kendal, in the county of Westmorland.

And fifteen private Acts.

Crown-Office, July 1, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Chatham.

George Stevens Byng, Esq. in the room of William Leder Maberly, Esq. who has accepted the office of one of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs.

Crown-Office, July 1, 1834.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Summer Assizes, 1834, viz.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *Thomas Lord Denman,* Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Justice *Patteson.*

Southampton, Thursday, July 10, at the Castle of Winchester.

Wiltshire, Tuesday, July 15, at New Sarum.

Dorsetshire, Saturday, July 19, at Dorchester.

Devonshire, Saturday, July 26, at the Castle of Exeter.

City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of Exeter.

Corn-

Cornwall, Saturday, August 2, at Bodmin.
Somersetshire, Saturday, August 9, at the City of Wells.
City of Bristol, Saturday, August 16, at the Guildhall of the City of Bristol.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *Nicolas Conyngham Tindal,* Knt. Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Justice *Littledale.*

Hertfordshire, Thursday, July 10, at Hertford.
Essex, Monday, July 14, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Monday, July 21, at Maidstone.
Sussex, Saturday, July 26, at Lewes.
Surrey, Thursday, July 31, at Guildford.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *John Singleton Lord Lyndhurst,* Lord Chief Baron.
Mr. Baron *Gurney.*

Yorkshire, Saturday, July 12, at the Castle of York.
City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.
Durham, Saturday, July 26, at Durham.
Northumberland, Wednesday, July 30, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Cumberland, Saturday, August 2, at Carlisle.
Westmorland, Thursday, August 7, at Appleby.
Lancashire, Saturday, August 9, at the Castle of Lancaster.

MID-

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Park.*
Mr. Justice *Taunton.*

Northamptonshire, Monday, July 7, at Northampton.
Rutlandshire, Friday, July 11, at Oakham.
Lincolnshire, Saturday, July 12, at the Castle of Lincoln.
City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.
Nottinghamshire, Thursday, July 17, at Nottingham.
Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.
Derbyshire, Monday, July 21, at Derby.
Leicestershire, Friday, July 25, at the Castle of Leicester.
Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.
City of Coventry, Tuesday, July 29, at the City of Coventry.
Warwickshire, the same day, at Warwick.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Gaselee.*
Mr. Justice *Bosanquet.*

Buckinghamshire, Thursday, July 10, at Buckingham.
Bedfordshire, Monday, July 14, at Bedford.
Huntingdonshire, Thursday, July 17, at Huntingdon.
Cambridgeshire, Saturday, July 19, at Cambridge.
Suffolk, Wednesday, July 23, at Bury St. Edmund's.
Norfolk, Saturday, July 26, at the Castle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of Norwich.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Alderson.*
Mr. Justice *Williams.*

Berkshire, Thursday, July 10, at Abingdon.
Oxfordshire, Tuesday, July 15, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Friday, July 18, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.
Staffordshire, Tuesday, July 22, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Tuesday, July 29, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Saturday, August 2, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Wednesday, August 6, at Monmouth.
Gloucestershire, Saturday, August 9, at Gloucester.
City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER and PRINCIPALITY of WALES.

Mr. Justice *Vaughan.*
Mr. Baron *Parke.*

Glamorganshire, Monday, July 7, at Cardiff.
Carmarthenshire, Saturday, July 12, at Carmarthen.
Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.
Montgomeryshire, Saturday, July 12, at Welch Pool.
Merionethshire, Wednesday, July 16, at Dolgelly.
Pembrokeshire, Saturday, July 19, at Haverfordwest.
Town of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.
Carnarvonshire, Saturday, July 19, at Carnarvon.
Cardiganshire, Thursday, July 24, at Cardigan.
Anglesey, Wednesday, July 23, at Beaumaris.

Den-

Denbighshire, Saturday, July 26, at Ruthin.
Brecknockshire, Saturday, July 26, at Brecon.
Flintshire, Thursday, July 31, at Mold.
Radnorshire, Thursday, July 31, at Presteign.
Cheshire, Saturday, August 2, at Chester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 4, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's,* the 2d day of *July* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in the fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty an Act was passed, intituled "An Act for the appointment of convenient "places for the holding of assizes in England and "Wales," it was, among other things, declared and enacted that His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, should have power from time to time to order and direct at what place or places, in any county in England or Wales, the assizes and sessions under the commissions of gaol delivery, and other commissions for the dispatch of civil and criminal business shall be holden; now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in exercise of the authority thereby vested in His Majesty in that behalf, His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order and direct, that from

and after the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the assizes and sessions under the commissions of gaol delivery, and other commissions for the dispatch of civil and criminal business, in and for the county of Glamorgan, shall be holden as follows, that is to say, in the Spring in every year at Swansea, in the said county, and in the Summer of every year at Cardiff, in the said county:

And the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly. *Wm. L. Bathurst.*

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 2d day of *July* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in the third year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, an Act was passed, intituled "An Act for further continuing, altering, and amending several Acts for the better regulation of lastage and ballastage in the River Thames; and for enabling the Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond to reduce, alter, modify, relinquish, or abolish dues payable to the said Corporation; and for other purposes connected therewith;" whereby, after reciting, among other things, that "under the authority and by virtue of the several Acts of Parliament therein recited, as well as of other Acts of Parliament, and of divers charters, grants, and letters patent of Kings and Queens of this realm, and also by prescriptive right, the Masters, Wardens, and Assistants for the time being of the Trinity-house of Deptford Strond aforesaid have "col-

" collected, taken, levied, and received, from or in
" respect of ships and vessels requiring ballast, the
" several rates and prices specified in the said Act
" of the forty-fifth year of the reign of His said
" late Majesty King George the Third, and certain
" dues or duties, rates or tolls of various denomi-
" nations from or in respect of all British ships and
" vessels, and from or in respect of all foreign ships
" and vessels entering or departing from the ports,
" harbours, or roadsteads of the United Kingdom
" of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the
" Masters, Wardens, and Assistants of the Trinity-
" house of Deptford Strond aforesaid have not by
" the terms of the said several Acts of Parliament,
" charters, grants, and letters patent, or any of
" them, any power to reduce, modify, alter, relin-
" quish, or abolish any of the rates, prices, dues,
" duties, and tolls imposed or granted, collected,
" taken, levied, and received as aforesaid; and that
" it is expedient that the said Master, Wardens,
" and Assistants should be empowered (under the
" regulations thereinafter contained) to reduce, alter,
" modify, relinquish, or abolish, and at any time or
" times thereafter to revive and re-establish any of
" the rates, prices, dues, duties, and tolls aforesaid,
" or any part or parts thereof, from time to time as
" to them the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants
" should seem meet, just, and reasonable;" it is,
amongst other things, enacted, that the Master,
Wardens, and Assistants for the time being of the
Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond
aforesaid shall be, and they are thereby, authorised
and empowered from time to time, and at any
time or times thereafter, upon the requisition or
with the consent of His Majesty, His heirs and
successors, in His or Their Most Honourable Privy
Council, to reduce, relinquish, abolish, alter, or
modify all or any or either of the rates, prices, dues,
duties, or tolls imposed or granted by the said
seve-

several grants, charters, or Acts of Parliament, or any of them, or collected, taken, levied, and received under the authority thereof respectively, or by ancient usage, custom, or prescription, or any part or parts thereof, so far as may be consistent with the charitable and other uses, purposes, and intents for which the said Corporation has been established and maintained; and that it shall also be lawful for the Master, Wardens, and Assistants for the time being of the said Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond, at any time or times after the passing thereof, to revive and re-establish any rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls which may have been relinquished or abolished, or to increase, or otherwise alter or modify, any rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls which may have been reduced, altered, or modified under the authority of the said Act, and so from time to time to relinquish or abolish, and revive or re-establish, and reduce or increase, alter or modify, all or any of such rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls as occasion may require, so as, nevertheless, that no such rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls shall at any time be increased beyond the amount which might be collected, taken, levied, or received by the said Corporation in respect thereof before the passing of the said Act; and it is thereby provided, that no such relinquishment, abolition, reduction, alteration, or modification, or subsequent revival re-establishment, increase, alteration, or modification, of any such rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls, or any or either of them, or any part or parts thereof, shall at any time be deemed valid or take effect until the same shall have been submitted by the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants to, and shall have been assented to and confirmed by, His Majesty, His heirs, or successors, in His or Their Most Honourable Privy Council, and such assent and confirmation shall have been signified in writing unto the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants; and that it shall be

be lawful for the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants to fix and determine the period (so that the same do not exceed three calendar months, from the receipt by them of such assent or confirmation as aforesaid), from and after which, all and every the rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls so relinquished or abolished, shall be discontinued and no longer collected, taken, levied, or received, or from and after which, all and every the rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls so received or re-established, reduced, increased, altered, or modified respectively as aforesaid, shall and may be collected, received, levied, or taken:

And whereas the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants have submitted to His Majesty in His Most Honourable Privy Council, that the rates of duty now payable for the buoys in the River Exe, be reduced as follows, that is to say:

	Present Rates.	Proposed Rates.
British vessels and Foreign vessels privileged, in respect of charges	One penny per ton per voyage.	One halfpenny per ton per voyage.
Foreign vessels not privileged	Two pence.	One penny.
Stone boats	Five shillings each per annum, as at present.	

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in exercise of the authority thereby vested in His Majesty in Council in that behalf, His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, doth assent to and confirm the said proposed reduction, and it is hereby ordered that such assent and confirmation be signified in writing unto the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, by the Clerk of His Majesty's

jesty's Council in waiting, to the intent that in further pursuance of the said Act, the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, do fix and determine the period not exceeding three calendar months, from the receipt by them of such assent or confirmation, from and after which the rates and duties so reduced, may be collected, received, levied, and taken.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Whitehall, July 4, 1834.

The following Address having been transmitted by R. Strachey, Esq. to the Right Honourable Viscount Melbourne, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

WE, the undersigned, your Majesty's most loyal and devoted subjects, residing in Shepton Mallet and its vicinity, beg hereby to assure your Majesty, that we are animated by the most sincere attachment to your Royal Person, and, at the same time, that we feel such confidence in your Majesty's Government, as to believe that it will act with becoming prudence and with an equitable regard to the civil and religious interests of all your Majesty's subjects, in connection with the important questions which are now before Parliament.

Shepton Mallet, June 7, 1834.

[Here follow the signatures.]

St.

St. James's-Palace, July 2, 1834.

This day had audience of His Majesty, the Prince of Lieven, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of all the Russias, to deliver his Letter of Recall; and Monsieur de Gersdorff, Minister Resident from the King of Saxony, to take leave *pro tempore:*

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, July 2, 1834.

This day the Prince of Lieven, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of all the Russias, had audience of Her Majesty to take leave:

To which he was introduced by the Earl of Denbigh, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, July 2, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint James Ivory, Esq. to be Sheriff Depute of the shire or sheriffdom of the island of Bute, in the room of Samuel M'Cormick, Esq. deceased.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Robert Thomson, Esq. to be Sheriff Depute of the shire or sheriffdom of Caithness, in the room of James Ivory, Esq. appointed Sheriff Depute of the shire or sheriffdom of the island of Bute.

Crown-Office, July 4, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Finsbury.

Thomas Slingsby Duncombe, Esq. in the room of the Right Honourable Robert Grant, who has accepted the office of Governor of Bombay.

Burghs of Elgin, Cullen, Banff, Inverury, Kintore, and Peterhead.

Andrew Leith Hay, Esq. younger, of Rannes.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 8, 1834.

At the Council-Chamber, *Whitehall,* the 7th day of *July* 1834,

By a Committee of the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS by an Order of their Lordships, dated the seventeenth of April last, it was ordered and declared (in pursuance of the provisions of an Act of Parliamant, passed in the third and fourth year of His present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the abolition of slavery throughout the "British colonies; for promoting the industry of "the manumitted slaves; and for compensating the "persons hitherto entitled to the services of such "slaves;"), that all persons interested in or affected by certain General Rules annexed to the said Order, and framed, under the 47th and 55th clauses of the said Act, by the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty under the authority of the said Act, might, within six months from the date of the said Order, appeal against any such rules to His Majesty in Council:

And whereas the said Rules and Order were duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act of Parliament:

And whereas it is expedient that the time for receiving appeals against any of the Rules, so as

aforesaid framed under the 47th clause of the said Act, should be enlarged, in so far as relates to the colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius, to the period of nine months from the date of the said Order:

The Lords of the Committee (being three of the Lords of His Majesty's Privy Council) are therefore pleased (in exercise of the authority in them vested by the said Act) to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for receiving any such appeals as last aforesaid be, and the same is hereby, enlarged, in so far as relates to the colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius, to the period of nine months from the date of the said Order of the seventeenth of April last.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Crown-Office, July 8, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

Robert Cutlar Fergusson, Esq. of Orroland and Craigdarrock, Advocate General or Judge Martial of His Majesty's Forces.

County of Wexford.

Cadwallader Waddy, of Kilmacoe, in the county of Wexford, Esq. in the room of Robert Shapland Carew, Esq. now Lord Carew.

White-

Whitehall, July 7, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Duncan Rankine to the church and parish of North Knapdale, in the presbytery of Inverary and county of Argyll, vacant by the death of the Reverend Colin Campbell.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 11, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, July 9, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Aretas William Young, Esq. Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward's Island.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 15, 1834.

Whitehall, July 14, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, for granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to Stephen Love Hammick, of Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. surgeon, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, July 12, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Norman Macleod to the church and parish of North Uist, in the presbytery of North Uist and island of Uist, vacant by the death of the Reverend Finlay MacRae.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 18, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's,* the 16th day of *July* 1834.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Robert Cutlar Fergusson was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Whitehall, July 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing William Viscount Melbourne; the Right Honourable John Charles Spencer (commonly called Viscount Althorp); Robert Vernon Smith, Esq.; the Honourable George Ponsonby; Robert Graham, Esq.; and Captain George Stevens Byng; to be Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

White-

Whitehall, July 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom to the Right Honourable John William Ponsonby (commonly called Viscount Duncannon), and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Duncannon, of Bessborough, in the county of Kilkenny.

St. James's-Palace, July 16, 1834.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of Rear-Admiral Sir William Parker with the Ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.*

By command of the Sovereign, Rear-Admiral Sir William Parker was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders) bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty, the Rear-Admiral, kneeling, was knighted therewith; after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms, on his knee, presenting to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was pleased to invest Sir William Parker with the same.

The Rear-Admiral having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, retired.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 22, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *July* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Lord Duncannon to be one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, his Lordship was this day, by His Majesty's command, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

Whitehall, July 22, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Sir John Cam Hobhouse, Bart. William Dacres Adams, and Sir Benjamin Charles Stephenson, to be Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 29, 1834.

Westminster, July 25, 1834.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for transferring certain Annuities of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum into Annuities of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum; and for providing for paying off the persons who may dissent to such transfer.

An Act to alter, amend, and consolidate the laws for regulating the pensions, compensations, and allowances to be made to persons in respect of their having held civil offices in His Majesty's service.

An Act to alter and extend the provisions of an Act,

Act, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for amending and consolidating the laws relating to the pay of the Royal Navy.

An Act for facilitating the loan of money upon landed securities in Ireland.

An Act to abolish the practice of hanging the bodies of criminals in chains.

An Act for the better administration of justice in certain boroughs and franchises.

An Act for establishing a new court for the trial of offences committed in the metropolis and parts adjoining.

An Act to repeal so much of several Acts as requires deposits to be made upon teas sold at the sales of the East India Company.

An Act to repeal the laws relating to the contribution out of merchant seamen's wages towards the support of the Royal Naval Hospital at Greenwich; and for supplying other funds in lieu thereof.

An Act for reducing the tonnage rates payable in the port of London.

An Act for the better regulation of chimney sweepers and their apprentices, and for the safer construction of chimneys and flues.

An Act to amend the laws relative to marriages celebrated by Roman Catholic Priests, and Ministers not of the Established Church in Scotland.

An Act to facilitate the exchange of lands lying in common fields.

An Act to prohibit any further lotteries under an Act, passed in the first and second years of the reign of His present Majesty, for the improvement of Glasgow.

An Act for continuing certain Acts for regulating the police of the city of Edinburgh and the adjoining districts, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for more effectually enforcing the due

execution of the office of constable in the city of London and liberties thereof.

An Act to alter, amend, enlarge, and extend the powers and provisions of several Acts for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the South London Waterworks to supply the inhabitants of the parish of Saint Giles Camberwell, and parts of the parish of Saint Mary's Lambeth, and several other parishes and places in the county of Surrey, with water; and to enable the said Company to supply the inhabitants of the several parishes of Saint Mary Lambeth, Saint Mary Newington, Saint George the Martyr, Saint Saviour, Saint John, Saint Thomas, Saint Olave, and Christchurch, all in the said county, with water.

An Act for better supplying with water the borough of Southwark, and parishes and places in the county of Surrey near thereto.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a new gaol and court-house and other offices for the burgh of Elgin and the county of Elgin and Forres; and for erecting and maintaining a new gaol and court-house and other offices for the burgh of Forres, and for other purposes relative thereto.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a gaol for the royal burgh of Dundee, in the county of Forfar.

An Act to amend and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the second year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for granting certain powers to a Company called the General Steam Navigation Company."

An Act for taking down and removing Old Stratford-bridge over the River Ouse, in the counties of Buckingham and Northampton, and for erecting a more commodious bridge in lieu thereof.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the erection of a bridge across the River Shannon, and of a floating dock

dock to accommodate sharp vessels frequenting the port of Limerick.

An Act for establishing a floating bridge over the River Itchen, from or near a place called Cross-house, within the liberties of the town of Southampton, to the opposite shore, in the county of Southampton, with proper approaches thereto, and for making roads to communicate therewith.

An Act for constructing and maintaining a new harbour at Stotfield Point, near to and in conjunction with the Old Harbour of Lessiemouth, in the county of Elgin and Forres.

An Act to extend the powers of the several Acts now in force for improving the port and harbour of Boston, in the county of Lincoln.

An Act for making a railway from London to Southampton.

An Act to continue, alter, and amend an Act of the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for more effectually repairing and improving the Middlesex and Essex turnpike roads, to provide for the re-building of Bow-bridge, in the counties of Middlesex and Essex, the improving of the several other bridges upon the said roads, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for paving, watching, lighting, regulating, and otherwise improving the town of Kingstown, in the county of Dublin.

And five private Acts.

White-

Whitehall, July 28, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing George Baron Auckland; Rear-Admiral the Honourable George Heneage Lawrence Dundas, C. B.; Rear-Admiral Sir William Parker, K. C. B.; Captain Sir Samuel John Brooke Pechell, Bart. C. B.; Henry Labouchere, Esq.; and Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, to be His Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

Foreign-Office, July 29, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Edward Baxter, as Consul at Dundee for the United States of America.

[The following article is substituted for that which was inserted in the Gazette of the 15th instant, relative to the church and parish of North Uist.]

Whitehall, July 12, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Norman Macleod to the church of Trumisgarry, in the parish of North Uist, in the presbytery and island of Uist, vacant by the death of the Reverend William Macqueen.

Crown-

Crown-Office, July 29, 1834.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Town of Nottingham.

The Right Honourable Sir John Cam Hobhouse, of Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex, Bart. in the room of the Right Honourable John Ponsonby, commonly called Viscount Duncannon, who has accepted the office of one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Borough of Sudbury.

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Barnes, G. C. B. of Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex, in the room of the Right Honourable Michael Angelo Taylor, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 1, 1834.

Whitehall, August 1, 1834.

AN Address from the Inhabitants of Hawick, thanking His Majesty for having, on the retirement of Lord Grey from the Administration, appointed Ministers who will continue to pursue those salutary measures of reform and retrenchment which they, in common with their fellow subjects throughout the empire, have deeply at heart, having been transmitted

mitted to the Right Honourable Lord Duncannon, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been by him presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

Westminster, July 30, 1834.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to continue, under certain modifications, to the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five an Act of the third year of His present Majesty for the more effectual suppression of local disturbances and dangerous associations in Ireland.

An Act to give costs in actions of Quare impedit.

An Act to amend an Act of the tenth year of His late Majesty King George the Fourth to consolidate and amend the laws relating to Friendly Societies.

An Act to regulate the appointment of ministers to churches in Scotland erected by voluntary contribution.

An Act to facilitate the taking of affidavits and af-

affirmations in the Court of the Vice Warden of the Stannaries of Cornwall.

An Act for regulating and converting the statute labour in the stewartry or sheriffdom of Orkney, and for more effectually making, repairing, and maintaining the high roads and bridges within the same.

An Act for amending the proceedings and practice of the Court of Passage of the Borough of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act to amend and explain an Act passed in the first year of His present Majesty, for establishing and maintaining the harbour of Port Crommelieu, in the bay of Cushendun, in the county of Antrim.

And Act for making, improving, and keeping in repair the roads leading from Barrington to Campsfield and Enstow-bridge, in the county of Oxford.

And one private Act.

Whitehall, July 30, 1834.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint Denis Le Marchant, Esq. to be Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, in the room of Henry Earl Bathurst, deceased.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 30, 1834.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Reverend Vane Russell, Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend Thomas Barne, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 5, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 30th day of *July* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to deliver the custody of the Privy Seal to the Right Honourable Constantine Henry Earl of Mulgrave, the Oath of the Keeper of the Privy Seal was this day administered to him, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 8, 1834.

Whitehall, August 8, 1834.

ADDRESSES to the King have been presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

From the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland, expressing to His Majesty the deep sense they entertain of His Majesty's favour in granting to them, by His royal warrant, a new and supplementary charter, confirming and extending those corporate rights which they have hitherto enjoyed through the favour of the Crown.

From the Members of the Guildry Incorporation of Perth, expressing to His Majesty the gratitude which they feel, in common with their fellow subjects, for the firm and determined support uniformly bestowed by His Majesty upon the liberal and reforming Administration of Earl Grey; and also expressing their firm confidence and conviction, that the Administration which has now been formed, in consequence of the regretted retirement of that Nobleman, is entitled to, and will receive, the confidence of the country.

St. James's-Palace, August 6, 1834.

This day had audiences of His Majesty, the Prince de Talleyrand, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the King of the French, to take leave, *pro tempore*; and the Count St. Martin D'Aglié, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, August 4, 1834.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint John Samo, Esq. (in the room of John Henry Lance, Esq. retired) to be His Majesty's Commissary Judge to the Mixed British and Netherland Court of Commission, established at Surinam under the Treaty concluded on the 4th of May 1818, between Great Britain and the Netherlands, for the prevention of illegal Slave Trade, and pursuant to the Acts of Parliament which have been passed for carrying that Treaty into effect.

Crown-

Crown-Office, August 8, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Cirencester.

The Honourable Sir Robert Edward Henry Somerset, Knight of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, commonly called Lord Robert Edward Henry Somerset, in the room of the Right Honourable Henry George Bathurst, commonly called Lord Apsley, now Earl Bathurst.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 12, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, August 6, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Edward John Gambier, Esq. Recorder of Prince of Wales Island.

Crown-Office, August 12, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Thetford.

Henry Earl of Euston, in the room of the Honourable James Fitzroy, commonly called Lord James Fitzroy, deceased.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 12, 1834.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, House of Lords, August 13, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be attendance at this Office, between the hours of eleven and four, on Thursday the 14th instant, for the issue of tickets on the occasion of His Majesty's proroguing the session of Parliament in person.

Peeresses, on announcing within the time above specified their intention of being present, will have places reserved for them in the House of Lords, on Friday the 15th instant.

No Lady can be admitted into the body of the House, but in full dress.

The doors will not be open before twelve o'clock.

CHOLMONDELEY.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 15, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, August 14, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday next the 20th instant; which will be His Majesty's last Levee till further orders.

Whitehall, August 15, 1834.

An Address has been presented to His Majesty from the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the city of Edinburgh, renewing their expression of devoted attachment to His Majesty's Person and Government; and sympathising with His Majesty on the unexpected retirement of Earl Grey and Lord Althorp from the Administration; and expressing a hope that His Majesty will call to His councils men whose known and tried liberality and patriotism will ensure to the country the full benefits expected both by His Majesty and His people from the great measure of parliamentary reform; who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

West-

Westminster, August 13, 1834.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of fourteen millions three hundred and eighty-four thousand seven hundred pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

An Act to continue, for five years, from the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and to amend the Acts for authorising a composition for assessed taxes.

An Act to regulate the conveyance of printed newspapers by post, between the United Kingdom, the British colonies, and foreign parts.

An Act to repeal the stamp duties on almanacks and directories, and to give other relief with relation to the stamp duties in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

An Act to amend the laws relating to the collection and management of the Revenue of Excise.

An Act to amend an Act, of the present session, for

for altering and consolidating the laws for regulating the pensions and allowances to persons in respect of their having held civil offices in His Majesty's service.

An Act for abolishing capital punishment in case of returning from transportation.

An Act to suspend, until the end of the next session of Parliament, the making of lists and the ballots and enrolments for the militia of the United Kingdom.

An Act to defray the charge of the pay, clothing, and contingent and other expences of the disembodied militia in Great Britain and Ireland, and to grant allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quartermasters, Surgeons, Assistant-Surgeons, Surgeons' Mates, and Serjeant-Majors of the Militia, until the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five.

An Act to repeal certain provisions of two Acts of His Majesty King George the Third, affecting the printers, publishers, and proprietors of newspapers in Ireland.

An Act to continue for one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, several Acts, relating to the importation and keeping of arms and gunpowder in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of King George the Third, for establishing fever hospitals, and to make other regulations for relief of the suffering poor, and for preventing the increase of infectious fevers in Ireland.

An Act to amend three Acts, made respectively in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, and in the first and second years, and in the second and third years of the reign of His present Majesty, for the uniform valuation of lands and tenements in the several baronies, parishes, and other divisions of counties in Ireland,

 and

and to provide for the more effectual levy of grand jury cess.

An Act to regulate the salaries of the Officers of the House of Commons, and to abolish the sinecure offices of Principal Committee Clerks and Clerks of Engrossments.

An Act to amend the laws relating to the land and assessed taxes, and to consolidate the boards of stamps and taxes.

An Act to regulate the expenditure of county rates and funds in aid thereof.

An Act for preventing the interference of the spring assizes with the April quarter sessions.

An Act to authorise persons duly appointed to act as justices of the peace in the islands of Scilly, although not qualified according to law.

An Act to continue for one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the Acts for the relief of insolvent debtors in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act of the twentieth year of His Majesty King George the Second, for the relief and support of sick, maimed, and disabled seamen, and the widows and children of such as shall be killed, slain, or drowned in the merchant service, and for other purposes.

An Act to amend and render more effectual two Acts of the fifth and sixth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, relating to weights and measures.

An Act to authorise an advance, out of the general fund of moneys belonging to the suitor of the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer in Ireland, towards the purchasing of ground, and building thereon offices necessary to the Courts of Justice in Dublin.

An Act for the more effectually providing for the erection of certain bridges in Ireland.

An Act for the more effectual administration of justice at Norfolk Island.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the forty-ninth year

year of the reign of King George the Third, for amending the Irish road Acts.

An Act for improving the practice and proceedings in the Court of Common Pleas of the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act to extend the term of an Act of the first and second years of His present Majesty, for ascertaining the boundaries of the forest of Dean, and for inquiring into the rights and privileges claimed by free miners of the hundred of Saint Briavels, to the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament.

An Act for empowering the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings, to pay the net proceeds of the tolls of the Menai and Conway bridges into the receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster to the account of the Consolidated Fund.

An Act for placing the Mumbles-head Light-house, in the county of Glamorgan, under the management of the Corporation of the Trinity-house of Deptford Strond.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of Sewers for the city and liberty of Westminster, and part of the county of Middlesex, to make a new sewer at Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting, and improving the waterside division of the parish of Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for incorporating certain persons for the carriage of goods and commodities by means of a railway from the city of Durham to Sunderland near the Sea, with a branch to join the Hartlepool railway, in the township of Haswell, all in the county of Durham.

And three private Acts.

At the Court at St. James's, August 13, 1834.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the Entrée-room, viz.: their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of Sussex and Gloucester, the Earl of Westmorland, the Duke of Beaufort, the Duke of Wellington, the Duke of Richmond, and Earl Grey, attended by the undernamed Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Register of the Order; Sir Ralph Bigland, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms; and Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At two o'clock, the Knights Companions were called over by Garter, and, with the Register of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign, in the Throne-room; Garter and Black Rod going no further than the door, not having been sworn.

The Sovereign being seated in the chair of state, the Knights Companions took their respective seats at the table according to the order of their stalls, and the Register stood at the bottom of the table.

The Register then acquainted the Sovereign that Sir Ralph Bigland, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms, attended at the door, and humbly prayed to be admitted to take the oath of office, as Chief Officer of Arms of this Most Noble Order; and Garter in his mantle, and wearing the chain and badge of his office (with which he had been invested by His Majesty on the 7th day of December 1831), being by His Majesty's command introduced by the Register, and kneeling near the Sovereign, the oath was administered to him by the Register, acting for the Chancellor of the Order. Garter rising made his obeisance to the Sovereign, and having had the ho-

honour to kiss His Majesty's hand, withdrew to his place at the bottom of the table.

Garter then acquainted the Sovereign that Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, attended at the door, and humbly prayed to be admitted to take the oath of office; and Black Rod in his mantle, chain, and badge being, by His Majesty's command, introduced by Garter, and kneeling near the Sovereign, the oath was administered to him by the Register, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand, and retired to his place at the bottom of the table.

Then by His Majesty's command, Sir William Woods, Knt. Clarenceux King of Arms, was introduced by Garter and Black Rod, and kneeling near the Sovereign, the Register administered to him the oath of office as Deputy to Garter Principal King of Arms, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand and retired.

The Register then signified to the Chapter, the Sovereign's royal will and pleasure, that the vacant stall in the Royal Chapel of St. George at Windsor, be filled; and as by the Statutes none but a Knight can be elected, his Grace Bernard-Edward Duke of Norfolk, Earl Marshal and Hereditary Marshal of England, was introduced, and knighted by His Majesty with the sword of state.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Register, were by him presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to command him to declare, and he accordingly declared, that the Most Noble Bernard-Edward Duke of Norfolk had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

Then by the Sovereign's command his Grace was received at the door of the Chapter-room by the Duke of Richmond and Earl Grey, the two Junior Knights Companions present, preceded by Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crim-

crimson velvet cushion) and by Black Rod. The Duke of Norfolk, kneeling near the Sovereign, and Garter presenting on his knee the Garter, His Majesty, assisted by their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of Sussex and Gloucester, the two Senior Knights Companions present, buckled it on his Grace's left leg, the Register pronouncing the usual admonition.

Garter next presented, in like manner, the ribband with the George, and His Majesty, with the assistance of the said two Knights Companions, put the same over the Duke of Norfolk's left shoulder, the Register pronouncing the admonition; after which his Grace had again the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions, withdrew.

The Chapter being ended, Garter, by command of the Sovereign, again called over the Knights Companions, and a procession was made to the Royal Closet.

At the Court at St. James's, August 13, 1834.

The King, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, has been graciously pleased, by letters patent under His royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation, and to grant unto the Most Noble Bernard-Edward Duke of Norfolk, Knight of the said Most Noble Order, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if his Grace had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

St.

St. James's-Palace, August 13, 1834.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint James John Tulman, Esq. of Beckenham, Kent, one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Walsh, resigned.

Whitehall, August 14, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Sir John Cam Hobhouse, Bart.; Sir Benjamin Charles Stephenson; and Alexander Milne, to be Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, and Buildings.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 19, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, August 15, 1834.

THIS day His Majesty proceeded in state from St. James's-Palace to the House of Peers, where he arrived about half past two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from his state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord Elphinstone, acting as Great Chamberlain, in the absence of the Marquess of Cholmondeley, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Viscount Melbourne, Clarenceux King of Arms, in the absence of Garter, and Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

His Majesty was there robed, and having put on the imperial crown, the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the Earl of Shaftesbury, in the absence of the Marquess of Winchester.

His Majesty being seated upon the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to deliver the fol-

following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

THE numerous and important questions which have, in the present as in the two preceding years, been submitted to your consideration, have imposed upon you the necessity of extraordinary exertions; and it is with a deep sense of the care and labour which you have bestowed upon the public business that I at length close this protracted session, and release you from your attendance.

I continue to receive from all Foreign powers assurances of their friendly disposition.

The negotiations, on account of which the conferences in London upon the affairs of the Low Countries were suspended, have not yet been brought to a close; and I have still to lament the continued postponement of a final settlement between Holland and Belgium.

On the other hand, I have derived the most sincere and lively satisfaction from the termination of the civil war which had so long distracted the kingdom of Portugal; and I rejoice to think that the treaty, which the state of affairs in Spain and in Portugal induced Me to conclude with the King of the French, the Queen Regent of Spain, and the Regent of Portugal, and which has already been laid before you, contributed materially to produce this happy result.

Events have since occurred in Spain to disappoint for a time the hopes of tranquillity in that country which the pacification of Portugal had inspired.

To these events, so important to Great Britain, I shall give my most serious attention, in concert with France and with the other powers who are parties to the treaty of the 22d of April; and the good understanding which prevails between Me and

My allies encourages Me to expect that Our united endeavours will be attended with success.

The peace of Turkey remains undisturbed; and I trust that no event will happen in that quarter to interrupt the tranquillity of Europe.

I have not failed to observe with approbation that you have directed your attention to those domestic questions which more immediately affect the general welfare of the community; and I have had much satisfaction in sanctioning your wise and benevolent intentions by giving My assent to the Act for the amendment and better administration of the laws relating to the poor in England and Wales. It will be My duty to provide that the authority necessarily vested in Commissioners nominated by the Crown be exercised with temperance and caution; and I entertain a confident expectation that its prudent and judicious application, as well as the discreet enforcement of the other provisions of the Act, will by degrees remedy the evils which at present prevail, and whilst they elevate the character will increase the comforts and improve the condition of My people.

The amendment of the law is one of your first and most important duties, and I rejoice to perceive that it has occupied so much of your attention.

The establishment of a Central Court for the trial of offences in the metropolis and its neighbourhood will, I trust, improve the administration of justice within the populous sphere of its jurisdiction, and afford a useful example to every other part of the kingdom.

To the important subjects of our jurisprudence and of our municipal corporations your attention will naturally be directed early in the next session. You may always rest assured of My disposition to co-operate with you in such useful reformations.

Gen-

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for the readiness with which you have granted the supplies.

The estimates laid before you were somewhat lower than those of former years, although they included several extraordinary charges which will not again occur. The same course of economy will still be steadily pursued.

The continued increase of the revenue, notwithstanding the repeal of so many taxes, affords the surest proof that the resources of the country are unimpaired, and justifies the expectation that a perseverance in judicious and well-considered measures will still further promote the industry and augment the wealth of My people.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It gives Me great gratification to believe, that in returning to your several counties you will find a prevalence of general tranquillity and of active industry amongst all classes of society. I humbly hope that Divine Providence will vouchsafe a continuance and increase of these blessings; and in any circumstances which may arise, I shall rely with confidence upon your zeal and fidelity, and I rest satisfied that you will inculcate and encourage that obedience to the laws, and that observance of the duties of religion and morality, which are the only secure foundations of the power and happiness of empires.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majesty's command, said:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It is His Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Thursday the

 twen-

twenty-fifth day of September next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thursday the twenty-fifth day of September next.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 15th day of *August* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British "possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that no goods shall be imported into, nor shall any goods, except the produce of the fisheries in British ships, be exported from, any of the British possessions in America by sea, from or to any place other than the United Kingdom, or some other of such possessions, except into or from the several ports in such possessions called free ports, enumerated or described in the table in the said Act in that behalf contained:

And it is thereby provided, that if His Majesty shall deem it expedient to extend the provisions of the said Act to any port or ports not enumerated in the said table, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, to extend the provisions of the said Act to such port or ports; and it is thereby declared, that from and after the day mentioned in such Order in Council, all the privileges and advantages of the said Act, and all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures therein contained, subject, nevertheless, to the limitations and the restrictions thereinafter provided, shall extend, and be deemed and construed to extend, to any such port or ports respectively, as fully as if the same had been inserted

serted and enumerated in the said table at the time of passing the said Act:

And it is by the said Act further enacted, that the several ports therein mentioned shall be free warehousing ports for all the purposes of the said Act; and it is thereby further enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, from time to time to appoint any port in His Majesty's possessions in America, to be a free warehousing port for all or any of the purposes of the said Act; and that every such port, so appointed by His Majesty, shall be, for all the purposes expressed in such Order, a free warehousing port under the said Act, as if appointed by the same:

And whereas His Majesty in Council doth deem it expedient to extend the provisions of the said Act, so far as relates to free ports and to free warehousing ports, to the ports of Yarmouth and of Liverpool, in the province of Nova Scotia; now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in exercise of the powers thereby vested in His Majesty in Council, His Majesty doth, by and with the advice of the Lords and others of His Most Honourable Privy Council, by this present Order in Council extend the provisions of the said Act, so far as relates to free ports, to the said ports of Yarmouth and Liverpool, in the province of Nova Scotia, and doth hereby declare, that, from and after the fifteenth day of August in this present year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all the privileges and advantages of the said Act of Parliament, and all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures therein contained, subject, nevertheless, to the limitations and restrictions therein provided, shall extend, and be deemed and construed to extend, to the said ports of Yarmouth and Liverpool respectively, as fully as if those ports had been inserted and enumerated in the said table of free ports at the time of passing the said Act:

And

And in further pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in further exercise of the powers thereby vested in His Majesty in Council, His Majesty doth, by and with the advice aforesaid, by this present Order in Council, appoint the said ports of Yarmouth and Liverpool, in Nova Scotia, to be free warehousing ports for all the purposes of the said Act:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Thomas Spring Rice, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

Westminster, August 14, 1834.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to grant relief from the duties of assessed taxes in certain cases.

An Act to amend several Acts for authorising the issue of Exchequer Bills for carrying on public works

and

and fisheries, and employment of the poor, and to authorise a further issue of Exchequer Bills for the purposes of the said Acts.

An Act for repealing the duties on starch, stone bottles, sweets or made wines, mead or metheglin, and on scale-board made from wood.

An Act to repeal the duties on spirits made in Ireland, and to impose other duties in lieu thereof, and to impose additional duties on licences to retailers of spirits in the United Kingdom.

An Act to provide for the repayment to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England of one fourth part of the debt due from the public to the said Company, in pursuance of an Act passed in the last session of Parliament.

An Act for the amendment and better administration of the laws relating to the poor in England and Wales.

An Act for the amendment of the proceedings and practice of the High Court of Chancery in Ireland.

An Act to continue until the fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act of the fifty-fourth year of His Majesty King George the Third for rendering the payment of creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland.

An Act to amend the laws relating to insolvent debtors in India.

Acts received the Royal Assent, August 15, 1834.

(The King present.)

An Act to apply a sum of money, out of the Consolidated Fund and the Surplus of Grants, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and to appropriate the surplus granted in this session of Parliament.

An

An Act to amend the laws relating to the customs.

An Act to amend an Act, made in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act to alter and amend the laws relating to the temporalities of the Church of Ireland.

An Act for the abolition of fines and recoveries due for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance in Ireland.

An Act to amend and extend an Act of the second year of His present Majesty to effectuate the service of process issuing from the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer in England and Wales.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the third year of His present Majesty, intituled " An Act for shortening the time required in claims of modus decimandi, or exemption from or discharge of tithes.

An Act to amend the laws relating to appeals against summary convictions before Justices of the Peace in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the first year of His present Majesty, to permit the general sale of beer and cider by retail in England.

An Act to explain certain provisions in an Act of the third and fourth years of His present Majesty to provide for the election of magistrates and councillors for the several burghs and towns of Scotland which now return, or contribute to return, members to Parliament and are not royal burghs.

An Act to explain certain provisions of an Act of the third and fourth years of the reign of His present Majesty to alter and amend the laws for the election of the magistrates and councils of the royal burghs in Scotland.

An Act for the more effectual registration of persons entitled to vote in the election of members to serve in Parliament in Scotland.

An

An Act to continue for one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the several Acts for regulating the turnpike roads, which will expire during the present or before the end of the next session of Parliament, and to amend the several Acts regulating the post roads in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act of the third year of King George the Fourth for regulating turnpike roads in England, so far as the same relates to the weights to be carried upon waggons with springs.

An Act to enable His Majesty to invest trading and other companies with the powers necessary for the due conduct of their affairs, and for the security of the rights and interests of their creditors.

An Act to empower His Majesty to erect South Australia into a British province or provinces, and to provide for the colonization and government thereof.

Whitehall, August 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Thomas Frankland Lewis, John George Shaw Lefevre, Esq. and George Nicholls, Esq. to be the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales.

Downing-Street, August 16, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint Thomas Butterfield, Esq. to be Chief Justice of the Bermuda or Somers Islands.

Downing-Street, August 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint John Harvey Darrell, Esq. to be Attorney and Advocate General of the Bermuda or Somers Islands.

Crown-Office, August 18, 1834.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Gloucester.

Eastern Division.

Christopher William Codrington, of Doddington, in the county aforesaid, Esq. in the room of Sir Berkeley William Guise, Bart. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 22, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, August 20, 1834.

THIS day M. Van de Weyer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Belgians, had an audience of His Majesty, to take leave, *pro tempore*:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

White-

Whitehall, August 21, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Benjamin Collins Brodie, of Boxford, in the county of Suffolk, and of Saville-row, in the city of Westminster, Esq. one of His Majesty's Serjeant Surgeons, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, August 21, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Hector M'Neill to the church at Portnahaven, in the parish of Kilchoman, in the presbytery of Kintyre and shire of Argyll, vacant by the deposition of the Reverend Alexander Campbell.

War-Office, 22d August 1834.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 51st (or the King's Own Light Infantry) Regiment to bear the words,

"*Corunna*,"
"*Salamanca*,"
"*Orthes*," and
"*Pyrennes*,"

on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which have heretofore been authorised to be borne by the Regiment, in consideration of the gallantry displayed by the Regiment at Corunna, on the 16th January 1809; at Salamanca, on the 22d July 1812; at Orthes, on the 27th February 1814; and in the Pyrennes, from the 28th July to the 2d August 1813.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 26, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, August 20, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon David James Hamilton Dickson, Esq. M.D. F.R.S. Edin. F.L.S. Physician to the Royal Naval Hospital at Plymouth.

Poor Law Commission-Office, August 23, 1834.

The Right Honourable Thomas Frankland Lewis, John George Shaw Lefevre, Esq. and George Nicholls, Esq. previously to their entering on the execution of their office of Poor Law Commissioners, took the oath required by the 4th and 5th Wm. 4, cap. 76, before Sir Edward Alderson, Knt. one of the Barons of the Exchequer, at his house in Park-crescent.

The Commissioners afterwards appointed Edwin Chadwick, Esq. of the Inner Temple, Barrister at Law, to be the Secretary to the Commission.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 29, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, August 13, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Samuel Thomas Spry, of Place, in the county of Cornwall, Esq. M.P. Lieutenant of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms.

St. James's-Palace, August 20, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon the Right Honourable Robert Grant, Governor of Bombay, and Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Foreign-Office, August 29, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas Dennison, as Consul at Bristol for the United States of America.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 5, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *September* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Archibald Earl of Gosford was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

St. James's-Palace, September 3, 1834.

This day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, and Officers of the City of London, waited upon His Majesty, when the Honourable Charles Ewan Law, the Recorder, made their compliments of congratulation in the following Address; which His Majesty was graciously pleased to receive on the Throne:

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful subjects, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of London, approach your Royal Person with the liveliest sentiments of loyalty and devotion, to tender to your Majesty

jesty the homage of our heartfelt congratulations upon the occasion of the safe and happy return to this country of Her Majesty Queen Adelaide.

In quitting, for a season, the splendours of a court and exchanging the dominions of Great Britain for Her Majesty's native land, the Queen hastened to fulfil the grateful offices of filial affection to her revered and Royal Mother, and exhibiting an equal ardour in all the delicate and refined relations of domestic life, your Royal Consort, seated on the throne of your Majesty, has resumed, without delay, the splendid sphere of private virtues and of public usefulness.

In testifying how deeply we appreciate the bright pattern Her Majesty affords to that sex, on whose good conduct the best interests of society so mainly depend, we trace the model and revive the sacred memory of Queen Charlotte, in the perfect imitation of her transcendent merits, and in the eminently successful influence of their example.

Sire, we hailed, with feelings of deep emotion, the opportunity presented to the Lord Mayor, by Her Majesty's visit to the Continent, of conducting Her Majesty, with every attendant circumstance of dutiful respect, to the limits of his Lordship's jurisdiction as Conservator of the Thames, but our happiness was only then complete when, deigning to accept our proffered escort and ascending the shore of the river, peopled with countless multitudes rending the air with shouts of loyalty, Her Majesty planted her foot again upon British ground.

Signed by order of Court,

Henry Woodthorpe.

To

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" I receive, with the utmost satisfaction, the dutiful and loyal Address which you have presented to Me, in congratulation on the safe return of Her Majesty the Queen from the Continent of Europe; the expressions of respectful attachment to the Queen which are contained in that Address, are peculiarly gratifying to My feelings, and give you a new claim on My regard and attention.

" I thank you for the readiness with which you have marked your duty to Her Majesty the Queen, by attending on the occasion of her embarkation and her return.

" The City of London may at all times rely on My favour and protection, and I humbly trust to the blessing of Providence to guide and to assist My best efforts to promote the interests and happiness of all classes of My loyal subjects."

They were all very graciously received, and had the honour of kissing His Majesty's hand.

St. James's-Palace, September 3, 1834.

This day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, Common Council, and Officers of the City of London, waited upon His Majesty with the following Address; which was read by the Honourable Charles Ewan Law, the Recorder; and which His Majesty was graciously pleased to receive upon the Throne:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble, dutiful, and loyal Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London, in Common Council assembled, approach your Majesty, with the most sincere attachment to your Royal Person, to present our congratulations upon the safe return of Her Majesty our most illustrious Queen to this country.

And while we express our thankfulness to Divine Providence, for having preserved Her Majesty in health and safety to resume the high duties of Her exalted station in your Majesty's Family and upon the Throne of these Realms, we beg also to renew the assurances of our devoted loyalty and attachment to your Majesty and to your Royal Consort.

That the same gracious Providence which has protected our illustrious Monarch and his beloved Queen, through periods as eventful and important as history has ever recorded, may continue to shower upon them His choicest blessings, and long preserve them to reign in the hearts and possess the affections

of a loyal and devoted people, is our most sincere and fervent prayer.

Signed by order of Court,

Henry Woodthorpe.

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

" I thank you for your congratulations on the safe return of Her Majesty the Queen to My British dominions.

" The occasion is one on which it is peculiarly gratifying to My feelings, to receive a renewed proof of your loyal and dutiful attachment, and I am fully sensible of the respectful zeal with which you have marked the deep interest you feel in Her Majesty's safety and return.

" Entertaining the utmost solicitude for the happiness of all classes of My subjects, you may be fully assured, that I shall at all times endeavour to promote the interests of the City of London."

They were all received very graciously, and had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1834.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Wednesday, October 22.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Thursday, October 23.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Saturday, October 25.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Tuesday, October 28.
Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Friday, October 31.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, November 3.
At the Town and County of Kingston-upon-Hull, Saturday, November 8.
Yorkshire, at York and City, Tuesday, November 11.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Friday, November 14.
Durham, at Durham, Saturday, November 15.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Tuesday, November 18.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Friday, November 21.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Monday November 24.
Westmorland, at Kendal, same day.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Wednesday, November 26.
Lancashire, at Preston, Thursday, December 4.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Friday, December 5.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Tuesday, December 9.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Hampshire, at Winchester, Monday, October 27.
At the Town and County of Southampton, Tuesday, October 28.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Wednesday, October 29.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Friday, October 31.

Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Monday, November 3.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Wednesday, November 5.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Friday, November 7.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Tuesday, November 11.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Thursday, November 13.
At the City of Bristol, Friday, November 14.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Monday November 17.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Wednesday, November 19.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Thursday, November 20.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Saturday, November 22.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford and City, Monday, November 24.
Berkshire, at Reading, Wednesday, November 26.
At the City of Canterbury, Saturday, November 29.
Kent, at Dover, Monday, December 1.
Kent, at Maidstone, Wednesday, December 3.
Sussex, at Horsham, Friday, December 5.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Wednesday, November 5,
Essex, at Chelmsford, Friday, November 7.
Essex, at Colchester, Saturday, November 8.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Monday, November 10.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Wednesday, November 12.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Thursday, November 13.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Saturday, November 15.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Monday, November 17.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Tuesday, November 18.

Nor-

Norfolk, at Lynn, Wednesday, November 19.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Thursday, November 20.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Friday, November 21.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Monday, November 24.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Wednesday, November 26.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Friday, November 28.
At the City of Lichfield, Monday, December 1.
At the City of Coventry, Tuesday, December 2.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Wednesday, December 3.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Saturday, December 6.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Monday, December 8.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Tuesday, December 9.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Wednesday, December 10.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 9, 1834.

Downing-Street, September 9, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel William Macbean George Colebrooke to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bahama Islands.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 16, 1834.

Foreign-Office, September 16, 1834.

THE Marquess de Miraflores, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Her Majesty the Queen of Spain at this Court, has communicated to Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a Decree of Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain, in the name of Her Catholic Majesty Donna Isabella II. of which the following is a translation:

ROYAL DECREE.

Considering that the security and tranquillity of these kingdoms require that vigorous measures should be taken to prevent the spirit of party or sordid interest from affording nourishment to the civil war which unhappily desolates certain provinces; being desirous to prevent any attempts to land arms, military assistance, or stores, in the ports or on the coasts of the north of Spain, for the use of Spaniards in rebellion; and, with a view to self defence, looking rather to the prevention of evil than to its subsequent remedy; I have ordained as follows, in the name of my august Daughter, Donna Isabella II. and with the advice of my Council of Ministers:

1. Besides the general prohibition directed by the laws and regulations of the Custom-house against the introduction and landing of arms, ammunition,

er

or warlike stores, another more special and rigorous prohibition shall be enforced for that portion of the coast included between Cape Finisterre and the Mouth of the Bidassoa.

2. The ships of the royal navy, the guarda costas, and other Spanish vessels, as likewise the fortified places, forts, and land batteries, shall oppose by force the landing of the said articles, as being designed for keeping up the civil war in these kingdoms.

3. Every vessel that shall be found laden with arms, warlike stores, ammunition, or other articles contraband of war, provided that such vessel shall approach the said coast within six miles, manifesting, by that act alone, her intention and design to disembark the above-mentioned articles, shall be considered to be suspected of the said hostile intention, and shall be detained, and the arms and warlike stores which she carries shall be embargoed until a further decision shall be adopted, according to the importance and the circumstances of the case.

4. My Secretary of State shall forthwith communicate this Decree to the Ambassadors, Ministers, and Diplomatic and Consular Agents of my august Daughter in foreign countries, in order that sufficient publicity being given to these regulations, those who may infringe them may not be able to plead ignorance.

5. The other Secretaries of State in their several Departments shall issue the most precise orders and adopt the proper measures, in order that this my Royal Decree may have immediate and full effect.

This you shall understand, and you shall take the necessary steps for its accomplishment.

(Signed by the Royal Hand.)

St. Ildefonso, August 21, 1834.

To Don Francisco Martinez de la Rosa,
President of the Council of Ministers.

St.

St. James's-Palace, September 10, 1834.

This day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, and Officers of the City of London, waited upon Her Majesty, when the Honourable Charles Ewan Law, the Recorder, made their compliments of congratulation in the following Address:

Most Gracious Queen,

WE, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of London, humbly approach your Majesty with every sentiment of dutiful affection and gratitude, to offer our most cordial congratulations upon your Majesty's safe and happy return to England.

The interval of your Majesty's temporary absence from this country was soothed with the reflection, that the qualities that adorn and dignify your character would be exhibited, in their fullest development to the admiration of foreigners, in your native land.

Impressed with a deep conviction of the importance of your Majesty's presence and illustrious example in all the relations of private life and in those of the highest public concernment, we rejoice again to tender at the foot of the Throne the homage due to the exalted virtues of your Majesty; the memory of them will never be effaced, and the influence of their example will be the brightest inheritance of our children.

Signed, by order of Court,

Henry Woodthorpe.

To

To which Address Her Majesty was graciously pleased to return the following Answer:

" *My Lord Mayor, and Aldermen,*

" It is with heartfelt pleasure that I receive the expression of your loyal and affectionate congratulations on my safe return to England, and I beg of you to believe that during my temporary absence my heart was still with that country with which, by attachment no less than by circumstances my happiness and existence are so entirely identified.

" I trust that, with God's assistance, I may be enabled to merit a continuance of that high and gratifying esteem which you have expressed towards Me, and which it will ever be My anxious wish to maintain."

They were all received very graciously, and had the honour of kissing Her Majesty's hand.

Foreign-Office, September 16, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas Du Hamel as Consul in the island of Jersey for His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

Whitehall, September 16, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Hugh M'Calman to the church and parish of South Knapdale, in the presbytery of Inverary and shire of Argyll, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Duncan Rankine, late Minister there, to the church and parish of North Knapdale.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 16, 1834.

India Board, September 16, 1834.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from Mr. Chamier, Chief Secretary to the Governor in Council at Madras, dated 19th April last, of which, and of its enclosures, the following are copies:

To Peter Auber, Esq. Secretary at the East India-House.

SIR,

I AM directed by the Governor in Council to transmit to you, for the information of the Honourable the Court of Directors, the accompanying two copies* of this day's Gazette, containing copies of dispatches relative to the military operations in Coorg, with copy of a letter† just received from the Adjutant-General of the army, forwarding, with reference to his letter of the 15th instant, published in the Gazette now sent, Lieutenant-Colonel Steuart's report of the operations of his column.

I have the honour to be, &c.

HY. CHAMIER, Chief Secretary.

Fort St. George, April 19, 1834.

* No. 2 in the packet.

† 16th April 1834, No. 3 in the packet.

To

To the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George.

SIR,

1. IN continuation of my letters of the 7th, 8th, 9th, and 12th instant, the Commander in Chief has directed me to request you will submit to the Right Honourable the Governor in Council the accompanying copies of further dispatches, as per margin,* from Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. commanding the Coorg Field Force; no report has yet been received of the operations of Lieutenant-Colonel G. M. Steuart's column, but private accounts describe its exertions and successes as highly satisfactory and creditable to its commanders.

2. Referring to my letter of the 7th instant, I have the honour, by his Excellency's orders, to express his entire satisfaction and approbation of the gallantry, perseverance and zeal of the troops composing the columns under the personal command of Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. and of Colonel Foulis: the judgment displayed by those Officers in conducting their respective services, and surmounting the formidable obstacles to which their exertions were opposed, reflects great credit on them and the Officers and soldiers under their respective commands.

3. The Commander in Chief has not yet the means of forming his judgment of the causes which led to the disastrous disappointments of the northern and western auxiliary columns, but his Excellency trusts he will soon be enabled satisfactorily to explain the reasons of failure, and to place the services of their leaders in the same conspicuous degree of claim to the approbation of Government as the other distinguished leaders.

4. The Commander in Chief requests the orders

* 9th April, 9th April, 9th April, 10th April, 10th April, 10th April, 11th April, 11th April, 11th April.

 of

of Government for the disposal of the ordnance, ammunition, and small arms captured from the enemy.

5. The Commander in Chief fully concurs in the sentiments Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. has expressed, of the valuable services and meritorious exertions of his Staff, Departments, and Officers commanding corps, and also with Colonel Foulis' commendations of the Officers and troops of his column; the general gallantry, perseverance, and spirited exertions of all the Officers and troops employed upon this service is a pleasing subject of congratulation, and the Commander in Chief feels assured will be duly appreciated and noticed by the Governor-General and the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

6. In conclusion, the Commander in Chief deems it to be his particular duty to bring to the notice of Government the judgment, decision, and energy with which Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. has conducted this important service to so early and satisfactory a close; and, considering the period of the year, the difficulties of the country, and the advantages the enemy possessed in its defence, the experience and talents of the Brigadier have been judiciously and usefully directed to the advantage of the public service.

7. A general return of killed, wounded, and missing from the commencement of hostilities to the present time, except that from Lieutenant-Colonel Steuart's column, is annexed.

I have the honour to be, &c.

T. H. S. CONWAY,

Adjutant-General of the Army.

Head-quarters, Adjutant-General's Office,
Camp, Bangalore, April 15, 1834.

Ge-

General Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the several Columns of the Coorg Field Force, between the 2d and 7th of April 1834.

Eastern Column.

H. M. 39th Foot—1 private wounded.
4th Regt. N. I.—1 drummer, fifer, or bugler, 1 private, wounded.
Sappers and Miners—1 private, native, wounded.

Northern Column.

Artillery—2 privates, Europeans, wounded.
H. M. 55th Foot—1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 serjeants, 1 corporal, 1 drummer, 23 privates, killed; 1 captain, 2 lieutenants, 1 adjutant, 4 serjeants, 3 corporals, 1 drummer, 60 privates, wounded.
Sappers and Miners—1 private, European, 1 havildar, 4 privates, natives, killed; 11 privates, natives, wounded.
Rifle Company—1 private killed; 1 private wounded.
9th Regt. N. I.—1 ensign killed; 1 store serjeant, 1 naigue, 1 drummer, fifer, or bugler, 4 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.
31st Light Infantry—1 ensign, 1 jemadar, 1 naigue, 8 privates, killed; 1 captain, 1 lieutenant, 1 subadar, 1 havildar, 1 naigue, 20 privates, wounded.

Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

H. M. 55th Foot—Lieutenant-Colonel Mill.
9th Regt. N. I.—Ensign Robertson.
31st Regt. L. I.—Ensign Babington.

Wounded.

H. M. 55th Foot—Captain Warren, Lieutenants Robertson and Brooke, slightly; Lieutenant and Adjutant Heriot, severely.

31st

31st Regt. L. I.—Captain Hutchinson, slightly; Lieutenant Martin, severely.

N. B. One man of H. M. 55th Foot, reported killed, since rejoined, badly wounded.

Western Column.

Staff—1 captain wounded.

H. M. 48th Foot—1 lieutenant, 4 privates, Europeans, 1 dresser, native, killed; 1 lieutenant, 1 serjeant, 1 corporal, 14 privates, wounded.

Artillery—1 serjeant, 1 corporal, 1 private, Europeans, wounded.

20th Regt. N. I.—2 privates killed; 2 privates wounded.

32d Regt. N. I.—3 privates killed; 8 privates wounded,

Sappers and Miners—1 private, native, killed; 5 privates, natives, wounded.

Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

H. M. 48th Foot—Lieutenant Erskine.

Wounded.

Captain Butterworth, Assistant-Quartermaster-General.

H. M. 48th Foot—Lieutenant Gibbs.

Western Auxiliary Column.

Detachment H. M. 48th Foot—1 serjeant, 8 privates, killed; 1 lieutenant, 6 privates, wounded.

40th Regt. N. I.—1 ensign, 2 havildars, 1 drummer, fifer, or bugler, 17 privates, killed; 1 havildar, 28 privates, wounded.

Of-

Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

51st Regt. N. I.—Ensign Johnstone, doing duty with 40th Regt. N. I.

Wounded.

H. M. 48th Foot—Lieutenant Smith.

In Wynaad.

51st Regt. N. I.—3 privates killed; 3 privates wounded; 1 havildar, 7 privates, missing.

Total Killed and Wounded—Europeans, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 captains, 6 lieutenants, 3 ensigns, 1 adjutant, 1 store serjeant, 10 serjeants, 6 corporals, 2 drummers, 120 privates; natives, 1 subadar, 1 jemadar, 6 havildars, 8 naigues, 3 drummers, fifers, or buglers, 131 privates, 1 dresser.

Abstract.

Killed—Europeans, 5 commissioned officers, 44 non-commissioned, rank and file; natives, 1 commissioned officer, 45 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers.—Total Europeans and natives, 6 commissioned, 89 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers.

Wounded—Europeans, 9 commissioned officers, 95 non-commissioned, rank and file; natives, 1 commissioned officer, 90 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers.—Total Europeans and natives, 10 commissioned, 185 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers.

Missing—Natives, 9 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers.

Grand Total—Killed and wounded, Europeans, 14 commissioned officers, 139 non-commissioned, rank

rank and file; natives, 2 commissioned officers, 144 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers. Total Europeans and natives, 16 commissioned officers, 283 non-commissioned, rank and file and dressers.

N. B. Native followers with H. M. 48th Regt.—4 killed and missing, 2 wounded.

Since the above, 12 bearers of the Dooly Department, attached to H. M. 48th Regiment, are reported missing.

T. H. S. CONWAY,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

Head-quarters Adjt.-General's Office, Camp,
Bangalore, April 15, 1834.

To the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort St. George.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inclose an extract from field division orders, published the day before the column under my immediate command entered the Coorg country, which I request you will lay before his Excellency the Commander in Chief,

I have the honour to be, &c.
P. LINDESAY, Colonel
Commanding Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, near Madkerry,
April 9, 1834.

Ex-

Extract from Field Division Orders by Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. Commanding Coorg Field Force.

Camp, Bettadpore, April 1, 1834.

THE Brigadier announces to the troops under his command that the force will probably encounter the enemy to-morrow: it is his desire to press upon all ranks that this is not a war of extermination, but against that part only of the Coorg nation which may be actually in arms in support of the Rajah, whom for his cruelties it is the determination of the British Government to depose, and that the people are to be considered as enemies only so long as they offer opposition; Colonel Lindesay expresses his anxious hope that the war may be conspicuous for a spirit of humanity becoming the character of the British nation.

It is hereby proclaimed and is to be explained to natives of all ranks, including followers, that it is the Brigadier's determination to suppress at once by the severest punishment the slightest attempt to plunder or oppress the inhabitants. All supplies are to be immediately paid for upon the spot, or to be allowed to be taken away without any offer of violence on the part of the troops, or followers of the force. Those of the inhabitants who may come in and manifest a disposition to submit to the British authority, are to be kindly received, and such immediate and effectual protection afforded them as may tend to encourage and extend that inclination on the part of the inhabitants of the country.

(A true extract).

SAML. HICKS,
Assistant Adjutant-General Coorg Field Force.

Bivouac, one mile and a half in advance of the Huggul Ghaut, Three P. M. April 4, 1834.

To the Assistant Adjutant-General Coorg Field Force:

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you, that I arrived within two miles of the Stoney river on the forenoon of the 2d instant. At two o'clock I ordered out a party to feel for the enemy; they were found two hundred yards within the Company's territories, were drawn across the river, their position known, and their strength well approximated. On this occasion I regret the death of Lieutenant Erskine, His Majesty's 48th regiment, a promising Officer, and the only casualty in this affair.

2. In the morning at six I marched, gave the stockade three rounds of cannister and grape, and then stormed and carried it with trifling loss.

3. From this time until half past three P. M. we had to fight our way every inch, stormed two regular stockades and two breastworks, besides felled trees without number; the last stockade was so strong that if we had not attacked in reverse as well as front our loss would have been serious. Our light companies were out in the jungle on the right, and kept down the fire of the Coorg skirmishers.

4. At four P. M. as the men were much exhausted I took up my position for the night at Stoney Nullah, three miles and a half from the bottom of the Ghaut, pushed on a strong advanced post with a gun and mortar, and established our flank companies on the hills to the right which commanded our position, and bivouacked for the night. Our advanced post was attacked by skirmishers, but an occasional alert and gun kept them in good order.

5. At six I marched in advance, and within a quar-

quarter of a mile of our camp met a flag of truce with a letter to my address from the Rajah, the original of which I have the honour to enclose.

The Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General wrote, by my orders, an answer to this effect, that if the Rajah's troops did not fire we should not, but that as my orders were to go up the Ghaut, go I would; they brought a portion of their troops in front of us, allowed the flag of truce to remain, and then we marched until my advanced flank companies passed through the last Ookuda at Huggul, at two P. M. on this ground, where I told them I should remain until to-morrow morning, they brought out grain for the troops which was acceptable, as the far greater part of our supplies were in the rear. As the impediments of stockades, breastworks, and felled trees are at every hundred yards, our guns cannot be up until to-morrow, when I march to Verah Chenderpett.

6. Our casualties are about fifty, but half my sepoys are in the rear, I have not been able as yet to get returns. No Officer was killed on Thursday.

It will afford me the highest gratification to bring particularly to the notice of the Officer commanding the force, and his Excellency the Commander in Chief, the noble manner in which I was supported by my Staff, Officers, and soldiers employed in this column. At this moment the fatigue and suffering of every person in my force is such that I hope the Officer commanding will pardon the want of details.

I have the honour to be, &c.

D. FOULIS, Colonel, commanding
western column Coorg Field Force.

To the Assistant Adjutant-General Coorg Field Force.

SIR,

WITH reference to the last paragraph of my dispatch from my bivouac in advance of Huggul Ghaut (4th April), I have now to perform the just and pleasing duty of bringing to the notice of the Brigadier General commanding the force the noble manner in which I was supported.

To my personal Staff I am greatly indebted for the success we have met with, especially to Captain Butterworth, who led the attacks on the stockades, and the first that entered them, receiving three slight ball wounds, also for the reconnoissance which he made on the 2d, by which the situation and strength of the enemy on the lower stockade were ascertained, and which led to our speedy success next day. Captain Butterworth's choice of ground and his plan of encampment have met with my entire satisfaction; and his knowledge of military dispositions I shall be happy to have brought to the notice of his Excellency the Commander in Chief.

To Captain James Macdonald, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, who was most forward on all occasions, and to whose energy and exertions I am equally indebted with Captain Butterworth, as well as on the evening of the 2d, as on the attacks on the 3d. Captain Macdonald led the light company 48th and grenadiers 32d regiment, to take the last stockade in reverse; the ascent was steep, and the enemy defended every tree. Captain Macdonald received the Rajah's vakeels, translated the letters, and contrived, without allowing the Rajah's title, to keep them in good humour and give us supplies.

To Officers commanding corps he is greatly indebted for the steady manner in which they led their men, especially to Captain Cortlandt Taylor, commanding the artillery, who in the most gallant manner brought

brought his guns to bear within seventy yards of the first stockade, and ensured the capture which followed. The unwearied exertions of this Officer (though suffering from a sprained ankle) in always having his guns up a steep ghaut and prepared for action.

There are many I would wish to notice, but where all have done their duty it would perhaps be inviduous to particularize, yet I cannot forbear to notice, that the brunt of the fighting fell on the flank companies, especially on those of His Majesty's 48th regiment.

I should also be wanting in the feelings of a commander and a soldier, did I fail to bring to the notice of the Brigadier-General (in the hopes that he will bring the same to his Excellency the Commander in Chief) volunteer Thomas Bell, the son of Lieutenant-Colonel Bell, of His Majesty's 48th regiment; this young man was conspicuous in every attack and skirmish of the enemy.

Subadar Mooneah and Wapuldar Paup Naick, the Ex-Rajah's vakeels, allowed their loss on the Huggul Ghaut to have been about 250 men, including four chiefs. Our casualties, about 50, shall be reported in a separate letter of this evening.

I have the honour to be, &c.

D FOULIS, Colonel,
commanding western Coorg Field Force.

Camp, Mootoodanoor, April 7, 1834.

List of Casualties in the Attack, &c. of the Huggul Ghaut.

Staff—1 captain wounded.

H. M. 48th Reg.—1 lieutenant, 4 privates, and 1 dresser, killed; 1 lieutenant, 1 serjeant, 1 corporal, 14 privates, wounded.

Ar-

Artillery—1 serjeant, 1 corporal, 1 private, wounded.
20th Reg. N. I.—2 privates killed; 2 privates wounded.
32d Reg. N. I.—3 privates killed; 8 privates wounded.
Sappers and Miners—1 private killed; 5 privates wounded.

Grand total—48 killed and wounded,—1 captain, 2 lieutenants, 2 serjeants, 2 corporals, 40 privates, 1 dresser.

N. B. *Names of officers killed and wounded.*

H. M. 48th Reg.—Lieutenant Erskine killed; Captain Butterworth and Lieutenant Gibbs slightly wounded.

JAS. MACDONALD, D. A. A. Gen.
W. C. C. F. F.

Camp, Mootramoody, April 7, 1834.

To the Assistant Adjutant-General Coorg Field Force.

SIR,

I DO myself the honour to acquaint you, for the information of Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. commanding the Coorg Field Force, that the column under my command, pursuing its march yesterday, came upon a strongly fortified position (Buck) of the enemy, situated on the brow of a steep ascent, the passage to which (a narrow defile through a dense jungle) was obstructed by felled trees. The defile being impassable to artillery until the position should be carried, the advance* was strengthened, and divided into two parties, with instructions to make sufficient detour on each flank to take the position in

* 80 Europeans; 160 Native Infantry; 80 Sappers and Miners.

re-

reverse; from the density of the jungle, and not having view of the work, the two parties closed to the centre much sooner than was desirable, and met at the same moment, immediately opposite to the front of the position, from which a most destructive fire was opened upon them; that did not however deter them rushing to the assault, which proving wholly unsuccessful, they took advantage of the best cover that circumstances would admit, and the commanding Officer, Major Bird, sent for a reinforcement and further instructions; I directed an addition of 40 Europeans and 100 Native infantry, with the remainder of the sappers and miners, to be immediately forwarded; for this purpose Lieutenant-Colonel Mill was directed to detach the Europeans, instead of which he headed them himself, and was followed by the whole detachment, who passed unperceived into the wood and made the best of their way to the position. Major Bird was directed to use his utmost endeavour to carry the position, but should it be found impracticable to withdraw. His report is herewith enclosed.

The circumstance of the whole of the Europeans having thus irregularly been taken to the assault, which I have not failed to notice in such manner as to prevent the recurrence of any future deviation from orders, while it establishes beyond a doubt the impregnability of the enemy's position, since nothing could exceed the determined gallantry of the endeavour, deprived me of the means of pursuing any further measures at the time had there been a prospect of success from my doing so.

During the attack the line although placed under the best cover that circumstances would admit, at the opening to the defile, was exposed to a galling fire from the jungle, which the skirmishers or artillery could not keep under, occasioning considerable loss.

When the advance retired from the assault, after an endeavour that lasted four and a half hours, the ene-

enemy gave a shout of victory, an increasing fire was kept up from the woods; I made such disposition of the column as enabled it to retire to the ground it quitted in the morning, distant two and a half miles, without any loss of stores or baggage,

I regret to say the loss has been most severe, a return of which shall be transmitted as soon as it can be correctly ascertained. Lieutenant-Colonel Mill, His Majesty's 55th Reg. Ensign Robertson, of the 9th Reg. N. I. Ensign Babington, 31st Reg. T. L. I. killed, and six Officers wounded; the Adjutant of the 55th Reg. severely.

The severely wounded could not possibly be removed from the position, an attempt to bring off the body of Lieutenant-Colonel Mill entirely failed, two of the carriers being killed.

I have the honour to be, &c.

G. WAUGH, Colonel,

Comg. Northern Column Coorg Field Force.

Camp, at Cubbattah, April 4, 1834.

To the Assistant-Adjutant of the Northern Column.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report to you, for the information of the Officer commanding the force, that in obedience to orders, I proceeded, as Field Officer of the day, with the advance picquet, and having suddenly fallen on a strong stockade and breastwork (the outer work was a very strong bamboo defence, staked with large trees and flanked, commanding the approach in every direction; the inner was strong and substantial, built of stone and mud, and surrounded with a deep ditch, and having innumerable loop holes, and the access to it apparently impracticable for guns), every exertion was made to carry it by assault, and which, though repeated, I regret to say failed.

failed. After having been exposed to a most severe and raking fire for four hours and a half, which we endeavoured to check, and finding it altogether impracticable I had a consultation with the senior Officers of the picquet, and decided on retiring, which was effected with the greatest difficulty. Whatever means were required for reinforcing the picquet I feel fully satisfied were afforded. The nature of the country in which we were engaged, and the position of the work so strong, that doing more was impracticable; nothing could have exceeded the steadiness and bravery of both Officers and men, and I regret to say, the loss of both has been very heavy. For want of food, and the excessive fatigues of the march latterly, my men were so much jaded that they could scarcely pull their triggers, although evincing every inclination to do so, and worked to the last.

I have the honour to be, &c.

C. M. BIRD, Major 31st Regt. L. I.
Field Officer of the day coming off duty.

Camp, April 4th, 1834.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the Second or Northern Column of the Coorg Field Force, Camp, at Hamgoad, April 5, 1834.

Artillery—2 Europeans, privates, wounded.

H. M. 55th Regt.—1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 serjeants, 1 corporal, 1 drummer, 23 privates, killed; 1 captain, 2 lieutenants, 1 adjutant, 4 serjeants, 3 corporals, 1 drummer, 60 privates, wounded.

Sappers and Miners—1 European, private, 1 havildar, 4 privates, natives, killed; 11 privates, natives, wounded.

Rifle Company—1 private killed; 1 private wounded.

9th Regt. N. I.—1 ensign killed; 1 store serjeant, 1 naigue, 1 drummer, fifer, or bugler, 4 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.

31st Light Infantry—1 ensign, 1 jemadar, 1 naigue, 8 privates, killed; 1 captain, 1 lieutenant, 1 subadar, 1 havildar, 1 naigue, 20 privates, wounded.

Total Killed—Europeans, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 2 captains, 3 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, 1 adjutant, 1 store serjeant, 7 serjeants, 4 corporals, 2 drummers, 86 privates; natives, 1 subadar, 1 jemadar, 2 havildars, 3 naigues, 1 drummer, fifer, or bugler, 50 privates.

Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

H. M. 55th Regt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Mill.
9th Regt. N. I.—Ensign Robertson.
31st Regt. T. L. I.—Ensign Babington.

Wounded.

H. M. 55th Regt.—Captain Warren, Lieutenants Robertson and Brooke, slightly; Lieutenant and Adjutant Heriot, severely.
31st Regt. T. L. I.—Captain Hutchinson, slightly; Lieutenant Martin, severely.

N. B. One man of H. M. 55th regiment, reported killed, since rejoined, badly wounded.

G. WAUGH, Colonel,
commanding 2d or Northern Column.
P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force.

To the Adjutant-General of the Coorg Field Force.

SIR,

I HAVE to report to you, for the information of Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. commanding the Coorg Field Force, that, in consequence of information received yesterday evening, I detached this morning two serjeants and forty rank and file of His Majesty's 48th regiment, together with a company and a half of sepoys, the whole under the command of Captain Noble, attended by the Brigade Major. They moved forward to Bullary Pett at daybreak this morning, for the purpose of reconnoitring the position of a stockade about five miles in advance of this; in the midst of a dense jungle, about two miles distant on the marsh, we fell in with an abandoned post of the Rajah's people, but on arriving within less than half a mile of the stockade several of the Rajah's people were seen lurking, but they retreated amongst the bushes, and made no attempt to oppose us; shortly afterwards the stockade appeared in view from a sudden turn in the road, but apparently none of the Rajah's people were behind it; Captain Noble and the Brigadier-Major pushed forward with the advanced guard, and approached within fifty yards of the gateway, the road was apparently clear, but bounded on the left by hills covered with an impenetrable jungle, separated from us by a deep jungle gully. The ground to the right commanded us and was crowned by stockading from the gateway, and which flanked the road for about eighty yards, when it followed the bend of the hill and retired from our left flank. We were in the act of returning when it was considered necessary to examine a small pathway on the right flank, but a shot from that quarter appeared to be the signal

 for

for a general running fire, which extended even to the rear of our flanks, and it was here the detachment suffered the heaviest loss, from the Rajah's people occupying the thick and impenetrable jungle which surrounded us on every side. Immediately on the fire commencing, the guides deserted us, and as the road is of the very worst kind, and some parts merely a footpath, with several of a similar nature diverging from it, the detachment very soon became entangled amongst them; it was some time before they found the main road, on regaining which, although closely pressed by the enemy from the hill-tops and jungle, our loss became less severe, notwithstanding the extreme fatigue undergone; when within about a mile and a half of the camp we fell in with two strong parties sent out to support us, when as the men were fatigued they were immediately marched in under cover of the supports by whom the enemy were effectually checked. I regret to say that our loss in killed and wounded has been severe, owing to the nature of the country and the excessively bad road; every valley as well as hill by which we passed on our advance and return commanded us on the flanks, which, from knowledge of the country, the leader of the Rajah's people was enabled to use to great advantage; there were some horsemen and two guns accompanying them.

I beg leave to submit to you the impracticability of forcing this stockade without the aid of artillery, as from the nature of the country there appears no method of turning it, and it is flanked on every side by an impenetrable jungle; in fact, the whole road from this place to the stockade is either on the sides of hills or in the valleys surrounded by jungle, every inch of which may be defended against an attacking force. The party opposed to us on our retiring amounted I should consider to about three hundred.

I beg

I beg herewith to annex a return of the killed and wounded.

I have the honour to be, &c.
G. JACKSON, Lieut. Col.
commanding western auxillary column.

Camp, Moodunur, 24 miles beyond
Coombla, Head-quarter W. A. C.
C. C. F. F. April 3, 1834.

Abstract of Killed and Wounded.

Detachment H. M. 48th Reg.—1 serjeant, 8 rank and file, killed; 1 subaltern, 6 rank and file, 3 severely and 3 slightly, wounded.

40th Regt. N. I.—1 subaltern, 2 serjeants or havildars, 1 drummer, 17 rank and file, killed; 1 serjeant or havildar, 28 rank and file, wounded.

Total—1 subaltern, 3 serjeants or havildars, 1 drummer, 25 rank and file, killed; 1 subaltern, 1 serjeant or havildar, 34 rank and file, wounded.

Native followers with H. M. 48th Regt.—4 killed and missing, 2 wounded.

Names of Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

Ensign Johnstone, 51st Regt. doing duty with 40th N. I.

Wounded.

Lieutenant Smith, H. M. 48th Regt.

Since the above, 12 bearers of the Dooly Department, attached to H. M. 48th Regiment, are reported missing.

R. W. CLEVERTY, Brigade Major,
West Aux. Col. C. F. F.

To

To the Assistant Adjutant-General Coorg Field Force.

SIR,

FOR the information of Brigadier Lindesay, C.B. commanding Coorg Field Force, I have the honour to report the safe arrival at the Field Hospital Kensame Hooscottah of the whole * of the sick and wounded of the column under my command, and that the several wounded cases are doing remarkably well.

By the laudable exertions of Captain Lauric, commanding the depôt, due provisions has been made for their accommodation in temporary buildings within the fort, the construction of which commenced prior to my leaving on the 1st instant, according to arrangements which I made with the Fouzdar of the district. I have the honour to be, &c.

G. WAUGH, Colonel,
Comg. 2 or North. Col. C. F. F.
P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
Comg. Coorg Field Force.

Camp, Madkerry, April 10, 1834.

To the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort Saint George.

SIR,

WITH reference to my letter of the 6th instant, I I have the honour herewith to transmit a return of ordnance, &c. &c. found in the fort of Madkerry.

I have the honour to be, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
Comg. Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, near Madkerry,
April 10, 1834.

* To the 6th instant inclusive.

Re-

Return of Ordnance, &c. &c. captured at Madkerry, the 8th April 1834, by the eastern column, under the immediate command of Brigadier Lindesay, C. B. commanding Coorg Field Force.

Brass Ordnance—Guns, 1 one-pounder, 1 seven-inch mortar.—Total 2.

Iron Ordnance—Guns, 1 twelve-pounder, 2 nine-pounders, 2 eight-pounders, 2 six-pounders, 3 three-pounders, 3 one and a half-pounders, 13 one-pounders, 22 wall pieces.—Total 48.

Grand Total—Guns, 1 twelve-pounder, 2 nine-pounders, 2 eight-pounders, 2 six-pounders, 3 three-pounders, 3 one and a half-pounders, 14 one-pounders, 1 seven-inch mortar, 22 wall piece.—Total 50.

Muskets, matchlocks, and pistols, 42.

Matchlock barrels, 52.

Iron round shot of different calibres, 1062.

Cannister shot for different calibres, 287.

Gunpowder, loose and in cartridges, 1200 lbs.

A great number of spears of different kinds.

Swords, Coorg knives, &c.

R. S. SETON, Capt. Horse Arty.
Comg. Artillery C. F. F.
P. LINDESEY, Col.
Commanding Coorg Field Force.

Camp, Madkerry, April 8, 1834.

To

To the Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General Coorg Field Force.

SIR,

I DO myself the honour to report to you, for the information of the Officer commanding Coorg Field Force, that, on the night of the 9th of April, my advanced guard and picquet were attacked by three bodies of the enemy's troops, and I regret to say, the picquet were cut up before the fresh guards came up to the enemy, when they retired immediately. I was unable to pursue them into Coorg itself, as a column of the enemy went off through the jungle to the S. E. of my position with the intention of surprising Manantoddy.

After in vain endeavouring to meet with the enemy, I pushed in here last night to defend this post.

I hope to receive intelligence to day, and will prevent their getting into the interior of Wynaad, but I regret to say, I got no assistance from the inhabitants, who evidently sided with the enemy.

I have the honour to be, &c.

F. MINCHIN, comg. in Wynaad.

Manantoddy, April 5, 1834.

P. S. I find several of the enemy were killed, but under cover of the night they carried off the dead bodies of their comrades, so I have not been able to learn the exact number.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Light Company 51st Regt. N. I.

3 privates killed; 3 privates wounded; 1 havildar, 7 privates, missing.

Total—1 havildar, 13 privates.

I have the honour to be, &c.

F. MINCHIN, comg. in Wynaad.

To

To the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort Saint George.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, that the Rajah of Coorg surrendered himself unconditionally to the force under my immediate command at twelve o'clock last night, and is now a prisoner in the fort of Madkerry under safe custody.

I have the honour to be, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, near Madkerry,
April 11, 1834.

To the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort St. George.

SIR,

I HAD the honour of reporting yesterday that the Rajah Verarajander Woodyer had surrendered himself a prisoner, and was secured in the Fort of Madkerry.

As this desirable event may be looked upon as the termination of hostilities, I deem it a proper occasion to acquaint the Commander in Chief with the sense I entertain of the services of the staff and other Officers his Excellency was pleased to appoint to the force.

To the unwearied exertions of Major Steele, the Deputy Quartermaster-General, I am entirely indebted for the information and arrangement which, by enabling me to concentrate the force on the capital, so speedily and satisfactorily effected the object for which it was so employed. Lieutenant Mackenzie, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General, has per-

formed the minor duties with great credit. The willing activity of Captain Byham, of the artillery, a volunteer attached to the department, has been conspicuously useful.

Lieutenant Hicks, the Assistant Adjutant-General, has conducted the numerous duties of his department with zeal and attention; while Captain Forbes, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant-General, of His Majesty's 39th regiment, an excellent and intelligent Officer, attached to myself, has afforded me very valuable assistance.

Colonels Foulis and Waugh, Lieutenant-Colonels Steuart and Jackson, commanding the different columns, have, I am assured, used their utmost exertions to carry into effect the operations entrusted to them.

The respective reports which I have already had the honour to transmit, will have put his Excellency in possession of their opinions of the services and merits of the troops under their orders.

It remains therefore for me only to bring to the notice of his Excellency the excellent conduct of that part of the eastern column which has been acting under my orders. To Major Poole, of His Majesty's 39th regiment, whom I placed in immediate command of the infantry brigade, to Captain Scton, commanding the artillery, and Captain Underwood, the Chief Engineer, I have been indebted for the most zealous and able assistance, and I do but justice in reporting that the Officers and soldiers of every rank and degree have, under all circumstances and in all respects, merited my most perfect approbation.

I have the honour to be, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force and Brigadier.

Camp, at Madkerry, April 11th, 1834.

P.S.—I feel it due to the Commissariat Department

ment to add, that, notwithstanding the extreme difficulties of the roads, the troops have never been without supplies, which I attribute to the attention of Lieutenant Robertson, Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, and to the excellent instructions under which he has acted.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel.

T. H. S. CONWAY, Adjt.-General of the Army.

[Received in a former Dispatch.]

To the Adjutant-General of the Army.

SIR,

I DO myself the honour to report to you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, that the head quarter division of the eastern column of the Coorg Field Force under my command this morning entered the Coorg territory, crossing the Cauvery at Hebhauly.

The passage of the river was slightly defended by a party of about two hundred men, who disappeared as soon as the head of the column had reached the middle of the ford.

No casualties occurred on our side, and as far as I can learn none on the part of the enemy.

I have not as yet received the report of the operations of the other columns.

I have the honour to be, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, Hebhauly, April 2, 1834.

To the Adjutant-General of the Army.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report to you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, that the head quarter division of the eastern column of the Coorg Field Force under my command this morning attacked and took the pagoda at Ramasamy Gurnaweye, and effected a passage across the Ghaut. The enemy made rather more resistance than I had reason to expect.

They again made a stand at a difficult barrier, situated in a thick jungle, the approach to which was much obstructed, but the troops speedily dislodged and drove them off.

I am happy to be able to state, that the casualties on our side have been very few; I herewith transmit a return; the enemy are said to have lost eight or ten people. We took one gun and twelve prisoners.

I have as yet received no report from the other columns.

I have the honour to be, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, Arungey, April 3, 1834.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the Head-Quarter Division Coorg Field Force, in Skirmishes with the Enemy on the 3d April 1834.

Killed.

1 horse, shot under Lieutenant Hicks, Assistant-Adjutant-General.

Wounded.

Wounded.

H. M. 39th Regt.—1 private, severely.
4th Regt. N. I.—1 private, 1 drummer.
Sappers—1 private. P. LINDESAY, Colonel.

To the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour, by order of the Commander in Chief, to forward, for submission to the Right Honourable the Governor in Council, copy of dispatch received at three A.M. this day from Brigadier Lindesay, C.B. commanding Coorg Field Force.

The Commander in Chief has announced the surrender of Madkerry at this station by a royal salute.

The Brigadier speaks in all his dispatches of the admirable conduct of the troops in all respects, and of the exceeding fatigue they have cheerfully undergone in dragging the guns and tumbrils over mountains where the bullocks could do nothing.

I have the honour to be, &c.

T. H. S. CONWAY,
Adjutant-general of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head-quarters,
Camp, Bangalore, April 9, 1834.

To the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort St. George.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, that the head-quarter division of the eastern column of the Coorg Field Force marched to Madkerry, the capital of the Coorg country, this morning, and took possession of the fort without any opposition, on the walls of which the British flag has been displayed under a royal salute, and it is now occupied by the light company of H. M. 39th regiment.

The fort was vacated by orders from the Coorg Rajah previous to our arrival, and it is expected that he will deliver himself into our hands to morrow.

The troops were much harassed the last two marches in consequence of the natural difficulties of the road, which were much increased by large trees being thrown across, and caused much delay in removing them, and yesterday we could only advance five miles in fourteen hours. We met with no other obstructions from the enemy, all the stockades having been deserted, or the occupants delivering themselves up on the approach of the column, and placed themselves under our protection.

I am happy to say that the troops continue extremely healthy, and nothing could exceed their exertions in overcoming the difficulties they had to contend with, under the most trying circumstances, and I request you will express my sentiments of their good conduct, European and Native, to His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

I have, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, Madkerry,
April 6, 1834.

To

To the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George.

SIR,

WITH reference to my letter of the 15th instant, No. 30, I have now the honour, by order of the Commander in Chief, to forward, for submission to Government, Lieutenant-Colonel G. M. Steuart's report of the operations of the eastern column of the Coorg Field Force, with an additional return of wounded.

I have the honour to be, &c.

T. H. S. CONWAY,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

Head-quarters, Adjutant-General's Office,
Camp, Bangalore, April 16, 1834.

To the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort St. George.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to transmit copy of the report of the operations of the second division of the eastern column Coorg Field Force, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Steuart, which I request may be submitted to His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

I have, &c.

P. LINDESAY, Colonel,
commanding Coorg Field Force.

Head-quarters, Camp, near Madkerry,
April 13, 1834.

To the Assistant Adjutant-General of the Coorg Field Force.

SIR,

IN compliance with the instructions conveyed in your letter of the 6th instant, I proceed to report to you the operations of the column under my command; and beg leave, in the first place, to state in explanation, that my only reason for not having done so earlier, arose from my having been so constantly employed from the morning of the 2d until the evening of the 5th, that I imagined, that so long as the Brigadier commanding was put in possession of all occurrences, it would be immaterial through what department my letter was forwarded.

In obedience to instructions, I marched from Periapatam on the morning of the 2d, and about ten o'clock reached the Cauvery, and found that the enemy were in considerable force on the opposite bank. I immediately ordered up a gun, and in the meantime a fire had opened across the river between the enemy and the rifle company of the 36th regiment, which lay on the hither bank of the river. I then directed two companies to form on the left, to cross the river, and outflank the enemy on that side, whilst another party took them on the right flank. There were several shots fired from the gun with admirable execution, and the enemy quitted this strong barrier as our men reached the opposite bank. Their number probably amounted to about 300 men. They fled in every direction, leaving about 10 of their number dead on the field.

The bed of the river, even at the ford, being so rocky and difficult of passage for guns, &c. I was obliged to encamp in the vicinity of the river, and the enemy, at periods, fired on us from the woods, without however doing any mischief, except harassing the troops, whom I felt necessitated

sitated in consequence to order to sleep on their arms.

I was next day prevented breaking up my camp until after mid-day, in consequence of the commissariat supplies not having been brought over the river the evening before, a delay which I was quite unprepared for, as no report of the circumstance has been made to me by the overseer in charge until the moment I was about to order the assembly. The guides furnished to the column having made off the day before I quitted my encampment much perplexed me as to the route to be pursued. After marching about two miles, a fire was opened upon the advanced guard from a high stockade, but at such a distance as to prevent their doing any mischief, only a few spent balls reaching the men at the head of the column. A gun was brought up and served with the usual precision by Lieutenant Montgomery, whilst a party was detached from each flank to carry the break-work and barriers.

The success of the manœuvre was as complete as I could have desired; the enemy evacuated their post as our men reached the crest of their immense barriers, rising one above another to the height of about fifty feet, overgrown with thorns, and so steep as to be very difficult of access. The enemy here lost 7 or 8 men, and amongst them a mogul or putan, named Kurreem Khan, who had reinforced the place the evening before with a detachment of 300 men, in consequence, as we have understood, of our having forced the passage of the Cauvery the day before, and on whose desperate valour I have every reason to suppose the Rajah put the utmost confidence for the defence of this important post, which would appear to be the key of the country between the Ramagawmy Cannawye and Seedepoor, having in its rear a high road in excellent order direct to Madkerry. This road is not mentioned in the instructions, so I suppose has been hitherto

 un-

unknown; nor is there any road leading from the river up to the stockade.

From an accident happening to one of the gun carriages, I was unable further to prosecute any route, and encamped beyond the stockade, which is a large square place measuring about half a mile across it, having in the first place destroyed some of the defences made on the Madkerry road, at first from ignorance of its being the wrong road, and afterwards from a desire to delude the enemy as to the route to be pursued in the morning.

The next morning, as I was breaking ground, an Arab came in with a white flag, requesting me to halt my column at this place. I of course dismissed him, and declined receiving another individual, whom he represented as having a letter from the Rajah. This day (the 4th) there were a few shots occasionally exchanged during the march, between the enemy and our skirmishers, but without any loss I believe on either side.

The next day (the 5th), I reached Veerajenderpett without having been molested, and with scarce any cases of sickness in the camp.

A list of individuals who have suffered from wounds is forwarded herewith; and I can only attribute the smallness of their number to the regularity and precision with which my orders were invariably carried into execution.

The whole of the troops under my command behaved with the utmost steadiness and gallantry on every occasion.

The detachment of His Majesty's 39th regiment surmounting all difficulties with the characteristic behaviour of British soldiers, nor were the Native troops of the 36th and 48th less forward in maintaining their good name.

Since the first day of operations I have been deprived of the services of Captain Smyth, of His Majesty's 39th regiment, who, although severely wound-

wounded in the foot, continued to lead on his men thoughout the day, after forcing the passage of the river.

To Major Wiggins, of the 36th regiment, I feel myself most particularly indebted for his gallantry before the enemy, as well as for his unremitting and zealous exertions during the few days we have been in the field, by forwarding my wishes and the weal of the public service in every possible manner, in all of which he has been well supported by the men and Officers of the regiment under his command.

The small detachment of sappers under Captain Green have at all times cheerfully performed their constant and arduous duties.

To my two Staff Lieutenants, Considine and Macleane, I deem myself to lay under great obligations, not only for the zealous manner in which their official duties have been performed, but for the spirited manner in which they accompanied the columns of attack.

In conclusion, I beg leave to observe, that I should not have allowed myself to run into such prolixity of detail, were it not that I felt it due to individuals, who have so cheerefully and ably seconded my wishes in the performance of four days' harassing duties.

I have the honour to be, &c.

G. M. STEUART, Lieutenant-Colonel,
commanding the 1st or Eastern Column
Coorg Field Force.

Camp, at Sudapoor, April 11, 1834.

A List of Individuals in the Eastern Column of the Coorg Field Force, who have been wounded since the Commencement of Operations on the 2d of April 1834, *on the Bank of the Carwery.*

H. M. 39th Regt.—1 captain, 2 privates, wounded.
36th Regt. N. I.—3 privates wounded.
48th Regt. N. I.—3 privates wounded.

Name of Officer wounded.

H. M. 39th Regt.—Captain H. Smyth, severely, but not dangerously.

THOMAS MACLEAN, Lieut. Depy. Assist. Adjt. Gen. E. C. Coorg Field Force.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 19, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 17th day of *September* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by His Majesty in Council, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the twenty-fifth day of September instant, be further prorogued to Thursday the twenty-third day of October next.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 17th day of *September* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the general regulation of the Customs," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that goods of places within the limits of the East India Company's charter shall be imported into such ports of the United Kingdom as shall be approved of by the Lords of the Treasury, and declared by an Order in Council, to be fit and proper for such importation; and whereas the port of Newcastle-on-Tyne has been approved of by the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury for that purpose; His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, is thereupon pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the port of Newcastle-on-Tyne is a port fit and proper for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, September 16, 1834.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint the Right Honourable Gilbert Earl of Minto, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Prussia, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

St.

St. James's-Palace, September 17, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Samuel Raymond Jarvis, of Fair Oak-park, in the county of Hants, Esq. High Sheriff for that county.

Office of Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, No. 6, John-Street, Adelphi, September 18, 1834.

The Lord Chancellor has, under the authority of the Acts 2d and 3d William 4th, cap. 107, and 3d and 4th Willliam 4th, cap. 64. appointed the Right Honourable Lord Ashley; Sir Robert Harry Inglis, Bart.; Sir George Grey, Bart.; Robert Gordon, Esq.; Robert Vernon Smith, Esq.; Colonel James Clitherow; Edmund Halswell, Esq.; George Acklem, Esq.; George Clive, Esq.; the Reverend Dr. George Shepherd; James William Mylne, Esq.; Bryan Waller Procter, Esq.; Dr. Thomas Turner; Dr. John Bright; Dr. Henry Herbert Southey; Dr. John Robert Hume; and Dr. Edward James Seymour; to be the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, during the space of one year, for licencing and visiting all houses within the jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, and for carrying into effect the various other provisions of the said Acts. By order,

Edward Du Bois, Clerk and Treasurer.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 26, 1834.

Downing-Street, September 24, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Captain Henry Prescott, R.N. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Newfoundland and its dependencies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 30, 1834.

Whitehall, September 29, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, Knt. Master or Keeper of the Rolls and Records of the Court of Chancery, in the room of the Right Honourable Sir John Leach, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 3, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's,* the 1st day of *October* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, Knt. was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Captain Henry Prescott, R. N. Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Newfoundland and its dependencies, he this day took the usual Oath appointed to be taken by the Governors of His Majesty's Plantations.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, October 3, 1834.

It has been notified by the Spanish Chargé d'Affaires at this Court to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, that by a Decree of Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain, dated September 16, 1834, the coast of the North of Spain, from Cape Finisterre to the Bidassoa, is declared in a state of blockade; and that all vessels acting in contravention of that Decree will be subject to the penalties established by the general maritime law in such cases.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 7, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 7, 1834.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning on Thursday next the 9th instant, for His late Imperial Majesty the Duke of Braganza, Father of Her Most Faithful Majesty, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning on Thursday the 16th instant, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Sunday the 19th instant, the Court to go out of mourning.

Downing-Street, October 6, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Admiral Sir John Wells, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, in the room of Admiral Sir Benjamin Hallowell Carew, deceased.

His Majesty has further been pleased to nominate and appoint Rear-Admiral Edward Brace, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order, in the room of Admiral Sir John Wells.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 10, 1834.

Foreign-Office, October 10, 1834.

IT has been notified to His Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople, by a communication from the Ottoman Government, dated the 9th of September 1834, that the blockade of the island of Samos has been raised.

Foreign-Office, October 10, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Sir George Shee, Bart. to be His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Prussia.

St. James's-Palace, October 8, 1834.

This day Namik Pacha, Minister on a special mission from the Sublime Porte, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, October 8, 1834.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas S. Sorell, K. H. His Majesty's Consul-General for the Austrian States in Italy.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 14, 1834.

Whitehall, October 13, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Bristol, empowering them to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of Doctor Robert Gray, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter Joseph Allen, Clerk, Doctor in Divinity, to be by them elected Bishop of the said See.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 17, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 16, 1834.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 19th instant, for His late Serene Highness Frederick Duke of Saxe Altenbourg, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 26th instant, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Thursday the 30th instant, the Court to go out of mourning.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 15th day of *October* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by His Majesty in Council, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the twenty-third day of October instant, be further prorogued to Tuesday the twenty-fifth day of November next.

Downing-Street, October 17, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Lieutenant-General Lord R. E. H. Somerset, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, in the room of General Sir Henry Warde, deceased.

His Majesty has further been pleased to nominate and appoint Major-General John Taylor, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order, in the room of Lieutenant-General Lord R. E. H. Somerset.

Whitehall, October 15, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Honourable and Reverend Edward George Moore, M. A. the place and dignity of a Prebendary of His Majesty's free Chapel of St. George, in the Castle of Windsor, void by the death of Doctor James Stanier Clarke.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 21, 1834.

Whitehall, October 18, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable George Baron Auckland; Rear-Admiral Charles Adam; Rear-Admiral Sir William Parker, K. C. B.; Captain Sir Samuel John Brooke Pechell, Bart. C. B.; Henry Labouchere, Esq.; and Captain Maurice Fredcrick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, His Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

Whitehall, October 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, appointing Doctor John Dodson to be His Majesty's Advocate-General, in the room of Sir Herbert Jenner.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 24, 1834.

Whitehall, October 23, 1834.

THIS day being appointed for the further prorogation of Parliament by Commission, and His Majesty having been graciously pleased, under the circumstances of the calamitous destruction of both Houses of Parliament by fire, to signify His Royal commands to the Marquess of Cholmondeley, Deputy Great Chamberlain of England, touching the places of meeting for that purpose, the Lords Commissioners (consisting of the Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Privy Seal, and the Lord Auckland) assembled at two o'clock, in the room heretofore appropriated as the Library of the House of Lords; the Commons being assembled in a Committee-room contiguous thereto. Sir Augustus Clifford, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was directed by the Lord Chancellor to desire the immediate attendance of the Commons in the usual course; and the Commons being come thither, the Commission was read by the Clerk, and the Lord Chancellor signified to both Houses His Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that the Parliament should be further prorogued to Tuesday the twenty-fifth of November next, to be then and there holden, and the Parliament was prorogued accordingly.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 28, 1834.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, October 27, 1834.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable William Ashley to be Her Majesty's Treasurer and Vice-Chamberlain.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Reverend John Ryle Wood, M. A. to be one of Her Majesty's Chaplains.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Thomas Henry Holberton, Esq. to be one of Her Majesty's Surgeons Extraordinary.

Gloucester-House, October 23, 1834.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester has been pleased to appoint Captain Percy Douglas, one of His Royal Highness's Equerries.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 31, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 29th day of *October* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at St. James's, October 29, 1834.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of Admiral Sir John Wells and Lieutenant-General Sir Robert-Edward-Henry Somerset (commonly called Lord Robert-Edward-Henry Somerset), with the Ensigns of Knights Grand Crosses of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath; and of Rear-Admiral Sir Edward Brace and Major-General Sir John Taylor with the Ensigns of Knights Commanders of the said Most Honourable Military Order.*

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at St. James's-Palace, viz. His Royal Highness the Duke

Duke of Gloucester; Viscount Beresford; Lord Hill; Lord Cowley; the Honourable Sir Galbraith-Lowry Cole; Sir William-Henry Clinton; the Honourable Sir Charles Colville; the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt; Sir George-Townsend Walker; Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart.; Lord Howard of Effingham; the Earl of Rosslyn; Lord Farnborough; Sir Henry Fane; the Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning; Sir Edward Barnes; the Honourable Sir William Lumley; Sir James-Willoughby Gordon, Bart.; Sir Thomas-Masterman Hardy, Bart.; Viscount Palmerston; Sir Davidge Gould; the Right Honourable Sir Charles Manners Sutton; and Sir Herbert Taylor; attended by Walter Aston Blount, Esq. Genealogist of the Order; Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Sir William Woods, Clarenceux King of Arms, Deputy Register and Secretary of the Order; and George-Frederick Beltz, Esq. Lancaster Herald, Gentleman Usher of the Order.

At half past two o'clock the Knights Grand Crosses were called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Throne-room, with the usual reverences.

Then, by His Majesty's command, Admiral Sir John Wells was introduced into the Royal Presence, between the two Junior Knights Grand Crosses present, preceded by Bath King of Arms, bearing the ribband, badge, and star of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order, upon a crimson velvet cushion, and by the Gentleman Usher of the Order.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester having thereupon received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and Sir John Wells, kneeling, His Majesty was graciously pleased to put the same over the Admiral's right shoulder; Sir John Wells rising, had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand,

and, having received from His Majesty the star of the Order, retired.

Lieutenant-General Lord Robert-Edward-Henry Somerset was then introduced into the presence of the Sovereign, and invested with the Ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, with the like ceremonies.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, Rear-Admiral Sir Edward Brace was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Majesty, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty by His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, Sir Edward Brace, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss His Majesty's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms having, on his knee, presented to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was pleased to invest Sir Edward Brace with the same.

The Rear Admiral having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, withdrew.

Major-General Sir John Taylor was then introduced, knighted, and invested, with the same ceremonies.

The Knights Grand Crosses were then again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the accustomed reverences.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, October 31, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Don Pedro Ortiz de Zugasti, as Consul-General in the United Kingdom for Her Catholic Majesty.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 4, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, October 29, 1834.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Dodson, Esq. Doctor of Laws, His Majesty's Advocate General.

Downing-Street, November 1, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint C. R. Fairbanks, Esq. to be Master of the Rolls in the province of Nova Scotia.

Downing-Street, November 4, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major Henry Dundas Campbell to be Lieutenant-Governor of Sierra Leone and its dependencies in Africa.

Office

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, October 31, 1834.

This is to certify, that, under the provisions of the 11th section of the 4th and 5th Wm. 4th, cap. 76. that the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Major Sir Francis Bond Head, K. H. Knight of the Prussian Order of Merit; Edward Gulson, Esq.; Daniell Goodson Adey, of Mark Gate Cell, in the county of Hertford, Esq. Deputy Lieutenant of the said county, and one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the counties of Bedford and Hertford, and for the borough and liberty of Saint Alban; and Charles Ashe à Court, Colonel, Companion of the Bath, Justice of the Peace, and Deputy Lieutenant of the county of Wilts; to be Assistant Commissioners of Poor Laws.

And this is further to notify, that the said Francis Bond Head, Edward Gulson, and Daniell Goodson Adey, on Tuesday the 28th day of October instant, took the oath required by the 11th section of the said Act, before the Honourable Mr. Justice Williams, one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at his Chambers, at Serjeant's Inn; and on Wednesday the 29th day of October instant, the said Charles Ashe à Court took the same oath before the Honourable Mr. Justice Littledale, one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at his Chambers, at Serjeant's Inn.

By order of the Board,

Edwin Chadwick, Secretary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 7, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, October 9, 1834.

THE King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Archibald Earl of Gosford, Captain of His Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard, in the room of the Right Honourable Ulrick Marquess of Clanricarde.

St. James's-Palace, October 9, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Lord Gardner, one of the Lords of His Majesty's Bedchamber, in the room of the Earl of Gosford.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, November 5, 1834.

The Reverend Timothy Fysh Foord-Bowes has been appointed, by the King's command, one of the Deputy Clerks of the Closet to His Majesty, in the room of the Reverend Dr. James Stanier Clark, deceased.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, November 5, 1834.

The Reverend Montagu John Wynyard has been appointed, by the King's command, Supernumerary Deputy Clerk of the Closet to His Majesty, in the room of the Reverend Timothy Fysh Foord-Bowes.

White-

Whitehall, November 5, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland to Henry Cockburn, Esq. in the room of James Wolfe Murray, Esq. resigned.

The King has also been pleased to grant the office of Solicitor General for Scotland to Andrew Skene, Esq. in the room of Henry Cockburn, Esq. appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, Somerset-House, London, November 6, 1834.

This is to certify that, under the provisions of the 11th section of the fourth and fifth William the Fourth, c. 76, the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Henry Pilkington, Esq. Barrister at Law; Charles Mott, of Forest-hill, Esq.; Alfred Power, Esq. Barrister at Law; and William Henry Toovey Hawley, Esq. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Southampton, and Deputy Lieutenant of the same county; to be Assistant-Commissioners of Poor Laws.

And this is further to notify, that the said Henry Pilkington, Charles Mott, and Alfred Power, on Tuesday the 4th of November instant, and the said William Henry Toovey Hawley, on Wednesday the 5th of November instant, took the oath required by the 11th section of the said Act, before the Honourable Mr. Baron Bolland, one of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, at his Chambers at Serjeants' Inn.

By order of the Board,

E. Chadwick, Secretary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 14, 1834.

THE names of those who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council, at the Exchequer, on the Morrow of Saint Martin, in the fifth year of the reign of King William the Fourth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

Bedfordshire,	Charles James Metcalfe, of Roxton, Esq. Richard Longuet Orlebar, of Hinwick, Esq. William Astell, of Everton, Esq.
Berkshire,	Charles Archer Houblon, of Welford-Park, Esq. Bartholomew Wroughton, of Woolley-Park, Esq. Philip Pusey, of Pusey, Esq.
Buckinghamshire,	Sir William Lawrence Young, of Princes Risborough, Bart. The Right Honourable Sir Gore Ouseley, of Hall-Barn, Bart. Thomas Tyrwhitt Drake, of Shardloes, Esq.
Camb' & Hunt'	John Fryer, of Chatteris, Esq. John Bates, of Benwick, Esq. Henry Haynes, of Whittlesea, Esq.

Cheshire,	William Astley, of Duckenfield, Esq. Thomas Swettenham, of Swettenham, Esq. Joseph Leigh, of Belmont, Esq.
Cornwall,	Charles Prideaux Brune, of Place Padstow, Esq. John Buller, of Morval, Esq. Thomas James Agar Robartes, of Lanhydrock, Esq.
Cumberland,	Sir Francis Fletcher Vane, of Hutton-Hall, Bart. Richard Ferguson, of Harker-Lodge, Esq. Thomas Irwin, of Calder-Abbey, Esq.
Derbyshire,	Ashton Nicholas Every Mosley, of Congreve-Hall, Esq. William Bache Thornhill, of Stanton, Esq. William Tarbutt, of Oyston-Hall, Esq.
Devonshire,	Samuel Trehawke Kekewich, of Peamore, Esq. Henry George Cary, of Tor-Abbey, Esq. George Acland Barber, of Fremington, Esq.
Dorsetshire,	John Samuel Wanley Sawbridge Erle Drax, of Charborough, Esq. Sir Henry Digby, of Mintun Magna, Knt. Joseph Weld, of Lulworth, Esq.
Essex,	Thomas William Bramston, of Skreens, Esq.

George

	George William Gent, of Moyns-Park, Steeple Bumpstead, Esq.
	William Whitaker Maitland, of Loughton, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	Sir Michael Hicks Hicks Beach, of Williamstrip, Bart.
	Henry Wenman Newman, of Thornbury-Park, Esq.
	Samuel Gist Gist, of Dixon-House, Esq.
Herefordshire,	John Bleeke Lye, of Hereford, Esq.
	Richard Webb, of Donnington-Hall, Esq.
	David Ricardo, of Brinsop-Court, Esq.
Hertfordshire,	William Robert Baker, of Bayfordbury, Esq.
	William Franks, of Woodside, Esq.
	William Blake, of Denesbury, Esq.
Kent,	John Ward, of Holwood, Esq.
	Sir Edward Cholmley Deering, of Surenden, Bart.
	William Wells, of Redleaf, Esq.
Leicestershire,	Charles Nevill, of Holt, Esq.
	Thomas Frewen Turner, of Cold Overton, Esq.
	William Hemck, of Beaumanor, Esq.
Lincolnshire,	Thomas Earle Welby, of Allington-Hall, Esq.
	Charles Chaplin, of Blankney, Esq.
	Sir Montague John Cholmeley, of Easton, Bart.

Monmouthshire,	George Rooke, of Llandogo, Esq. Charles Marriott, of Dixton, Esq. Sir Samuel Fludyer, of Trustrey, Bart.
Norfolk,	Anthony Hamond, of Westacre, Esq. Hudson Gurney, of Keswick, Esq. Robert Fellowes, of Shottisham, Esq.
Northamptonshire,	Lewis Loyd, of Overstone-Park, Esq. William Harris, of Wootton-House, Esq. William Willes, of Astrop, Esq.
Northumberland,	Bertram Mitford, of Mitford-Castle, Esq. Thomas Riddell, of Felton-Park, Esq. William John Charlton, of Hesleyside, Esq.
Nottinghamshire,	Henry Savile Foljambe, of East Retford, Esq. George Walker, of East Wood, Esq. Christopher Neville, of Thorney, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	John Fane, of Wormsley, Esq. Thomas Stonor, of Stonor, Esq. Joseph Warner Henley, of Waterperry, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	Godfrey Kemp, of Belton, Esq. Samuel Stokes, of Caldecott, Esq. Richard Wade, of Uppingham, Esq.

Shrop-

Shropshire,	Sir Ferdinand Richard Acton, of Aldenham, Bart. Thomas Beale, of Heath-House, Esq. Sir Baldwin Leighton, of Loton, Bart.
Somersetshire,	William Manning Dodington, of Horsington, Esq. Thomas Leir, of Weston, Esq. James Bennett, of North Cadbury, Esq.
Staffordshire,	Thomas Hawe Parker, of Park-Hall, Esq. Edward Monkton, of Somerford, Esq. Thomas Higgens Burne, of Loynton-Hall, Esq.
County of Southampton,	James Barlow Hoy, of Midenbury, Esq. Henry Weyland Powell, of Lyndhurst, Esq. William Hughes Hughes, of Bellevue, Ryde, Isle of Wight, Esq.
Suffolk,	Robert Sayer, of Sibton, Esq. Thomas Hallifax the elder, of Shimpling, Esq. John Gibson, of Ipswich, Esq.
Surrey,	James Broadwood, of Lyne-House, Esq. Charles Barclay, of Bury-Hill, Esq. William Henry Cooper, of Pains-Hill, Esq.
Sussex,	Charles Dixon, of Stanstead-Park, Esq.

John

	John Davies Gilbert, of Eastbourne, Esq.
	John James King, of Coates, Esq.
Warwickshire,	Samuel Tertius Galton, of Leamington Priors, Esq.
	The Honourable Charles Bertie Percy, of Guy's Cliff.
	John Ward Boughton Leigh, of Brownsover-Hall, Esq.
Wiltshire,	Henry Seymour, of Knoyle, Esq.
	Walter Long, of Chalcott-House, Esq.
	Sir Frederick Hutchison Harvey Bathurst, of Clarendon-Park, Bart.
Worcestershire,	Sir Edward Blount, of Mawley-Hall, Bart.
	Sir Offley Penbury Wakeman, of Perdiswell, Bart.
	The Honourable William James Coventry, of Earls Croome.
Yorkshire,	Richard Henry Roundell, of Gledstone, Esq.
	Sir Thomas Aston Clifford Constable, of Burton Constable, Bart.
	William Rookes Crompton Stansfield, of Esholt-Hall, Esq.

Office of the Master of the Horse to the Queen, Queen's-Mews, London, October 3, 1834.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Henry Forester to be one of Her Majesty's Pages of Honour, vice the Honourable C. Grimston.

Office

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's November 10, 1834.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Richard Charles Mellish, Esq. to be one of Her Majesty's Gentlemen Ushers, vice Richard Cumberland, Esq. resigned.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 18, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 17th day of *November* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington to be one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, his Grace was this day, by His Majesty's command, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 29th day of *October* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of His present Majesty's reign, intituled " An Act for the abolition of slavery " throughout the British colonies; for promoting the " industry of the manumitted slaves; and for com- " pensating the persons hitherto entitled to the " services of such slaves," after reciting that it was necessary that provision should be made for the apportionment, amongst the proprietors of the slaves to be manumitted by virtue of the said Act in each of the said colonies respectively, of that part of the said compensation fund which should be so assigned as in the said Act is therein before recited to each of the respective colonies; and reciting that the necessary rules for that purpose could not be properly or safely established, until after full enquiry should have been made into the several circumstances which ought to be taken into consideration in making such apportionment, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that the said Commissioners should, and were thereby required to, proceed to draw up and frame all such general rules, regard being had to the laws and usages in force in each colony respectively, as to them might seem best adapted in each colony respectively for securing the just and equitable distribution of the said funds amongst or for the benefit of such several persons as aforesaid, and for the protection of such funds, and for the appointment and indemnification of such trustees as aforesaid; and such general rules, when so framed and when agreed upon by the said Commis-

missioners, should by them be subscribed with their respective hands and seals and transmitted to the Lord President of His Majesty's Council, to be by him laid before His Majesty in Council, and so from time to time as often as any further general rules should be so framed and agreed to for the purposes aforesaid, or any of them:

And it was also enacted, that the general rules to be transmitted as aforesaid to the said Lord President should be forthwith published in the London Gazette on three several occasions at least, together with a notice that all persons interested in or affected by any such general rules might, by a time to be in such notice limited, appeal against any such rules to His Majesty in Council; and that it should be lawful for the Lords and others of His Majesty's Privy Council, or for any three or more of them, by any further notice or notices to be for that purpose published in the London Gazette, to enlarge, as to them might seem meet, the time for receiving any such appeals:

And it was further enacted that if, within the time so to be limited for receiving such appeals, any person or persons should prefer any petition of appeal to His Majesty in Council against any such general rule so published as aforesaid in the London Gazette, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council, or for any Committee of Privy Council, to hear such appeal, and to cause notice thereof to be served upon the said Commissioners, who should thereupon undertake the defence of such appeal; and upon hearing any such appeal it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to confirm and annul, or to rescind and disallow, any such general rule as aforesaid, or thereupon to alter, amend, or vary any such rule in such manner as to His Majesty might seem just, or to remit the same to the said Commissioners for further consideration and revision:

And it was also enacted that, at the expiration of the time limited for receiving such appeals as aforesaid, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to confirm and allow, or to rescind and disallow, in the whole or in part, or to amend, alter, or vary any such general rule or rules, though not so appealed against, as to His Majesty might seem just, or to remit such rules to the said Commissioners for further consideration and revision:

And it was further enacted that, when and so often as any such general rule or rules as aforesaid should by His Majesty in Council have been confirmed and allowed, an Order should be made by His Majesty in Council reciting at length any such rule or rules, with any alterations or amendments which might have been therein made as aforesaid; and a copy of every such Order in Council should be duly certified by the Lord President of His Majesty's Council for the time being to the Lord High Chancellor or Keeper of the Great Seal, or to the Master of the Rolls for the time being, and should be duly enrolled among the records of the High Court of Chancery, and should there remain and be of record:

And it was further enacted that, for ensuring method, regularity, and dispatch in the mode of preferring and of proceeding upon such claims, the said Commissioners should and were thereby authorised, by general rules to be framed and published, confirmed, allowed. and enrolled as aforesaid, to prescribe the form and manner of proceeding to be observed by any claimant or claimants preferring any such claims, and to authorise the Assistant Commissioners, so to be appointed as thereinbefore mentioned, in the said several colonies to receive and report upon the same, or any of them, in such manner and form, and under such regulations as to the Commissioners, so to be appointed by His Majesty

jesty as aforesaid, should seem meet; and to prescribe the manner, the time or times, the place or places, and the form or forms in which notices of such claims shall be published for general information, or especially communicated to or served upon any person or persons interested therein or affected thereby; and to prescribe the form and manner of proceeding to be observed upon the prosecution of such claims, or in making any opposition to the same; and to make all such regulations as to them might seem best adapted for promoting method, economy, and dispatch in the investigation of such claims, and respecting the evidence to be taken and admitted for or against the same, and respecting the manner and form of adjudicating thereupon, and otherwise however respecting the method, form, and manner of proceeding to be observed, either by them, the said Assistant Commissioners, or by the parties to any proceedings before them, their agents, or witnesses; and which rules should from time to time be liable to be amended, altered, varied, or renewed as occasion might require, in such manner as is therein before directed:

And whereas, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, His Majesty, by a Commission under the Great Seal, bearing date the twelfth day of April, in the fourth year of His Majesty's reign, did constitute John Bonham Carter, James Lewis, John George Shaw Lefevre, Samuel Duckworth, Thomas Amyott, Hastings Elwin, and Henry Frederick Stephenson, Esqrs. to be Commissioners of Arbitration for the purposes in the said Act mentioned.

And whereas, in pursuance of the said Act, the said Commissioners did draw up and frame such general rules as therein mentioned for the apportionment of the compensation money therein mentioned amongst the persons seized of, or entitled to, or having, any mortgage, charge, incumbrance, judg-

 ment,

ment, or lien upon, or any claim to, or right or interest in, any slave or slaves so to be manumitted, as in the said Act is mentioned, at the time of such their manumission:

And whereas, in pursuance of the said Act, the said Commissioners did also frame such general rules as in the said Act are mentioned, prescribing the form and manner of proceeding to be observed by any claimant or claimants preferring any such claims as are therein mentioned:

And whereas the said general rules when so framed, being subscribed with the respective hands and seals of the said Commissioners, were by them on the first day of April last transmitted to the Lord President of His Majesty's Council to be by him laid before His Majesty in Council:

And whereas the said rules so transmitted as aforesaid to the Lord President have been published in the manner and form in the said Act in that behalf required, together with a notice that all persons interested in or affected by any such general rules might, within six months from the date of such notice, appeal against any such rules to His Majesty in Council:

And whereas such notice bore date the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and the said term of six months expired on the seventeenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four:

And whereas certain appeals have been preferred to His Majesty in Council against certain of the before-mentioned rules, but against others of the said rules no such appeal hath been preferred:

And whereas His Majesty hath this day taken into consideration the propriety of confirming and allowing such of the rules aforesaid as are not the subject of

of and as are not affected by any such appeal as aforesaid:

And whereas His Majesty hath seen fit, in certain respects, in pursuance of the power in Him in that behalf vested, to amend, alter, and vary, some of such general rules as aforesaid though not so appealed against:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in execution of the power in His Majesty in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, subject to such alteration and amendment as aforesaid, such of the general rules made as aforesaid as are not the subject of or affected by any such appeal as aforesaid, shall be, and the same are, hereby confirmed and allowed:

And in further pursuance of the said Act of Parliament the said rules, with such alterations and amendments as aforesaid, are recited at length in the schedule subjoined to this present Order, which schedule His Majesty doth hereby declare is and shall be taken as part of this Order:

And the Lord President is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

W. L. Bathurst.

SCHE-

SCHEDULE TO WHICH THE FOREGOING ORDER REFERS.

RULES *for the Conduct of the Proceedings under the said Commission, in so far as relates to all the Colonies or Possessions mentioned and enumerated in the said Act, except the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius.*

1st. That all persons in possession of and claiming compensation for any slave or slaves to be manumitted under the said Act, shall prefer their claims before the Assistant Commissioners in the respective colonies in which the said slave or slaves may be registered or settled, on or before the first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, in the form hereunto annexed, marked (B).

2d. That every such claim shall be accompanied by a certificate signed by the Registrar of Slaves of the colony in which such claim shall be made, that the number of slaves mentioned in such claim (except any increase by birth since the last registry, as mentioned at the foot of such claim), are duly registered, together with the name or names of the person or persons by whom such slaves have been registered; and in case the property in any slave or slaves shall have been changed, between the last registration and the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, the claimant must briefly state his title from the person in whose name the slaves were last registered.

3d. That the said Assistant Commissioners shall from time to time, with all convenient speed, after re-

receipt thereof, make out complete lists of all such claims according to the form following, that is to say:

Name and Description of Claimant, or person in possession of the Slaves.	Plantation, or other Domicile of Slaves.	Number of Slaves.

and shall cause the same to be published in the different newspapers of the said colony, or shall make the same known in such manner as to them shall seem most effectual for giving notice of the subject of such claim to all parties interested therein, in all parts of the said colony.

4th. That such claims for compensation be made to the Assistant Commissioners, in the respective colonies, in duplicate, and that one part be transmitted by them to the Commissioners in London, and filed in their office, and the other kept and filed in the office of the Assistant Commissioners.

5th. That any person having, or claiming to have, any right, title, or interest in or to, or any mortgage, judgment, charge, incumbrance, or lien upon any slave or slaves included in such claims, or any right, title, or interest thereto, under or by virtue of any deed, will, testamentary instrument, or conveyance whatsoever, or in any other manner whatsoever, and claiming to receive the compensation for such slave or slaves, or any of them, in opposition to the original claimant, shall prefer a counter claim before the

the Assistant Commissioners in the respective colonies on or before the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, or in London before the Commissioners on or before the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five; provided always, that in case no original claim shall have been filed within the time limited by the first rule for that purpose, any person claiming a right to receive the compensation as above mentioned, or any part thereof, may prefer his claim thereto instead of a counter claim, and such claim shall be deemed and taken and be made in the same form, and subject to the same rules of proceeding in all respects as a counter claim, and with the same liberty of replying thereto as hereinafter directed, as if an original claim had been preferred.

6th. That in cases in which no counter claim shall have been preferred in the colonies on or before the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the Assistant Commissioners within their respective colonies shall report the amount of compensation which may appear to them to be due upon each of the several claims, on application of the parties or their agents, and transmit forthwith copies or lists of such several reports to the Commissioners in London; and in cases in which no counter claim shall have been preferred before the Commissioners in London, on or before the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the Commissioners may proceed to award the compensation according to the several claims upon the application of the parties or their agents.

7th. That in all cases in which a counter claim for the whole or any part of the compensation shall be preferred, such counter claim shall set forth the estate or interest, right or title, intended to be in-

insisted on, and the dates, parties, and legal effect of the deeds or other instruments under which the counter claim is made, with the date of registration in the proper office in the colony; and in all cases of mortgage, judgment, charge, incumbrance, or lien, such counter claim shall also set forth for what sum the same was granted or recovered, what payments (if any) have been made thereon, and the dates of such payments, and what remains due thereon, whether the same is the prior lien or otherwise, on the property included therein, and also the legal effect of such securities upon slaves, according to the law and usage of the particular colony in which such slaves have been registered or settled; and that in addition thereto the substance of such counter claim be embodied and arranged in the tabular form hereunto annexed, marked (C).

8th. That upon such counter claim being filed within the limited periods aforesaid, notice thereof be forthwith given by the party making the same to the party against whom it is made, or his agent, and a copy thereof be furnished to such party or his agent, on application at the Office of the Commissioners, or of the Assistant Commissioners in the colony.

9th. That within three months after such counter claim has been filed, and such notice given, the original claimant may file a replication to the said counter claim before the Assistant Commissioners, or the Commissioners in London, and give notice forthwith of such replication to the counter claimant or his agent, and a copy thereof be furnished to such counter claimant or his agent, on application at the office of the Commissioners in London, or of the Assistant Commissioners in the colony.

10th. That in case no replication be filed within the time aforesaid, the Commissioners may, on proof of notice of the counter claim having been served on the original claimant or his agent, proceed to consider the claim and counter claim, and give such further directions and make such award as to them shall seem fit in respect to the compensation to be paid thereon.

11th. That in case a replication shall be filed within the time aforesaid, the Commissioners may, either upon application of the parties interested, or their agent for such purpose, or if to the Commissioners it shall seem fit, direct proof to be adduced in support of such claim, counter claim, or replication, by the production of deeds or other documents, or by interrogatories on oath or affirmation, to be drawn and exhibited to the parties or witnesses, or by affidavits, or by *vivâ voce* examination of witnesses, as the case may require.

12th. That on such proof as aforesaid being made, the Commissioners shall, on the application of any of the parties interested, or their agents, cause a notice to issue to all the claimants and counter claimants in such proceedings named, that the said Commissioners will, on a day in such notice to be named, proceed to make their adjudication and award; copies of such notice to be served by the party applying for the same on all such claimants and counter claimants, or their agents.

13th. That all persons claiming to act on behalf of any party interested in the said compensation monies shall lodge with the Commissioners, or Assistant Commissioners, as the case may be, a power of attorney, or other authority, under the hand of the party or parties so interested, to be re-

registered in the proceedings of the said Commissioners, or Assistant Commissioners, and no other than the person or persons named in such power of attorney or authority shall be entitled to act in that behalf so long as such power shall continue in force.

(B.)

Form of Claim for the Compensation to be awarded for Slaves:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same number as return.)

The claim of A. B. of , in the parish of (as owner in fee, &c.), [a] (by C. D. his attorney, as the case may be), to the compensation for slaves, in the possession of the said A. B. on the 1st day of August 1834, duly registered (except as under mentioned), [b] and described in the return made thereof on the day of 1834.

(Signed, &c.)

---

[a] Character in which the claim is made, as

Owner in fee,	Trustee,	Committee,
Tenant in tail for life or for years,	Receiver,	Executor,
	Guardian,	Administrator,
Mortgagee,	Sequestrator,	or otherwise.

[b] In case any children shall have been born between the last registration and the 1st August 1834, and included in the return, their names, ages, and names of mothers to be stated at foot of the claim.

And in case the property in any slave or slaves shall have been changed between the last registration and the 1st August 1834, the claimant must briefly state his title from the person in whose name the slaves were last registered.

(C.)

Form of Counter Claim

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same No. as claim or return.)

The counter claim of A. B. of , (by C. D. his attorney, as the case may be), in respect of certain slaves registered in the said colony, and in the possession of and described in the return thereof.—Dated the day of 183 .

(Particulars of counter claim.)

Schedule to Counter Claim:

Name of Estate, or Domicile of Slaves. } (Name of Colony.) { No. (same No. as the claim or return.)

Name and Address of Party preferring Counter Claim.	Description of Estate, Right, Title, or Interest of Counter Claimant, with reference to Documents in support thereof.	Amount due on Mortgage, Judgment, or other Lien or Incumbrance, in Sterling Money.	Description of Slaves being the object of Counter Claim.	No. of Slaves.	Estimated Value of Slaves in Sterling, comprised in Counter Claim.
			Prædial attached.		
			1 Head people		
			2 Tradesmen.....		
			3 Inferior tradesmen..		
			4 Field labourers		
			5 Inferior field labourers		
			Prædial unattached.		
			1 Head people		
			2 Tradesmen.....		
			3 Inferior tradesmen..		
			4 Field labourers		
			5 Inferior field labourers		
			Non-prædial.		
			1 Head tradesmen....		
			2 Inferior tradesmen..		
			3 Head people employed on wharfs, shipping, or other avocations.....		
			4 Inferior people, of the same description		
			5 Head domestic servants		
			6 Inferior domestics ..		
			Children under six years of age on the 1st day of August 1834 ..		
			Aged, diseased, or otherwise non-effective		

W. L. BATHURST.

Lunæ, 17° *die Novembris* 1834.

In pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act "to repeal so much of two Acts, made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House "of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk of "the Crown, for making out writs for the election "of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner "therein mentioned, and for substituting other pro-"visions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of Thomas Fitzgerald, Esq. late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the county of Louth, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said county of Louth, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 17th day of November 1833,

CHARLES MANNERS SUTTON, Speaker.

Downing-Street, November 15, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Parker, Esq. to be Puisne Judge in the province of New Brunswick.

Whitehall, November 15, 1834.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint Leonard Edmunds, Esq. to be Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, in the room of Denis Le Marchant, Esq. resigned.

The King has also been pleased to nominate and appoint Arthur Eden, Esq. to be Clerk of the Patents, in the room of Leonard Edmunds, Esq. resigned.

Whitehall, November 15, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting unto Walter-Aston Blount, Esq. Genealogist and Blanc Coursier Herald of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, the office of Chester Herald of Arms, void by the decease of George Martin-Leake, Esq. late Chester Herald.

Whitehall, November 15, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Emilia-Sophia, the wife of Charles-Thomas Grant, Esq. sister of the late Henry-Thomas and Charles-John, successively Viscounts Falkland, and aunt of Lucius-Bentinck, now Viscount Falkland, shall have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedency in all assemblies and meetings whatsoever, as if her late father Lucius-Ferdinando Carey (commonly called the Honourable Lucius-Ferdinando Carey) had survived his

father

father Lucius-Charles Viscount Falkland, and succeeded to the said dignity of Viscount Falkland.

And His Majesty has been pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 21, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 20th day of *November* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by His Majesty in Council, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Tuesday the twenty-fifth day of this instant November, be further prorogued to Thursday the eighteenth day of December next.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Edward Earl of Derby to be Lord Lieutenant of the county of Lancaster, his Lordship this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

St. James's-Palace, November 20, 1834.

This day had audiences of His Majesty:

The Count D'Aglié, Envoy Extrordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, to deliver credentials from the Duke of Lucca, accrediting him provisionally as His Royal Highness's Minister at this Court:

And the Chevalier de Moraes Sarmento, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, to deliver letters from his Sovereign:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by the Duke of Wellington, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by the Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, November 17, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Felix Booth, of Roydon-lodge, in the county of Essex, Esq. and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, November 21, 1834.

MEMORANDUM.

The appointment (which was notified in last Tuesday's Gazette) of Arthur Eden, Esq. to be Clerk of the Patents, has been cancelled.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 21, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 21st day of *November* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to deliver the Great Seal to the Right Honourable John Lord Lyndhurst; whereupon the oath of Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain was, by His Majesty's command, administered to him, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

Whitehall, November 21, 1834.

The following Addresses, in favour of the change of Administration, have been presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously:

From the Magistrates, Gentry, Clergy, and other inhabitants of the ancient and loyal borough of Brecon.

From the inhabitants of the borough of Merthyr Tydfil.

From the inhabitants of Ashford and its vicinity, in the county of Kent.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 25, 1834.

Whitehall, November 25, 1834.

AN Address, in favour of the change of Administration, from the residents and visitors of the ancient borough and town of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, has been presented to His Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

Whitehall, November 21, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing his Grace Arthur Duke of Wellington, K. G.; James Earl of Rosslyn, G.C.B.; Edward Lord Ellenborough; William Lord Maryborough; the Right Honourable Sir John Beckett, Bart.; and Joseph Planta, Esq.; to be Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 28, 1834.

Whitehall, November 25, 1834.

THIS day being appointed for the further prorogation of Parliament by Commission, the Lords Commissioners (consisting of the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Rosslyn, and Lord Maryborough) assembled at three o'clock, in the room heretofore appropriated as the Library of the House of Lords, the Commons being assembled in a Committee-room contiguous thereto. Mr. Pulman, the Yeoman Usher of the Black Rod, was directed by the Lord Chancellor to require the immediate attendance of the Commons in the usual course; and the Commons being come thither, the Commission was read by the Clerk, and the Lord Chancellor signified to both Houses His Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that the Parliament should be further prorogued to Thursday the eighteenth day of December next, to be then and there holden, and the Parliament was prorogued accordingly.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, November 26, 1834.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed Sir Frederic Madden, K. H. of the British Museum, one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Chamber in Ordinary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 2, 1834.

Whitehall, December 2, 1834.

A LETTER, of which the following is a copy, was received at the Office of the Home Department yesterday morning, announcing the death of His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester:

Bagshot-Park, Sunday Evening,
November 30, 1834.

My Lord Duke,

BY command of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester, I have to communicate to your Grace, as His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, the melancholy intelligence, that His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester expired at twenty minutes before seven o'clock this evening, after an illness of fifteen days.

I have the honour to be,
My Lord Duke,
Your Grace's very obedient
and humble servant,
(Signed) EDMUND CURREY.

His Grace the Duke of Wellington, K. G.
&c. &c. &c.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 1, 1834.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Thursday next the 4th instant, for His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, first cousin and brother in law to the King, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, plain muslin or long lawn, crape or love hoods, black silk shoes, black glazed gloves, and black paper fans.

The Gentlemen to wear black cloth, without buttons on the sleeves or pockets, plain muslin or long lawn cravats and weepers, black swords and buckles.

Heralds'-College, December 2, 1834.

The Earl Marshal's Order for a General Mourning for His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester.

IN pursuance of His Majesty's commands, these are to give public notice that, upon the present melancholy occasion of the death of His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, it is expected that all persons do put themselves into decent mourning; the said mourning to begin on Thursday next the 4th instant.

NORFOLK, Earl Marshal.

THE names of the several persons nominated by the Judges of the respective Circuits in Wales, as proper persons to serve the office of Sheriff for the year 1835, for the respective counties following:

Anglesey,	Norris Matthew Goddard, of Tyny Pwll, Esq. William Hughes, of Plas Llandyfrydog, Esq. Robert Jones Hughes, of Plas Llangoed, Esq.
Breconshire,	Sir Edward Hamilton, of Trebinshun, Bart. John Lloyd, of Dinas, Esq. Joseph Bailey, of Glanusk-Park, Esq.
Cardiganshire,	Thomas Davies, of Nantgwilan, Esq. Francis Thomas Gibb, of Hondrefelin, Esq. John Lloyd, of Alltyrodyn, Esq.
Carmarthenshire,	Edward Rose Tunno, of Llangenneck-Park, Esq. James Price Gwynne Holford, of Kilgwyn, Esq. John William Lloyd, of Wanyrallt, Esq.
Carnarvonshire,	John Morgan, of Weig, Esq. William Watkin Edward Wynn, of Blaenycwn, Esq. Robert Morris, of Perthilwydion, Esq.
Denbighshire,	John Heaton, of Plas Heaton, Esq. Sir Robert Cunliffe, of Acton-Park, Bart.

Sa-

	Samuel Sandbatch, of Hafodunos, Esq.
Flintshire,	Sir Edward Mostyn, of Talacre, Bart.
	The Honourable Lloyd Kenyon, of Gredington.
	Charles Blaney Trevor Roper, of Plasteg, Esq.
Glamorganshire,	Charles Morgan Robinson Morgan, of Ruperra, Esq.
	Wyndham Lewis, of Greenmeadow, Esq.
	Daniel Jones, of Bupert, Esq.
Merionethshire,	Richard Garnons, of Hendre-Manor, Esq.
	Wilson Jones, of Dolfriog, Esq.
	Sir William Wynn, of Hendregwyn-llian, Knt.
Montgomeryshire,	Hugh Davies Griffiths, of Llechwead Garth, Esq.
	Robert Peet, of Llandrinio, Esq.
	Sir Offley Penbury Wakeman, of Hem, Bart.
Pembrokeshire,	Nicholas Roch, of Cocheston, Esq.
	William Bowen, of Milton, Esq.
	Richard Llewhellin, of Tregnint, Esq.
Radnorshire,	Thomas Williams, of Crossfoot, in the parish of Chiow, Esq.
	William Pugh, of Llanbadarn Vyndd, Esq.
	Edward Rogers, of Stanage-Park, Esq.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 2, 1834.

Admiralty, December 1, 1834.

HIS Majesty does not require that the Officers of the Fleet or Marines should wear any other mourning, on the present melancholy occasion of the death of His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, than a black crape round the left arm with their uniform.

GEORGE ELLIOT.

Horse-Guards, December 1, 1834.

IT is not required that the Officers of the Army shall wear any other mourning, on the present melancholy occasion, than a black crape round their left arms with their uniforms.

By command of the Right Honourable the General Commanding in Chief,

JOHN MACDONALD, A. G.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 5, 1834.

St. James's-Palace, December 2, 1834.

THIS day the following Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London, in Common Council assembled, was presented to His Majesty; which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive on the Throne:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble, dutiful, and loyal Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's loyal and dutiful subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London, in Common Council assembled, humbly represent to your Majesty, that we feel deeply grateful to your Majesty for having, in your gracious speeches from the Throne, recommended, and afterwards approved and sanctioned, the great measure of Parliamentary reform; and especially for your Majesty's most gracious declaration, in answer to the Address of this Court, on the 12th day of October 1831, that we might be assured of your Majesty's sincere desire to uphold and to improve the securities afforded by the constitution for the maintenance of the just rights of your people; and

that

that we might rely on your Majesty's continued disposition to further the adoption of such measures as might seem best calculated for that purpose.

We beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty our opinion, that the security of the Crown, the stability of our most valued institutions, and the permanent prosperity of the country, can only be maintained by a steady perseverance in those salutary improvements which the country requires, and upon the attainment of which we have thus been led to rely with hope and confidence.

That whilst we respectfully acknowledge the constitutional prerogative of your Majesty to nominate as your Ministers those whom your Majesty may approve, we cannot but avail ourselves of our constitutional and equally sacred right, to express to your Majesty our deep sorrow that the hopes which your Majesty had raised and strengthened have been dispelled by the re-appointment of Ministers who have ever opposed the great measure of Parliamentary Reform; and we feel bound, in duty to ourselves and to our country, to declare to your Majesty, that we cannot feel confidence that the legitimate consequences of that Act will be faithfully prosecuted by those who in every stage denounced and opposed it, notwithstanding the recommendation and sanction which it received from your Majesty.

That we can expect no correction of the abuses in our social and political institutions from those whose voice has uniformly been raised in defence of those abuses; and we cannot but express our humble and earnest hope that the affairs of this country may be committed to the conduct of Ministers possessing the affections and confidence of the people, whose well-being and happiness are necessarily involved in the appointment.

Signed by order of Court,

Henry Woodthorpe.

To

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:

"It has been, and it ever will be, the object of my earnest solicitude to correct abuses, and to improve the condition of the country.

"I trust, that the Ministers I may appoint will, by the successful prosecution of this, the first wish of my heart, justify my confidence and obtain that of my people."

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, Somerset-House, London, December 4, 1834.

This is to certify that, under the provisions of the 7th section of the fourth and fifth William the Fourth, c. 76, the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed William John Gilbert, of the Isle of Wight, Esq. to be an Assistant-Commissioner of Poor Laws.

And this is further to notify, that the said William John Gilbert, on Tuesday the 2d of December instant, took the oath required by the 11th section of the said Act, before the Honourable Mr. Justice Taunton, one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at his Chambers, at Serjeant's Inn.

By order of the Board,

E. Chadwick, Secretary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 12, 1834.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 10th day of *December* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by His Majesty in Council, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the eighteenth day of December instant, be further prorogued to Thursday the fifteenth day of January next.

Whitehall, December 10, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting to the Right Honourable Sir Robert Peel, Bart. the offices of Chancellor and Under Treasurer of His Majesty's Exchequer.

St. James's-Palace, December 9, 1834.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Edward Clarke, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Knapman, resigned.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 16, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 16, 1834.

ON Thursday morning, the 11th instant, at nine o'clock, the Remains of His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester were privately removed from Bagshot-park to Cumberland-lodge, escorted by a detachment of the King's Own Light Dragoons, in the following order:

A mourning coach, drawn by four horses, conveying four Pages of His late Royal Highness.

The carriage of His late Royal Highness, drawn by six horses, conveying the Coronet, the Field-Marshal's Baton, and Sword of His late Royal Highness, attended by the Comptroller and Treasurer of His late Royal Highness's Household.

THE HEARSE,

Drawn by eight horses, decorated with escocheons of His late Royal Highness's Arms.

A mourning coach, drawn by six horses, conveying the Grooms of the Bedchamber of His late Royal Highness.

A mourning coach, drawn by six horses, conveying the Equerries of His late Royal Highness.

A mourning coach, drawn by six horses, conveying

the Chaplains and Medical Attendants of His late Royal Highness.

The carriage of Her Royal Highness the Princess Sophia-Matilda of Gloucester, drawn by six horses.

Upon arrival at Cumberland-lodge, the Body was received by a guard of honour, removed from the hearse, and lay in state from twelve till four o'clock.

At half past seven o'clock in the evening, the Remains of His late Royal Highness were removed from Cumberland-lodge to St. George's Chapel at Windsor, in the following order:

A detachment of the King's Own Light Dragoons, three abreast, bearing flambeaux.

The Band of the Scots Fusilier Guards, playing the Dead March in Saul, between the flourish of Trumpets, Drums, &c.

Trumpets and Drums of the Royal Household.

Serjeant Trumpeter.

Footmen and Grooms of the Royal Family, in state liveries, with crape hatbands and black gloves, bearing flambeaux.

Footmen and Grooms of His late Royal Highness, in deep mourning, bearing flambeaux.

A mourning coach, drawn by four horses, conveying four Pages of His late Royal Highness.

The carriage of His late Royal Highness, drawn by six horses, conveying the Coronet, the Field-Marshal's Baton, and Sword of His late Royal Highness, attended by the Comptroller and the Treasurer of His late Royal Highness's Household.

THE HEARSE,

Drawn by eight horses, decorated with escocheons of His late Royal Highness's Arms.

A mourning coach, drawn by six horses, conveying the Grooms of the Bedchamber of His late Royal Highness.

A mourning coach, drawn by six horses, conveying the Equerries of His late Royal Highness.

A mourning coach, drawn by six horses, conveying the Chaplains and Medical Attendants of His late Royal Highness.

The carriages of the Royal Family, each drawn by six horses.

The whole of the Procession was flanked by the 1st Regiment of Life Guards, on duty at Windsor, every third man bearing a flambeau.

Upon arrival at Windsor-castle, the cavalry filed off, and the Procession was then flanked by the Foot Guards, every man bearing a flambeau, from the Guard-room to the Guard of Honour at the entrance to St. George's Chapel, where the Drums and Trumpets of the Royal Household, and the Footmen and Grooms of the Royal Family, filed off without the door.

At the entrance to St. George's Chapel, the Dean and Canons of Windsor, attended by the Choir, received the Body, and the Procession, having previously been formed, and being flanked by the Foot Guards (every man bearing a flambeau), moved down the south aisle, and up the nave, into the choir, in the following order:

Servants of His late Royal Highness and those of the Chief Mourner.

Pages of Her Royal Highness the Princess Sophia-Matilda of Gloucester.

Pages of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester.

Pages of His late Royal Highness, viz.

Mr. Alfred Nash. Mr. Willliam Sparrow.
Mr. John Roberts. Mr. Bernard Beckham.
Mr. John Moss. Mr. Alexander Davie.

Surgeon and Physicians to His late Royal Highness,
Robert Heynes, Esq.
Dr. William Fergusson. Sir Henry Halford, Bart. G. C. H.

Chaplains to His late Royal Highness,
The Reverend Evan Nepean. The Reverend Thomas Waite.
The Reverend Thomas Snell. The Very Reverend the Dean of Tuam.

Equerries to His late Royal Highness,
Captain Percy R. Douglas. Captain Charles Boyd.

Grooms of the Bedchamber of His late Royal Highness,
Major William F. Foster, K. H. Major-General Sir Howard Douglas, Bart.
Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Archibald Murray, Bart.

The Choir of Windsor.

The Canons of Windsor.

The Dean of Windsor.

Windsor Herald, Francis Martin, Esq, acting for Norroy King of Arms.

A Gentleman Usher.	The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, The Duke of Devonshire, K. G.	A Gentleman Usher.
A Gentleman Usher.	The Baton of His late Royal Highness as Field-Marshal, and his Sword, borne upon a black velvet cushion by Colonel Sir Samuel G. Higgins, K. C. H. Equerry and Treasurer of His late Royal Highness's Household.	A Gentleman Usher.
A Gentleman Usher.	The Coronet of His late Royal Highness, borne upon a black velvet cushion by Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Edmund Currey, K. C. H. Secretary and Comptroller of His late Royal Highness's Household.	A Gentleman Usher.

Richmond Herald, Joseph Hawker, Esq. acting for Clarenceux King of Arms.

Supporters of the Pall and Canopy,
Major-General John Clitherow.

Major-General Francis Hepburn.

Lieutenant-General the Right Hon.
Sir George Murray, G. C. B.

General Sir Hilgrove Turner, G. C. H.

THE BODY,

Covered with a Black Velvet Pall, adorned with Escocheons of the Arms of His late Royal Highness, carried by ten men of the Scots Fusilier Guards, under a Canopy of Black Velvet.

Supporters of the Pall and Canopy,
Major-General Sir Henry Wolloughby
Rooke, K. C. H.

Major-General Sir Andrew F. Barnard, K. C. B. G. C. H.

Lieutenant-General the Honourable
Sir William Lumley, G. C. B.

General the Honourable Sir Edward
Paget, G. C. B.

A Gentleman Usher.

Garter Principal King of Arms, by his Deputy, Sir William Woods (Clareneeux), bearing the Seeptre of Garter.

A Gentleman Usher.

THE CHIEF MOURNER,

Supporter,
Col. Horaee Seymour, in a Black Cloak.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF SUSSEX, in a long Black Cloak, with the Star of the Order of the Garter embroidered thereon; his train borne by three Gentlemen of His Royal Highness's Household.

Supporter,
Capt. Sir George-Francis Seymour, R. N. G. C. H. in a Black Cloak.

A Gentleman Usher.

Followed by Field-Marshal His Graee the Duke of Wellington, K.G.; the Marquess of Salisbury; the Earl of Euston; the Earl of Chesterfield; the Earl of Coventry; the Earl of Jersey; the Earl of Rosslyn, G. C. B.; the Earl of Verulam; Captain Lord Adolphus FitzClarence, R. N. G. C. H.; General Lord Hill, G. C. B.; Lord Maryborough, G. C. H.; Captain the Honourable William Waldegrave, R.N.; Sir Benjamin-Charles Stephenson, G.C.H.; Sir Frederick Beilby Watson, K.C.H.; Sir James Scarlett, Knt.; Benjamin Currey, Esq.; General White; Colonel Keate; Culling Smith, Esq.; Lieutenant-Colonel Fead; Captain Fead, R. N.; Robert Keate, Esq.; Dr. Davis; John Pearse, Esq.; and others, who had signified an anxious desire to attend.

Upon arrival within the Choir, the Body was placed upon Tressels (the feet towards the Altar), and the Coronet, Baton, Sword, and Cushions laid thereon.

The Chief Mourner sat on a chair at the head of the Corpse, and the Supporters on each side; the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household took his place at the feet of the Corpse; and the Supporters of the Pall and Canopy were arranged on each side of the Body.

The part of the Service before the Interment and the Anthem having been performed, the Coffin was deposited in the Vault near the Sovereign's Stall, and the Service being concluded, Deputy-Garter pronounced, near the Grave, the Styles of His late Royal Highness, as follows:

> "THUS it hath pleased Almighty God to take out of this transitory life, unto His Divine Mercy, the late Most High, Most Mighty, and Illustrious Prince WILLIAM-FREDERICK DUKE OF GLOUCESTER AND EDINBURGH, Earl of Connaught, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, First Cousin and Brother in Law of the Most High, Most Mighty, and Most Excellent Monarch, William the Fourth, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, King of Hanover, and Duke of Brunswick and Lunenburgh; whom God bless and preserve with long life, health, and honour, and all worldly happiness."

After which His Royal Highness the Chief Mourner, and the others who had composed the procession, retired.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 15th day of *December* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Stapleton Viscount Combermere; the Right Honourable James Archibald Lord Wharncliffe; the Right Honourable Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart.; Sir James Scarlett, Knt.; Sir Edward Sugden, Knt.; and Alexander Baring, were, by command of His Majesty, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable James Earl of Rosslyn Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to deliver the custody of the Privy Seal to the Right Honourable James Archibald Lord Wharncliffe, the oath of Keeper of the Privy Seal was this day administered to him, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Goulburn to be one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this day, by command of His Majesty, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

His Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Alexander Baring President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations.

St. James's-Palace, December 15, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Earl of Jersey, Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, in the room of the Duke of Devonshire, resigned.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, December 16, 1834.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Earl Howe to be Lord Chamberlain and Comptroller of Her Majesty's Household.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Earl of Denbigh to be Master of the Horse to Her Majesty.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 6, 1834.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Reverend Philip Stanhope Dodd, M. A. Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend Dr. James Stanier Clark, deceased.

Whitehall, December 16, 1834.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable John Charles Herries to be His Majesty's Secretary at War.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 19, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 18, 1834.

ORDERS for the Court's change of mourning, on Thursday the 1st of January 1835, for His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, first cousin and brother in law to the King, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning further on Thursday the 8th of January 1835, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Thursday the 15th of January 1835, the Court to go out of mourning.

Whitehall, December 18, 1834.

This day being appointed for the further prorogation of Parliament by Commission, the Lords Commissioners (consisting of the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Rosslyn, Lord President of the Council, and the Earl of Jersey, Lord Chamberlain) assembled at three o'clock, in the room heretofore appropriated as the Library of the House of Lords, the Commons being assembled in a Committee-room contiguous thereto. Mr. Pulman, the Yeoman Usher of the Black Rod, was directed by the Lord Chancellor to require the immeditate attendance of the Commons in the usual course; and the Commons being come thither, the Commission was read by the Clerk, and the Lord Chancellor signified to both Houses His Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that the Parliament should be further prorogued to Thursday the fifteenth day of January next, to be then and there holden, and the Parliament was prorogued accordingly.

Whitehall, December 18, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, granting unto Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Sir George Murray, G. C. B. the office of Master-General of His Majesty's Ordnance of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Edward Lord Ellenborough; the Right Honourable John Sullivan; Joseph Planta, Esq.;

Esq.; and Sir Alexander Cray Grant, Bart. His Majesty's Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, granting the office and place of Advocate-General, or Judge-Martial of His Majesty's Forces, to the Right Honourable Sir John Beckett, Bart.

[Substituted for the notice which appeared in the Gazette of the 12th of December instant.]

St. James's-Palace, November 27, 1834.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Edward Clarke, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Knapman, resigned.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 23, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 23, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that ten days of the present Court mourning, to commence on Thursday next the 25th instant, will be also for His late Serene Highness William Landgrave of Hesse-Philipsthal-Barchfeld, first cousin to the Queen.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 20th day of *December* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Granville Charles Henry Somerset, commonly called Lord Granville Charles Henry Somerset; William Yates Peel; and Joseph Planta, were, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable George Earl of Aberdeen to be one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, his Lordship was this day sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

His Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William Lowther, commonly called Viscount Lowther, President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, in the absence of the President of the said Committee for the time being.

St. James's-Palace, December 20, 1834.

This day the Chevalier Dedel, Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands; the Baron de Blome, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Denmark; and the Chevalier de Araujo Ribeiro, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Em-

Emperor of Brazil, had audiences of His Majesty to deliver letters from their respective Sovereigns:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by his Grace the Duke of Wellington, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

At the Court at St. James's, December 20, 1834.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the Entrée-room, viz.: His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, the Marquess Camden, the Earl of Lonsdale, the Duke of Wellington, the Duke of Dorset, the Duke of Devonshire, the Marquess of Exeter, and the Duke of Norfolk, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. the Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Order; the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Register of the Order; Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy to Sir Ralph Bigland, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms; and Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At half past two o'clock, the Knights Companions were called over by Deputy Garter, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign, in the Throne-room.

The Sovereign being seated in the chair of state, the Knights Companions, by the Sovereign's command, took their respective seats at the table according to the order of their stalls, the Prelate stood on the right hand of His Majesty, and the Register, Deputy Garter, and Black Rod stood at the bottom of the table.

The Prelate then signified to the Chapter, the So-

Sovereign's royal will and pleasure, that one of the vacant stalls in the Royal Chapel of St. George at Windsor be filled; and as by the statutes none but a Knight can be elected, his Grace George-Henry Duke of Grafton was introduced by Deputy Garter and Black Rod, and knighted by His Majesty with the sword of state.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Prelate, were by him presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to command him to declare, and he accordingly declared, that the Most Noble George-Henry Duke of Grafton had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

Then, by the Sovereign's command, his Grace was received at the door of the Chapter-room by the Marquess of Exeter and the Duke of Norfolk, the two Junior Knights Companions present, preceded by Deputy Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion) and by Black Rod. The Duke of Grafton, kneeling near the Sovereign, and Garter presenting on his knee the Garter, His Majesty, assisted by His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex and the Marquess Camden, the two Senior Knights Companions present, buckled it on his Grace's left leg, the Prelate pronouncing the usual admonition.

Deputy Garter then presented, in like manner, the ribband with the George, and His Majesty, with the assistance of the said two Senior Knights Companions, put the same over the Duke of Grafton's left shoulder, the Prelate reading the admonition; after which his Grace had again the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions, withdrew.

The Chapter being ended, Deputy Garter again called over the Knights Companions, and a procession was made to the Royal Closet.

At

At the Court at St. James's, December 20, 1834.

The King, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, has been graciously pleased, by letters patent under His royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation, and to grant unto the Most Noble George-Henry Duke of Grafton, Knight of the said Most Noble Order, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if his Grace had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

At the Court at St. James's, December 20, 1834.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of the Right Honourable Gilbert Earl of Minto, and of Lieutenant-General Sir William-Henry Pringle, with the Ensigns of Knights Grand Crosses of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath; and of Major-General Sir Alexander Woodford with the Ensigns of a Knight Commander of the said Most Honourable Military Order.*

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at St. James's-Palace, viz. his Grace the Duke of Wellington, K. G.; Lord Viscount Strangford; Lord Hill; Lord Cowley; the Honourable Sir Edward Paget; the Honourable Sir Galbraith-Lowry Cole; the Right Honourable Sir George Murray; Sir William-Henry Clinton; the Honourable Sir Charles Colville; the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt;

Sir George-Townsend Walker; Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart.; the Earl of Rosslyn; Lord Farnborough; the Right Honourable Sir Charles Bagot; Sir George Martin; the Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning; the Right Honourable Sir Robert Gordon; Sir James-Hawkins Whitshed, Bart.; Sir Edward Barnes; the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford; the Honourable Sir William Lumley; Sir Thomas-Masterman Hardy, Bart.; Sir Pulteney Malcolm; Sir George Anson; Sir Thomas Dallas; the Right Honourable Sir Charles Manners Sutton; Sir Herbert Taylor; Sir John Wells; and Lord Robert-Edward-Henry Somerset; attended by Walter-Aston Blount, Esq. (Chester Herald), Genealogist of the Order; Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; and Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy Register and Secretary of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges.

At two o'clock the Knights Grand Crosses were called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Throne-room, with the usual reverences.

Then, by His Majesty's command, the Earl of Minto was introduced into the Royal Presence, between the two Junior Knights Grand Crosses, preceded by Bath King of Arms, bearing the ribband, badge, and star of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order, upon a crimson velvet cushion.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty, the Earl, kneeling, was knighted therewith; after which he had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand.

The Duke of Wellington having thereupon received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and the Earl of Minto, kneeling, His Majesty was pleased to put the same over his Lordship's right shoulder; the Earl, rising, had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and, having received

from

from His Majesty the star of a Knight Grand Cross, retired.

Lieutenant-General Sir William-Henry Pringle (already a Knight) was then introduced into the Royal Presence, and invested with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the said Most Honourable Military Order, by His Majesty, with the like ceremonies.

Then, by command of the Sovereign, Major-General Sir Alexander Woodford was conducted to His Majesty, with the usual reverences, preceded by Sir William Woods (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing upon a crimson velvet cushion, the ribband, badge, and star of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state being thereupon delivered to His Majesty by the Duke of Wellington, Sir Alexander Woodford, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand.

Then the Officer of Arms having, on his knee, presented to the Sovereign the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, the King was pleased to invest Sir Alexander Woodford with the same.

The Major-General having again had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Commander, withdrew.

The Knights Grand Crosses were then again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the accustomed reverences.

Whitehall, December 22, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Thomas Philip Earl De Grey; the Right Honourable Sir George Cockburn, G. C. B. Vice-Admiral of the Red Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet; Sir John Poo Beresford, Bart. K. C. B. Vice-Admiral of the White Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet; Sir Charles Rowley, K. C. B. Vice-Admiral of the White Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet; Anthony Ashley Cooper, Esq. (commonly called Lord Ashley); and the Right Honourable Maurice Fitzgerald, His Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto the Right Honourable William Lowther (commonly called Viscount Lowther), the office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Lieutenant-General Robert Edward Henry Somerset (commonly called Lord Robert Edward Henry Somerset), G. C. B. the office of Master-Surveyor and Surveyor General of the Ordnance of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Rear-Admiral Sir Edward William Campbell Rich Owen, K. C. B. the office of Clerk of the Ordnance of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

The

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Francis Robert Bonham, Esq. the office of Storekeeper of the Ordnance of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Whitehall, December 23, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Right Honourable Granville Charles Henry Somerset (commonly called Lord Granville Charles Henry Somerset); Major-General Sir Benjamin Charles Stephenson, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order; and Alexander Milne, Esq.; to be Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Alexander Baring Master and Worker of His Majesty's Mint.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart. to be Paymaster-General of His Majesty's Forces.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Lord Maryborough to be His Majesty's Postmaster-General.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing Alexander Perceval, Esq. Treasurer of the Ordnance.

White-

Whitehall, December 20, 1834.

The King has been pleased to present the Honourable and Reverend Robert John Eden, M. A. to the vicarage of Battersea, in the county of Surrey and diocese of Winchester, void by the promotion of Doctor Joseph Allen to the see of Bristol.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 26, 1834.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 26, 1834.

NOTICE is hereby given, that ten days of the present Court mourning, to commence on Sunday next, the 28th instant, will be also for His late Serene Highness the Landgrave of Hesse Rothenburg, First Cousin to the Queen.

Whitehall, December 26, 1834.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Sir Robert Peel, Bart.; the Right Honourable William Yates Peel; Henry Pelham Clinton, Esq. commonly called Earl of Lincoln; William David Murray, Esq. commonly called Viscount Stormont; Charles Ross, Esq.; and William Ewart Gladstone, Esq. to be Com-

Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

At the Court at Brighton, the 26th of December 1834.

His Majesty having been graciously pleased to deliver the custody of the seals of the duchy and county palatine of Lancaster to the Right Honourable Charles Watkin Williams Wynne, the oath of Chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster was this day, by His Majesty's command, administered to him accordingly.

Foreign-Office, December 26, 1834.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Bernhard Hebeler as Consul-General in the United Kingdom, for His Majesty the King of Prussia, in the room of Mr. John Rodolph Bourcard, resigned.

St. James's-Palace, December 24, 1834.

The King was pleased, on the 4th instant, to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Ross, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Knight of the Imperial Russian Order of Saint Anne of the second class, and Knight Commander of the Royal Swedish Military Order of the Sword.

White-

Whitehall, December 24, 1834.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Sir John Ross, Knight, Captain in the Royal Navy, and Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, His royal licence and authority, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the second class of the Imperial Russian Order of Saint Anne in Diamonds, and those of a Knight Commander of the Royal Swedish Military Order of the Sword, which His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Russia and His Majesty the King of Sweden have respectively been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of their approbation of his services in the Baltic, in the year 1812:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and declaration be registered in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 30, 1834.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION,

For dissolving the present Parliament, and declaring the calling of another.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to dissolve this present Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the fifteenth day of January next: We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the said Parliament accordingly; and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for shires and burghs, of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said Thursday the fifteenth day of January next: and We, being desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our people, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all Our loving subjects Our Royal will and pleasure to call a new Parliament: and do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of Our Privy Council, We have given order to Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, and Our Chancellor of Ireland, that they do respectively, upon notice thereof, forthwith issue out writs in due form, and according to

law, for calling a new Parliament: and We do hereby also, by this Our Royal Proclamation under Our Great Seal of Our United Kingdom, require writs forthwith to be issued accordingly by Our said Chancellors respectively, for causing the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, who are to serve in the said Parliament, to be duly returned to, and give their attendance in, Our said Parliament; which writs are to be returnable on Thursday the nineteenth day of February next.

Given at Our Court at Brighton, the twenty-ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the fifth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION,

In order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS We have in Our Council thought fit to declare Our pleasure, for summoning and holding a Parliament of Our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, on Thursday the nineteenth day of February next ensuing the date hereof; in order, therefore, to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, who are to sit in the House of Peers in the said Parliament: We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holyrood-House, in Edinburgh, on Tuesday the tenth day of February next ensuing, between the hours

hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose the Sixteen Peers, to sit and vote in the House of Peers in the said ensuing Parliament, by open election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent (such proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing, duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law), and the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the Principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the names of the Sixteen Peers so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly command and require the Provost of Edinburgh, and all other the Magistrates of the said city, to take especial care to preserve the peace thereof, during the time of the said election, and to prevent all manner of riots, tumults, disorders, and violence whatsoever. And We strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market-Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, twenty-five days, at least, before the time hereby appointed for the meeting of the said Peers to proceed to such election.

Witness Ourself at Brighton, this twenty-ninth day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and in the fifth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 29th day of *December* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable George Earl of Chesterfield and Philip Earl De Grey were, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 29th day of *December* 1834,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable Thomas Earl of Haddington, Lieutenant-General and General-Governor of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

St. James's-Palace, December 29, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint Viscount Castlereagh, Vice-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, in the room of the Earl of Belfast, resigned.

St.

St. James's-Palace, December 29, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Viscount Hereford, Captain of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, in the room of the Lord Foley, resigned.

Board of Green Cloth, December 29, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Henry Lowry Corry Comptroller of His Majesty's Household, vice the Right Honourable Lord Robert Grosvenor, resigned.

Master of the Horse's-Office, the King's-Mews, Pimlico, December 30, 1834.

The King has been pleased to appoint George Earl of Chesterfield to be Master of His Majesty's Buck Hounds, vice the Earl of Lichfield, resigned.

INDEX.

A.

ABERCROMBY, the Right Hon. James, appointed Master and Worker of the Mint, 170.
Aberdeen, the Right Hon. George Earl of, sworn one of the Principal Secretaries of State, 356.
Acklem, George, Esq. appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.
à Court, Colonel Charles Ashe, appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 302.
Acts of Parliament, titles of, received the Royal assent, 26, 79, 132, 172, 181, 202, 208, 216, 230, 231.
Adam, Rear-Admiral Charles, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 295.
Adams, William Dacres, Esq. appointed Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings, 201.
Adamson, Lieutenant-Colonel Peter, granted permission to accept and wear the insignia of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, 119.
Addresses to the King,—Ashford, from the Inhabitants of, and its vicinity, 331.——Brailsford, from the Inhabitants of the parish of, 116; Brecon, from the Magistrates, Gentry, Clergy, and other Inhabitants of the borough of, 331.——Calcutta, from the British and other Inhabitants of the city of, 180.——Dissenting Ministers, from the, of the three denominations residing in and about the cities of London and Westminster, 114; His Majesty's answer, 116.——Edinburgh, from the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the city of, 43, 215.——Hathersage, from the Clergy and Laity of the parish of, 123;

123; Hawick, from the Inhabitants of, 207.——Jersey, from the British Subjects, Natives of the island of, or Residents therein, 128.——Kilkenny, from certain Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and Inhabitants of the county and city of, 107.——London, from the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of, 102, 241, 339; His Majesty's answers, 103, 242, 341; from the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of, 238; His Majesty's answer, 240.——Merthyr Tydfil, from the Inhabitants of the borough of, 331.——Oxford, from the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the university of, 99; His Majesty's answer, 101.——Parliament, from both Houses of, 112; His Majesty's answer, 113; Perth, from the Members of the Guildry Incorporation of, 211.——Renfrew, from the Commissioners of Supply of the county of, 137.——St. James's Chapel, within the liberties of the castle, in the county of Nottingham, from the Incumbent, Curate, and Congregation of, 116; Scotland, from the General Assembly of the church of, 138, 169; from the Highland and Agricultural Society of, 211; Shepton Mallet, from the Residents of, and its vicinity, 192; Stafford, from the Archdeacon and certain Clergy of the archdeaconry or peculiars of the county of, 127.——Tollerton, from the Parish of, 116.——Waterford, from the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Assistants of the county of the city of, 32; Weathersfield, &c. from the Landowners, Occupiers, Clergy, and other Inhabitants of the parishes of, 116; Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, from the Residents and Visitors of the borough and town of, 332——Youghall, from the Mayor, Bailiffs, Burgesses, and Commonalty of the town of, 108.

Address to the Queen, from the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of London, 248; Her Majesty's answer, 249.

Adey, Daniell Goodson, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 302.

Admiralty—Commissioners appointed for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom, 169, 206, 295, 362; no other mourning required to be worn by the Officers of the Fleet and Marines on the occasion of the death of His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester than a black crape round the left arm with their uniforms, 338.

Alexander, Captain James Edward Alexander, granted permission to accept and wear the insignia, of the third class, of the Royal Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 80.

Althorp, Lord, appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 82, 178, 199.

Antrobus, Gibbs Crawfurd, Esq. appointed Sheriff of the county of Chester, 39.

Ashley, the Right Hon. Lord, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Ash-

Ashley, the Hon. William, appointed Her Majesty's Treasurer and Vice-Chamberlain, 297.
Assizes, days and places appointed for holding the—Spring, 28; Norfolk Circuit, 37; Summer, 183.
Auckland, George Baron, appointed First Lord of the Admiralty, 169, 206, 295.
Austria, audience of His Majesty to the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of, to take leave, 128; also of Her Majesty, for the like purpose, *ibid.*

B.

Baring, Francis, Esq. appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 82.
———, the Right Hon. Alexander, sworn of the Privy Council, 351; appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, *ibid.*; appointed Master and Worker of the Mint, 363.
Bath, Most Honourable Order of the—ceremonial of the investiture of Major-General Sir Hugh Fraser with the ensigns of a Knight Commander, 33; the Right Hon. Lord Ponsonby appointed a Knight Grand Cross, 37; ceremonial of the investiture of Major-General Sir Arthur Brooke with the ensigns of a Knight Commander, 70; ceremonial of the investiture of Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Taylor with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross, and of Major-General Sir John Alexander Wallace with the ensigns of a Knight Commander, 109; the Right Hon. Gilbert Earl of Minto appointed a Knight Grand Cross, 285; Admiral Sir John Wells appointed a Knight Grand Cross, 290; Rear-Admiral Edward Brace appointed a Knight Commander, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-General Lord R. E. H. Somerset appointed a Knight Grand Cross, 294; Major-General John Taylor appointed a Knight Commander, *ibid.*; ceremonial of the investiture of Admiral Sir John Wells and Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Edward Henry Somerset with the ensigns of Knights Grand Crosses, and of Rear-Admiral Sir Edward Brace and Major-General Sir John Taylor with the ensigns of Knights Commanders, 298; ceremonial of the investiture of the Right Hon. Gilbert Earl of Minto and of Lieutenant-General Sir William Henry Pringle with the ensigns of Knights Grand Crosses, and of Major-General Sir Alexander Woodford with the ensigns of a Knight Commander, 359.
Bavaria, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 139.

Bayley, Sir John, granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 27 ; sworn of the Privy Council, 40.
Bayly, Lieutenant-General Henry, Knighted, 11.
Baxter, Mr. Edward, approved of as Consul at Dundee for the United States of America, 206.
Beckett, Sir John, appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 332.
Belgians, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 139 ; also to take leave pro tempore, 234.
Belhaven, the Right Hon. Robert Montgomery Lord, appointed Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 108.
Beresford, Sir John Poo, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 362.
Berkeley, Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 169, 206, 295.
Bigland, Sir Ralph, sworn Chief Officer of Arms of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, 220.
Bjornstjerna, the Count de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden and Norway, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23 ; also to take leave, 177.
Blome, the Baron de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Denmark, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 356.
Blount, Walter Aston, Esq. granted the office of Chester Herald of Arms, 328.
Board of Green Cloth—directions relative to carriages going to Her Majesty's Drawing-Rooms, 45, 83, 125, 131, 171 ; the Right Hon. Henry Lowry Corry appointed Comptroller of His Majesty's Household, 371.
Bonham, Francis Robert, Esq. granted the office of Storekeeper of the Ordnance, 363.
Booth, Felix, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 330,
Bowes, the Rev. Timothy Fysh-Foord, appointed one of the Deputy Clerks of the Closet to His Majesty, 303.
Brace, Rear-Admiral Edward, appointed a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 290.
Braganza, His late Imperial Majesty the Duke of, orders for the Court's going into mourning for, 289.
Brazil, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of, to deliver letters from his Sovereign, 356.
Bright, Dr. John, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Brigh-

Brighton, the Pavilion at—Lieutenant-General Henry Bayly Knighted, 11; Major-General Samuel Trevor Dickens, Knighted, 24.

———, Court at—the Most Noble Peter Marquess of Sligo sworn of the Privy Council, 12; the Right Hon. Charles Watkin Williams Wynne sworn Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, 365; Proclamation for dissolving the present Parliament and declaring the calling of another, 367; Proclamation in order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, 368; the Right Hon. George Earl of Chesterfield and Philip Earl De Grey sworn of the Privy Council, 370; the Right Hon. Thomas Earl of Haddington declared Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, *ibid.*

Brodie, Benjamin Collins, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 235.

Brooke, Major-General Sir Arthur, ceremonial of his investiture with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 76.

Bülow, the Baron de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23.

Butterfield, Thomas, Esq. appointed Chief Justice of the Bermuda or Somers Islands, 233.

Byng, Captain George Stevens, appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 178.

C.

Cambridge, ceremonial of the baptism of the Princess Mary Adelaide Wilhelmina Elizabeth, daughter of the Duke of, 22.

Campbell, Major-General Sir Colin, appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the province of Nova Scotia, 12.

———, Major-General Henry Dundas, appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Sierra Leone, and its dependencies, in Africa, 301.

Carew, Robert Shapland, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baron of Ireland, 169.

Carlisle, the Right Hon. the Earl of, sworn Keeper of the Privy Seal, 145.

Castlereagh, Viscount, appointed Vice-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, 370.

Chamberlain's, Lord Great, Office—notice of the attendance given at the, for the issue of tickets of admission to the House of Lords on the occasion of His Majesty's opening the session of Parliament, 13; also on the occasion of His Majesty's proroguing the session, 214.

———, Lord, (to the King) Office—Levees when to be

holden at St. James's Palace, 1, 81, 126, 138, 147, 215; regulations to be observed at the King's Levees, 1; Knights of the several Orders to appear in their collars at the Drawing-Room for the celebration of the Queen's birth-day, 2; also at the Drawing-Room for the celebration of the King's birth-day, 130; and at the Levee to be held on the 23d April, 85; William Wrighte Hewett, Esq. appointed Surgeon Extraordinary to the King, 9; the Rev. Montagu Wynyard appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 27; the Rev. John Bathurst Schomberg appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 40; Sir John Mark Frederic Smith appointed Gentleman Usher of His Majesty's Privy Chamber in Ordinary, 46; no Levee to be held on the 2d or 9th of April, 71, nor on the 21st of May, 126; the Hon. and Rev. George Neville Grenville appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 109; dress to be worn at the Drawing-Rooms and State Balls at St. James's Palace by the Master of the Horse, &c., 127; regulation to be observed by all persons (His Majesty's subjects) upon presentation to the King, 179; the Rev. Vane Russell appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 209; orders for the Court's going into mourning for His late Imperial Majesty the Duke of Braganza, 289; also for His late Serene Highness Frederick Duke of Saxe-Altenbourg, 293; the Rev. Timothy Fysh Foord-Bowes appointed one of the Deputy Clerks of the Closet to His Majesty, 303; the Rev. Montagu John Wynyard appointed Supernumerary Deputy Clerk of the same, *ibid.*; Sir Frederic Madden appointed one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Privy Chamber in Ordinary, 333; orders for the Court's going into mourning for His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, 335; ceremonial of the funeral, 343; the Rev. Philip Stanhope Dodd appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 352; orders for the Court's change of mourning for the late Duke of Gloucester, 353; ten days of such mourning to be for His late Serene Highness William Landgrave of Hesse-Philipsthal-Barchfeld, 355; ten days of such mourning to be for His late Serene Highness the Landgrave of Hesse-Rothenburg, 364.

Chamberlain's, Lord, (to the Queen) Office—notice of Drawing-Rooms to be held by the Queen at St. James's Palace, 3, 31, 47, 82, 125, 131, 136; last Drawing-Room for the season, 148; no presentations to take place at the Drawing-Room for the celebration of Her Majesty's birth-day, 25; nor at the Drawing-Room for the celebration of His Majesty's birth-day, 131; ladies attending the Queen's Drawing-Rooms to appear in dresses of British manufacture, 25; and also to appear in feathers and lappets, 131, 136; regulations to be observed at the same, 42; cards of those ladies who are

to

to be presented when to be sent in to the, 45, 82, 125, 148; the Hon. William Ashley appointed Treasurer and Vice-Chamberlain to Her Majesty, 297; the Rev. John Ryle Wood appointed one of Her Majesty's Chaplains, *ibid.*; Thomas Henry Holberton, Esq. appointed one of Her Majesty's Surgeons Extraordinary, *ibid.*; Richard Charles Mellish, Esq. appointed one of Her Majesty's Gentlemen Ushers, 311; Earl Howe appointed Lord Chamberlain and Comptroller of Her Majesty's Household, 352; the Earl of Denbigh appointed Master of the Horse to Her Majesty, *ibid.*

Chapman, Thomas, Esq. appointed Marshal of the Marshalsea of the Court of King's-Bench, 124.

Chesterfield, George Earl of, appointed Master of His Majesty's Buck-Hounds, 371.

Circuits of the Commissioners for the relief of Insolvent Debtors—Spring, 6; Summer, 120; Autumn, 243.

——— of the Judges for holding the Assizes—Spring, 28; Norfolk, 37; Summer, 183.

Clark, Mr. George, appointed Surgeon to the Duke of Cambridge's Household, 4.

Clarke, the Rev. Alexander, appointed First Minister of the church and parish of Inverness, 140.

———, Edward, Esq. appointed one of His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 312, 355.

Clifford, Sir Augustus William James, sworn Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, 221.

Clinton, Henry Pelham, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.

Clitherow, Colonel James, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Clive, George, Esq. appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Cockburn, Henry, Esq. appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, 304.

———, the Right Hon Sir George, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 362.

Colebrooke, Lieutenant-Colonel William Macbean George, appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the Bahama Islands, 245.

Colonial-Office, Downing-Street—the Marquess of Sligo appointed Captain-General and Governor in Chief of the island of Jamaica and its dependencies, 10; Major-General Sir Colin Campbell appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the province of Nova Scotia, 12; Colonel Sir Dudley St. Leger Hill appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the island of St. Lucia, 85; Thomas Butterfield, Esq. appointed Chief Justice of the Bermuda or Somers Islands, 233; John Harvey Darrell, Esq. appointed Attorney and Advocate-General of the same, 234; Lieutenant-Colonel William Macbean George Cole-

Colebrooke appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the Bahama Islands, 245; Captain Henry Prescott appointed Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the island of Newfoundland and its dependencies, 287; Admiral Sir John Wells appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, 290; Rear-Admiral Edward Brace appointed a Knight Commander of the said Order, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-General Lord R. E. H. Somerset appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, 294; Major-General John Taylor appointed a Knight Commander of the said Order, *ibid*, ; C. R. Fairbanks, Esq. appointed Master of the Rolls in the province of Nova Scotia, 301; Major Henry Dundas Campbell appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Sierra Leone and its dependencies in Africa, *ibid.*; Robert Parker, Esq. appointed Puisne Judge in the province of New Brunswick, 327.

Combermere, the Right Hon. Stapleton Viscount, sworn of the Privy Council, 351.

Cooper, Anthony Ashley, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 362.

Corry, the Hon. Henry Lowry, appointed Comptroller of His Majesty's Household, 371.

Council, Orders in, and Acts of,—the Most Noble Howe Peter Marquess of Sligo takes the oaths of Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the island of Jamaica, 12; Sheriffs appointed for the respective counties in England and Wales for the year 1834, 14; order in council of 9th December 1833, imposing duties on British ships, and goods on board thereof, trading to Canton, revoked, 38; other Sheriffs appointed for the counties of Chester and Cornwall, and the roll amended for Radnorshire, 39; confirming the Act of the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Jamaica, for the abolition of slavery, in consideration of compensation, and for promoting the industry of the manumitted slaves, and declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made in the said island for giving effect to the Act of the 3d and 4th of the King, for the abolition of slavery, 48; suspending the calling out, for training and exercising, the militia of the United Kingdom for the present year, 53; annulling the proclamation of 29th of June 1815, for granting the distribution of the proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and the order in council of 30th June 1827, for the distribution of the proceeds and rewards arising from several other captures and seizures, and directing the future distribution of the proceeds of all captures and seizures made by His Majesty's navy, 54; Harry Edmund Waller, Esq. appointed Sheriff of the county of Gloucester, 74; general rules framed by the Commissioners appointed for apportioning and distributing the compensation provided by the Act for

for the abolition of slavery throughout the British Colonies referred to the Committee of the Lords of the Privy Council, 86; the Right Hon. Thomas Spring Rice sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 146; the Right Hon. Charles Poulett Thomson appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matters relating to trade and foreign plantations, *ibid.*; ordinance enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor and Court of Policy of the colony of British Guiana, conformably to the Act of the 4th of the King, for the abolition of slavery, intituled "An Ordinance for the government and regulation of apprenticed labourers," approved and confirmed by His Majesty, subject to certain disallowances and amendments made therein, 148; general rules framed by the Commissioners appointed under the Act for the abolition of slavery, for the colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius, referred to the Committee of the Lords of the Privy Council, 158; directing the assizes and sessions under the commissions for the dispatch of civil and criminal business in and for the county of Glamorgan, to be held in every year, in the spring, at Swansea, and in the summer, at Cardiff, 187; confirming the reduction of the rates of duty payable for the buoys in the river Exe, submitted to His Majesty by the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the Corporation of Trinity-House of Deptford Strond, 188; enlarging the time for receiving appeals against any of the rules framed under the 47th clause of an Act passed in the 3d and 4th year of the reign of His present Majesty, for the abolition of slavery throughout the British Colonies, &c. in so far as relates to the colonies of the Cape of Good Hope and Mauritius, to the period of nine months, 195; the Right Hon. Lord Duncannon sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 201; the oath of Keeper of the Privy Seal administered to the Right Hon. Constantine Henry Earl of Mulgrave, 210; extending the provisions of an Act, passed in the third year of His present Majesty's reign, to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad, so far as relates to free ports and to free warehousing ports, to the ports of Yarmouth and Liverpool, 228; Parliament further prorogued to the 23d of October, 284; the port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne approved of by the Lords of the Treasury as a fit and proper port for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter, under the Act passed in the 4th year of His present Majesty, for the general regulation of the Customs, 285; Captain Henry Prescott takes the oath on being appointed Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the island of Newfoundland, 288; Parliament further prorogued to the 26th of November, 294; the Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington sworn one of His Majesty's Prin-

Principal Secretaries of State, 311; ordering that certain rules made by the Commissioners appointed under the Act for the abolition of slavery throughout the British Colonies be confirmed and allowed, 312; Parliament further prorogued to the 18th December, 329; the Right Hon. Edward Earl of Derby sworn as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Lancaster, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. John Lord Lyndhurst sworn as Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, 331; Parliament further prorogued to the 15th January, 342; the Right Hon. James Earl of Rosslyn declared Lord President of the Council, 351; the Right Hon. James Archibald Lord Wharncliffe sworn as Keeper of the Privy Seal, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Henry Goulburn sworn as one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Alexander Baring appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matter relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. George Earl of Aberdeen sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 365; Viscount Lowther appointed President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, in the absence of the President of the said Committee for the time being, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Thomas Earl of Haddington declared Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, 370.

Council, Privy, Members sworn of the—the Most Noble Howe Peter Marquess of Sligo, 12; the Right Hon. Sir John Bayley, 40; the Right Hon. Sir Robert Graham, 86; the Right Hon. the Earl of Carlisle, 145; the Right Hon. Thomas Spring Rice and the Right Hon. Sir John Vaughan, 146; the Right Hon. Robert Cutlar Fergusson, 199; the Right Hon. Archibald Earl of Gosford, 238, the Right Hon. Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, 288; the Right Hon. Sir Herbert Jenner, 298; the Right Hon. Stapleton Viscount Combermere, the Right Hon. James Archibald Lord Wharncliffe, the Right Hon. Sir Edward Knatchbull, Sir James Scarlett, Sir Edward Sugden, and Alexander Baring, 351; the Right Hon. Granville Charles Henry Somerset, William Yates Peel, and Joseph Planta, 356; the Right Hon. George Earl of Chesterfield and Philip Earl de Grey, 370.

Croft, Sir John, and the heirs male of his body to whom the dignity of a Baronet shall descend, granted permission to use certain supporters to his and their arms respectively, as depicted in the painting annexed to the said royal warrant, 119.

Crown-Office—Members returned to serve in Parliament, 3, 10, 24, 27, 35, 38, 41, 79, 124, 137, 139, 147, 171, 177, 180, 183, 194, 196, 207, 213, 234.

Crown-

Crown-Office—days and places appointed for holding the Assizes—Spring, 28; Norfolk circuit, 37; Summer, 183.
Currey, Edmund, letter from, announcing the death of His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, 334.
Cussey, the Chevalier de, approved of as Consul at Dublin for the King of the French, 47.

D.

D'Aglié, the Count St. Martin, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, has an audience of His Majesty upon his return to this Court, 104, 212; also to deliver credentials from the Duke of Lucca, 330; has an audience of Her Majesty, 104.
Darrell, John Harvey, Esq. appointed Attorney and Advocate General of the Bermuda or Somers Islands, 234.
Dedel, the Chevalier, Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 356.
De Grey, the Right Hon. Thomas Philip Earl, appointed First Lord of the Admiralty, 362; sworn of the Privy Council, 370.
Denbigh, the Earl of, appointed Master of the Horse to Her Majesty, 352.
Denman, the Right Hon. Sir Thomas, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom, 72.
Denmark, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 356.
Dennis, Mr. Thomas, approved of as Consul at Bristol for the United States of America, 237.
Derby, the Right Hon. Edward Earl of, sworn as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Lancaster, 329.
Devonshire, Rear-Admiral John Ferris, Knighted, 118.
Dickens, Major General Samuel Trevor, Knighted, 24.
Dickson, David James Hamilton, Esq. Knighted, 236.
Digby, Mary, to enjoy the same titles, &c. as if her late father had succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Somerville, 72.
Dingley, Samuel, a proclamation offering a reward of £100. for the apprehension of, 144.
Dodd, the Rev. Philip Stanhope, appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 352.
Dodson, Dr. John, appointed His Majesty's Advocate-General, 295; Knighted, 301.
Douglas, Captain Percy, appointed Equerry to the Duke of Gloucester, 297.
Drawing-Rooms to be held by the Queen at St. James's Palace—notices of, 3, 31, 47, 82, 125, 131, 136; last, for the

the season, 148; regulations to be observed at the, 42, 45, 82, 125; Knights of the several Orders to appear in their collars at the, for the celebration of Her Majesty's birth-day, 2; also at the, for the celebration of His Majesty's birth-day, 130; no presentations to take place at the, for the celebration of Her Majesty's birth-day, 25; nor at the, for the celebration of His Majesty's birth-day, 131, 136; ladies attending the, to appear in dresses of British manufacture, 25; also to bring with them three cards with their names thereon written, and how they are to be applied, 45; directions relative to carriages going to the, 45, 83, 125, 131, 171; cards of ladies who are to be presented when to be sent in to the Lord Chamberlain's office, 82, 125, 148; dress to be worn at the, and at the State Balls at St. James's Palace, by the Master of the Horse, the Master of the Buck-Hounds, Equerries, and Pages of Honour, Officers of the Navy, Army, Militia, and Yeomanry, the Lords Lieutenant of Counties and Deputy Lieutenants, and all persons belonging to their Majesties' Household, and other persons who wear the civil uniform, 127; all ladies attending the, to appear in feathers and lappets, 134, 136.

Duff, Lieutenant-General the Hon. Alexander, Knighted, 140.

Du Hamel, Mr. Thomas, approved of as Consul in the island of Jersey for the King of the Belgians, 249.

Duncannon, the Right Hon. Lord, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 201.

Dundas, Rear-Admiral the Hon. George Heneage Lawrence, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 169, 206.

E.

East Indies, dispatch from Mr. Chamier, and enclosures, detailing the particulars of certain military operations in Coorg, 250.

Eden, Arthur, Esq. appointed Clerk of the Patents, 328; appointment cancelled, 330.

——, the Hon. and Rev. Robert John, presented to the vicarage of Battersea, 364.

Edmunds, Leonard, Esq. appointed Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, 328.

Ellenborough, Edward Lord, appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 332; appointed First Commissioner for the affairs of India, 354.

Erroll, William George Earl of, elected a Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, 105.

Esterhazy, the Prince, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Austria, has an audience of His Majesty, to take leave, 128; also of Her Majesty, for the like purpose, *ibid.*

Ex-

Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, Commissioners for executing the offices of, appointed, 82, 178, 199, 332, 364.

F.

Fairbanks, C. R., Esq. appointed Master of the Rolls in the province of Nova Scotia, 301.

Fergusson, Robert Cutlar, Esq. appointed Advocate-General or Judge-Martial of the Forces, 178; sworn of the Privy Council, 199.

Fitzgerald, the Right Hon. Maurice, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 362.

Foreign-Office—the Chevalier de Cussy approved of as Consul at Dublin for the King of the French, 47; notice of the blockade of the island of Samos by the Sublime Porte, 112; Thomas Wathen Waller, Esq. appointed Secretary to the Legation in Greece, 118; Mr. Adolphe Frederic Schätzler approved of as Consul in London for the King of Greece, 170; Mr. Edward Baxter approved of as Consul at Dundee for the United States of America, 206; John Samo, Esq. appointed Commissary-Judge to the Mixed British and Netherland Court of Commission at Surinam for the prevention of illegal Slave-trade, 212; Mr. Thomas Dennison approved of as Consul at Bristol for the United States of America, 237; a Decree of the Queen Regent of Spain, in the name of Her Catholic Majesty Donna Isabella II., communicated to Viscount Palmerston by the Marquis de Miraflores, 246; Mr. Thomas Du Hamel approved of as Consul in the island of Jersey for the King of the Belgians, 249; notification by the Spanish Chargé d'Affaires at this Court of the blockade of the coast of the north of Spain, from Cape Finesterre to the Bidassoa, 289; notification from the Ottoman Government of the blockade of the island of Samos having been raised, 291; Sir George Shee appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Prussia, *ibid.*; Don Pedro Ortis de Zugasti approved of as Consul-General in the United Kingdom for Her Catholic Majesty, 301:

Forester, the Hon. Henry, appointed Page of Honour to the Queen, 310.

Fortescue, the Hon. and Rev. John, granted the place and dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the cathedral church of Worcester, 130.

Fraser, Major-General Hugh, ceremonial of his investiture with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 33.

French, audience of His Majesty to the Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the,

to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23; also to take leave pro tempore, 212.

G.

Gambier, Edward John, Esq. Knighted, 213.
Gardner, the Lord, appointed one of the Lords of His Majesty's Bedchamber, 303.
Garro, M., Minister Plenipotentiary from the United Mexican States, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from the President of those States, 44.
Garter, a Chapter of the Most Noble Order of the, held, when Sir Ralph Bigland takes the oath of office as Chief Officer of Arms, Sir Augustus William James Clifford as Usher of the Black Rod, and Sir William Woods as Deputy to Garter Principal King of Arms; when also His Grace Bernard Edward Duke of Norfolk was Knighted and duly elected a Knight of the said Most Noble Order, 220; the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation dispensed with, and full power and authority granted to the Duke of Norfolk to exercise all rights and privileges of a Knight Companion as if his Grace had been formally installed, 222; another Chapter held, when his Grace George Henry Duke of Grafton was Knighted and duly elected a Knight of the said Most Noble Order, 357; the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation dispensed with, and full power and authority granted to the Duke of Grafton to exercise all rights and privileges of a Knight Companion as if his Grace had been formally installed, 359.
Gentlemen Pensioners, the Hon. Band of, to be in future called His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 46.
Gersdorff, Monsieur de, Minister Resident from the King of Saxony, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23; also to take leave pro tempore, 193.
Gilbert, William John, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 341.
Gladstone, William Ewart, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.
Gloucester, notification of the death of His Royal Highness the Duke of, 334; orders for the Court's going into mourning for, 335; also for a general mourning, *ibid.*; Officers of the Fleet or Marines not required to wear any other mourning than a black crape round the left arm with their uniform, 338; neither the Officers of the Army, *ibid.*; ceremonial of the funeral, 343; orders for the Court's change of mourning, 353.
Gordon, Robert, Esq. appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Gos-

Gosford, the Right Hon. Archibald Earl of, sworn of the Privy Council, 238; appointed Captain of His Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard, 303.
Goulburn, the Right Hon. Henry, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 351.
Graham, Robert, Esq. appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 82, 178, 199.
———, Sir Robert, sworn of the Privy Council, 86.
Grafton, his Grace George Henry Duke of, Knighted and declared duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, 357; all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation dispensed with, and full power and authority granted to his Grace to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Most Noble Order as if formally installed, 359.
Grant, the Right Hon. Robert, Knighted, 237.
———, Emilia Sophia, to have, hold, and enjoy the same title, &c. as if her late father had survived his father, Viscount Falkland, 328.
———, Sir Alexander Cray, appointed Commissioner for the affairs of India, 358.
Gray, Dr. Robert, recommended by the King to the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Bristol to be by them elected bishop of that See, 292.
Greece, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, to deliver his credentials, 70; also to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 117; audience of Her Majesty to the same, *ibid.*
Grenville, the Rev. George Neville, appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, 109.
Grey, Charles Earl, appointed First Lord of the Treasury, 82, 178.
———, Sir George, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.
Gulson, Edward, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 302.

H.

Haddington, the Right Hon. Thomas Earl of, declared Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, 370.
Halswell, Edmund, Esq. appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.
Hammick, Stephen Love, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 198.
Hanover—Mr. George Clark appointed Surgeon to the Duke of Cambridge's Household, 4; ceremonial of the baptism of the Princess Mary Adelaide Wilhelmina Elizabeth, daughter of the Duke of Cambridge, 22.

Har-

Hardy, Rear-Admiral Sir Thomas Masterman, appointed Master of Greenwich Hospital, 83, 85 ; appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 169.
Hawley, William Henry Toovey, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 304.
Hay, Andrew Leith, Esq. granted the office of Clerk of the Ordnance, 178.
Head, Dame Julia Valenza, to enjoy the same titles, &c. as if her late father had succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Somerville, 72.
——-, Major Sir Francis Bond, appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 302.
Hebeler, Mr. Bernhard, approved of as Consul-General in the United Kingdom for the King of Prussia, 365.
Herald's-College—order for a general mourning for His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, 335.
Hereford, Viscount, appointed Captain of His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentleman at Arms, 371.
Herries, the Right Hon. John Charles, appointed Secretary at War, 352.
Hesse-Philipsthal, orders for the Court's going into mourning for His late Serene Highness William Landgrave of, 355.
——--Rothenburg, orders for the Court's going into mourning for His late Serene Highness the Landgrave of, 364.
Hewett, William Wrighte, appointed Surgeon Extraordinary to the King, 9.
Hill, Colonel Sir Dudley St. Ledger, appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the island of St. Lucia, 85.
Hobhouse, the Right Hon. Sir John Cam, appointed Commismissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings, 201, 223.
Holberton, Thomas Henry, Esq. appointed one of Her Majesty's Surgeons Extraordinary, 297.
Home Department, Whitehall—the Rev. William Wood granted the dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the metropolitical church of Canterbury, 3 ; the Rev. Richard Keats presented to the vicarage of Northfleet, 5 ; the Rev. James M'Farlane presented to the church and parish of Muiranside, 9 ; Sir John Bayley granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 27 ; the Right Hon. Lord Ponsonby appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, 37 ; Captain James Edward Alexander granted permission to accept and wear the insignia, of the third class, of the Royal Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 80 ; Commissioners appointed for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, 82, 178, 199 ; Rear-Admiral Sir Thomas Masterman Hardy appointed Master of Greenwich Hospital, 83, 85 ; Admiral Sir George Martin granted the office or place of Vice-Ad-

Admiral of the United Kingdom, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, and also Lieutenant of the Navies and Seas of the said United Kingdom, 84; Admiral the Hon. Sir Robert Stopford granted the office or place of Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom, and of the Admiralty thereof, and also of Rear-Admiral of the Navies and Seas of the said United Kingdom, *ibid.*; the Rev. George Renton presented to the church and parish of Dunsyre, 107; the Right Hon. Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven appointed Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 108; the Rev. Alexander Low presented to the church and parish of Keig, 109; Admiral Sir James Hawkins Whitshed granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 117; the Rev. Samuel Smith presented to the church and parish of Borgue, *ibid.*; the honour of Knighthood conferred upon Rear-Admiral John Ferris Devonshire, 118; Sir John Croft, and the heirs male of his body to whom the dignity of Baronet shall descend, granted authority to bear and use certain supporters to his and their arms respectively, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-Colonel Peter Adamson granted permission to accept and wear the insignia of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, 119; Sophia Elizabeth Wykham granted the dignity of a Baroness of the United Kingdom, 129; Francis Jeffrey, Esq. granted the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, *ibid.*; John Archibald Murray, Esq. granted the office of His Majesty's Advocate for Scotland, 130; the Hon. and Rev. John Fortescue granted the place and dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the cathedral church of Worcester, *ibid.*; the Rev. Edward Hume presented to the church and parish of Pitsligo, 139; the Rev. Alexander Clarke appointed First Minister of the church and parish of Inverness, 140; the Rev. William Stewart Martin presented to the church and parish of Kirktown, *ibid.*; Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom appointed, 169, 206; Robert Shapland Carew, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom, 169; the Right Hon. James Abercromby appointed Master and Worker of the Mint, 170; Robert Cutlar Fergusson, Esq. granted the office or place of Advocate-General or Judge-Martial of His Majesty's Forces, 178; Andrew Leith Hay, Esq. granted the office of Clerk of the Ordnance, *ibid.*; James Ivory, Esq. appointed Sheriff-Depute of the island of Bute, 194; Robert Thomson, Esq. appointed Sheriff-Depute of Caithness, *ibid.*; the Rev. Duncau Rankine presented to the church and parish of North Knapdale, 197; Stephen Love Hammick, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 198; the Rev. Norman Macleod presented to the church and parish of North Uist, *ibid.*

ibid.; the Right Hon. John William Ponsonby granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom, 200; Commissioners of Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings appointed, 201, 223; the Rev. Norman Macleod presented to the church of Trumisgarry, *ibid.*; Denis Le Marchant, Esq. appointed Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, 209; Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales appointed, 233; Benjamin Collins Brodie, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 235; the Rev. Hector M'Neill presented to the church at Portnahaven, *ibid.*; the Rev. Hugh M'Calman presented to the church and parish of South Knapdale, 249; the Right Hon. Gilbert Earl of Minto appointed Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, 285; Sir Charles Christopher Pepys appointed Master or Keeper of the Rolls or Records of the Court of Chancery, 287; Dr. Joseph Allen recommended by His Majesty to the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Bristol to be by them elected Bishop of that See, 292; the Hon. and Rev. Edward George Moore granted the place and dignity of a Prebendary of St. George's Chapel, Windsor, 294; Commissioners appointed for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom, 295; Dr. John Dodson appointed Advocate-General, *ibid.*; further prorogation of Parliament by Commissioners to the 25th of November, 296; Henry Cockburn, Esq. granted the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, 304; Andrew Skene, Esq. granted the office of Solicitor-General for Scotland, *ibid.*; Leonard Edmunds, Esq. appointed Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, 328; Arthur Eden, Esq. appointed Clerk of the Patents, *ibid.*; appointment cancelled, 330; Walter Aston Blount, Esq. granted the office of Chester Herald of Arms, 328; Emilia Sophia Grant to have, hold, and enjoy the same title, &c. as if her late father had survived his father Lucius Charles Viscount Falkland, *ibid.*; Felix Booth, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 330; Commissioners appointed for executing the offices of Treasurer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, 332, 364; Parliament further prorogued by Commissioners to the 18th of December, 333; announcement of the death of the Duke of Gloucester, 334; the Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel granted the offices of Chancellor and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, 342; the Right Hon. John Charles Herries appointed Secretary at War, 352; Parliament further prorogued by Commissioners to the 15th of January, 354; the Right Hon. Sir George Murray granted the office of Master-General of the Ordnance, *ibid.*; Commissioners for the affairs of India appointed, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Sir John Beckett granted the office of Advocate-General or Judge-Martial of the His Majesty's Forces,

Forces, 355; Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom appointed, 362; Viscount Lowther granted the office of Treasurer of the Navy, *ibid.*; Lord Robert Edward Henry Somerset granted the office of Master-Surveyor and Surveyor-General of the Ordnance, *ibid.*; Rear-Admiral Sir Edward William Campbell Rich Owen granted the office of Clerk of the Ordnance, *ibid.*; Francis Robert Bonham, Esq. granted the office of Storekeeper of the Ordnance, 363; Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings appointed, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Alexander Baring appointed Master and Worker of the Mint, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Sir Edward Knatchbull appointed Paymaster-General of His Majesty's Forces, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Lord Maryborough appointed Postmaster-General, *ibid.*; Alexander Perceval, Esq. appointed Treasurer of the Ordnance, *ibid.*; the Hon. and Rev. Robert John Eden presented to the vicarage of Battersea, 364; Sir John Ross granted permission to accept and wear the insignia, of the second class, of the Imperial Russian Order of Saint Anne in Diamonds, and those of a Knight Commander of the Royal Swedish Military Order of the Sword, 366.

Horse-Guards—Officers of the Army not required to wear any other mourning on the occasion of the death of His late Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester than a black crape round their left arms with their uniform, 338.

Horse's-Office, Master of the, (to the King)—George Earl of Chesterfield appointed Master of His Majesty's Buck-Hounds, 371.

————, Master of the, (to the Queen)—the Right Hon. Henry Forester appointed one of Her Majesty's Pages of Honour, 310.

Howe, Earl, appointed Lord Chamberlain and Comptroller of Her Majesty's Household, 352.

Hume, the Rev. Edward, presented to the church and parish of Pitsligo, 139.

———, Dr. John Robert, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Humphreys, Salusbury Pryce, Esq. Knighted, 34.

I.

India Board—dispatch and enclosures from the Chief Secretary to the Governor in Council at Madras, detailing the particulars, of certain military operations in Coorg, 250.

———, Commissioners for the affairs of, appointed, 354.

Inglis, Sir Robert Harry, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Insolvent Debtors, Circuits of the Commissioners for the relief of—Spring, 6; Summer, 120; Autumn, 243.
Ireland, the Right Hon. Thomas Earl of Haddington declared Lieutenant-General and General Governor of, 370.
Ivory, James, Esq. appointed Sheriff-Depute of the island of Bute, 194.

J.

Jarvis, Samuel Raymond, Esq. Knighted, 286.
Jeffrey, Francis, Esq. granted the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, 129.
Jenison-Wallworth, the Count de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 139.
Jenner, the Right Hon. Sir Herbert, sworn of the Privy Council, 298.
Jersey, the Earl of, appointed Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, 352.

K.

Kearney, Major-General James, Knighted, 34.
Keats, the Rev. Richard, presented to the vicarage of Northfleet, 5.
King, Colonel Henry, Knighted, 147.
Knatchbull, the Right Hon. Sir Edward, sworn of the Privy Council, 351; appointed Paymaster-General of the Forces, 363.
Knighthood, honour of, conferred on—Lieutenant-General Henry Bayly, 11; Major-General Samuel Trevor Dickens, 24; Major-General James Viney, 33; Major-General James Kearney, 34; Lieutenant-General Evan Lloyd, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-General Thomas Gage Montressor, *ibid.*; Salusbury Pryce Humphreys, Esq. *ibid.*; Eaton Travers, Esq. 40; Admiral Charles Edmund Nugent, 44; Major-General Lorenzo Moore, 71; Charles Christopher Pepys, Esq. 72; James Nicoll M'Adam, Esq. 78; Captain John Woolmore, 79, 81; John Williams, Esq. 108; Rear-Admiral John Ferris Devonshire, 118; Lieutenant-General the Hon. Alexander Duff, 140; Colonel Henry King, 147; Major-General Joseph MacLean, 170; Captain Hugh Pigott, 179; Humphrey le Fleming Senhouse, Esq. 180; Aretas William Young, Esq. 197; Edward John Gambier, Esq. 213; David James Hamilton Dickson, Esq., 236; Samuel Thomas Spry, Esq. 237; the Right Hon. Robert Grant, *ibid.*; Samuel Raymond Jarvis, Esq. 286; Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas S. Sorell, 292; John Dodson, Esq. 301; Captain John Ross, 365.

L.

Labouchere, Henry, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 169, 206, 295.
Lapworth, William Richard, a proclamation offering a reward of £100. for the apprehension of, 141.
Lefevre, John George, Esq. appointed one of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, 233; takes the oath required by the 4th and 5th William Fourth, 236.
Le Marchant, Denis, Esq. appointed Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, 209.
Levees to be held by His Majesty at St. James's Palace, notices of, 1, 81, 122, 126, 138, 147, 215; regulations to be observed at the, 1; postponed, 71, 126; Knights of the several Orders to wear their collars at the, 8; regulation to be observed by all persons (His Majesty's subjects) upon presentation to the King, 179.
Lewis, the Right Hon. Thomas Frankland, appointed one of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, 233; takes the oath required by the 4th and 5th of William Fourth, 236.
Lieven, the Prince of, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Russia, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 123; also to deliver his letter of recall, 193; has an audience of Her Majesty, to take leave, *ibid.*
Lima, the Chevalier de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver his letter of recall, 23; also of Her Majesty, to take leave, 25.
Lincoln, Earl of, appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.
Lloyd, Major-General Evan, Knighted, 34.
London, Addresses to His Majesty, from the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of, 102, 241, 339; His Majesty's answers, 103, 242, 341; from the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of, 238; His Majesty's answer, 240; Address to Her Majesty, from the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of, 248; Her Majesty's answer, 249.
Louth, Speaker's notice certifying the death of Thomas Fitzgerald, Esq. late Member for the county of, and of his intention to issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a writ for the electing a new Member, 327.
Low, the Rev. Alexander, presented to the church and parish of Keig, 109.
Lowther, the Right Hon. Viscount, appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, in

the absence of the President of the said Committee for the time being, 356; granted the office of Treasurer of the Navy, 362.
Ludolf, the Count de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Two Sicilies, has an audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 44.
Lunacy, Metropolitan Commissioners in, appointed, 286.
Lyndhurst, the Right Hon. John Lord, sworn as Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, 331.

M.

M'Adam, James Nicholl, Esq. Knighted, 78.
M'Calman, the Rev. Hugh, presented to the church and parish of South Knapdale, 249.
M'Neill, the Rev. Hector, presented to the church of Portnahaven, 235.
M'Farlane, the Rev. James, presented to the church and parish of Muiranside, 9.
MacLean, Major-General Joseph, Knighted, 170.
Macleod, the Rev. Norman, presented to the church and parish of North Uist, 198, 206.
Madden, Sir Frederic, appointed one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Privy Chamber, 333.
Mandelsloh, the Count de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Wurtemburg, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 32; also to take leave, 177; has an audience of Her Majesty, for the like purpose, 32.
Martin, Admiral Sir George, granted the office or place of Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom, 84.
———, the Rev. William Stewart, presented to the church and parish of Kirktown, 140.
Maryborough, William Lord, appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 332; appointed Postmaster-General, 363.
Melbourne, Viscount, appointed First Lord of the Treasury, 199.
Mellish, Richard Charles, Esq. appointed Gentleman Usher to the Queen, 311.
Mexican States, United, audience of His Majesty to the Minister Plenipotentiary from, to deliver a letter from the President of those States, 44.
Milne, Alexander, Esq. appointed Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings, 23, 363.
Miraflores, the Marquis de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of Spain, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver credentials, 104; commu-

municates to Viscount Palmerston a decree of the Queen Regent of Spain, prohibiting the introduction and landing of arms between Cape Finisterre and the mouth of the Bidassoa, 246.

Minto, the Right Hon. Gilbert Earl of, appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 285; ceremonial of his investiture, 359.

Montressor, Lieutenant-General Thomas Gage, Knighted, 34.

Moore, Major-General Lorenzo, Knighted, 71.

———, the Rev. Edward George, granted the place and dignity of a Prebendary of St. George's Chapel, Windsor, 294.

Mott, Charles, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 304.

Moraes-Sarmento, Monsieur de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials, 23; also to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 330; has his first audience of Her Majesty, 25.

Mourning, orders for the Court's going into, for the late Duke of Braganza, 289; for the late Duke of Saxe-Altenbourg, 293; for the late Duke of Gloucester, 335; general, for the same, *ibid.*; for the Officers of the Fleet or Marines, 338; for the Officers of the Army, *ibid*; orders for the Court's change of, 353; ten days of the said mourning to be for the late Landgrave of Hesse-Philipsthal-Barchfeld, 355; ten days also for the late Landgrave of Hesse-Rothenburg, 364.

Mulgrave, the Right Hon. Constantine Henry Earl of, sworn Keeper of the Privy Seal, 210.

Murray, John Archibald, Esq. granted the office of Advocate for Scotland, 130.

———, Lieutenant-General the Right Hon. Sir George, granted the office of Master-General of the Ordnance, 354.

———, William David, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.

Mylne, James William, Esq. appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

N.

Netherlands, audience of His Majesty to the Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 356.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, order in council declaring the port of, to be a port fit and proper for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter, 285.

Nicholls, George, Esq. appointed one of the Poor Law Commis-

missioners for England and Wales, 233; takes the oath required by the 4th and 5th of William Fourth, 236.
Norfolk, the Most Noble Bernard Edward Duke of, Knighted and duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, 220; all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation dispensed with, and full power and authority granted to his Grace to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Most Noble Order as if formally installed, 222.
Nugent, Charles Edmund, Esq. Knighted, 44.

O.

Oram, William, a proclamation offering a reward of £100. for the apprehension of, 142.
Owen, Rear-Admiral Edward William Campbell, granted the office of Clerk of the Ordnance, 362.
Oxford, university of, Petition to His Majesty from the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of, 99; His Majesty's answer, 101.

P.

Parker, Rear-Admiral Sir William, ceremonial of his investiture with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 200; appointed Commissioner of the Admiralty, 206, 295.
———, Robert, Esq. appointed Puisne Judge in the province of New Brunswick, 327.
Parliament, Members returned to serve in, 3, 10, 24, 27, 35, 38, 41, 79, 124, 137, 139, 147, 171, 177, 180, 183, 194, 196, 207, 213, 234.
————, titles of Acts of, received the Royal assent, 26, 75, 132, 172, 181, 202, 208, 216, 231, 232.
————, Speaker's notice certifying the death of William Papwell Brigstock, Esq. late Member for the eastern division of the county of Somerset, and of his intention to issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a writ for the electing a new Member, 4; tickets for admission to the House of Lords on the occasion of His Majesty's opening the session of, when to apply for the same, 13; also on proroguing the session, 214; the King's procession to the House of Peers, and His Majesty's speech to both Houses of, on opening the session, 18; also on proroguing the session, 224; order in council further proroguing the, to the 25th September, 284; to the 25th November, 294; to the 18th December, 329; to the 15th January, 324; prorogued by Commissioners, 296, 333; Speaker's notice certify-

tifying the death of Thomas Fitzgerald, Esq. late Member for the county of Louth, and of his intention to issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a writ for the electing a new Member, 327; Proclamation for dissolving the present, and declaring the calling of another, 367; Proclamation in order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, 368.

Pacha, Namik, Minister on a special mission from the Sublime Porte, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials, 291.

Pechell, Captain Sir Samuel John Brooke, appointed a Lord of the Admiralty, 169, 206, 295.

Peel, the Right Hon. William Yates, sworn of the Privy Council, 356; appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.

——, the Right Hon. Sir Robert, granted the offices of Chancellor and Under Treasurer of the Exchequer, 342; appointed First Lord of the Treasury, 364.

Pepys, Charles Christopher, Esq. Knighted, 72; appointed Master or Keeper of the Rolls and Records of the Court of Chancery, 287; sworn of the Privy Council, 288.

Perceval, Alexander, Esq. appointed Treasurer of the Ordnance, 363.

Petition to His Majesty, from the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the university of Oxford, 99; His Majesty's answer, 101; from the British and other Inhabitants of the city of Calcutta, 180.

Pigott, Captain Hugh, Knighted, 179.

Pilkington, Henry, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 304.

Pilling, Captain Oswald, appointed Fort Major at Sheerness, 11.

Planta, Joseph, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 332; appointed Commissioner for the affairs of India, 354; sworn of the Privy Council, 356.

Ponsonby, the Hon. George, appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 82, 178, 199.

————, the Right Hon John William, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom, 200.

Poor Law Commissioners, appointment of, 233; take the oath required by the 4th and 5th of William Fourth, 236; Assistant Commissioners appointed, 302, 304, 341.

Portugal and the Algarves, audience of His Majesty to the Chevalier de Lima, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen of, to deliver his letter of recall, 23; also to Monsieur de Moraes Sarmento, his successor, to deliver his credentials, *ibid.*; also to deliver letters from his Sovereign, 330; the above have audiences of Her Majesty, 25.

Pow-

Power, Alfred, Esq. appointed Assistant Commissioner of Poor Laws, 304.
Prescott, Captain Henry, appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of the island of Newfoundland and its dependencies, 287; takes the usual oaths, 288.
Prussia, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23.
Pringle, Lieutenant-General Sir William Henry, ceremonial of the investure of, with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, 359.
Proclamations—annulling the proclamation of the 29th of June 1815, for granting the distribution of prize-money, and also the order in council of the 30th June 1827, and directing a new scale for the distribution of prize-money and seizures, and also of rewards, 62; offering a reward of £100. for the apprehension of William Richard Lapworth, 141; a like reward for the apprehension of William Oram, 142; also a like reward for the apprehension of Samuel Dingley, 144; for dissolving the present Parliament and declaring the calling of another, 367; in order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, 368.
Proctor, Bryan Waller, Esq. appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

R.

Ranhine, the Rev. Duncan, presented to the church and parish of Knapdale, 197.
Renton, the Rev. George, presented to the church and parish of Dunsyre, 107.
Ribeiro, the Chevalier de Araujo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver letters from his Sovereign, 356.
Rice, the Right Hon. Thomas Spring, sworn of the Privy Council, 146; sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, *ibid.*
Ross, Charles, Esq. appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.
——, Captain John, Knighted, 365; granted permission to accept and wear the insignia, of the second class, of the Imperial Russian Order of Saint Anne in Diamonds, and those of a Knight Commander of the Royal Swedish Military Order of the Sword, 366.
Rosslyn, James Earl of, appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 332; declared Lord President of the Council, 351.
Rowley, Sir Charles, appointed Lord of the Admiralty, 362.

Rus-

Russell, the Rev. Vane, appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 209.

Russia, audience of His Majesty to the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 123; also to deliver his letter of recall, 193; audience of Her Majesty to the same, to take leave, *ibid.*

S.

Saint James's Palace, Court at—order in council revoking the order of the 9th of December 1833, imposing certain duties on British ships, and goods on board thereof, trading to Canton, 38; Sheriffs appointed for the counties of Chester and Cornwall, and an amendment made on the roll, 39; the Right Hon. Sir John Bayley sworn of the Privy Council, 40; order in council confirming the act of the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Jamaica, for the abolition of slavery, in consideration of compensation, and for promoting the industry of the manumitted slaves, and declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made in the said island for giving effect to the Act of the 3d and 4th of the King, for the abolition of slavery throughout the British colonies, 48; order in council suspending the calling out of the militia of the United Kingdom for training and exercising for the present year, 53; order in council annulling the proclamation of the 29th June 1815, for granting the distribution of the proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and the order in council of the 30th June 1827, for the distribution of the proceeds and rewards arising from captures and seizures, and directing the future distribution of the proceeds of all captures and seizures made by the officers, &c. of His Majesty's fleet, 54; Harry Edmund Waller, Esq. appointed Sheriff of the county of Gloucester, 74; the Right Hon. Sir Robert Graham sworn of the Privy Council, 86; ceremonial of the investiture of Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Taylor with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath; and of Major-General Sir John Alexander Wallace with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the said Order, 109; proclamation offering a reward of £100. for the apprehension of William Richard Lapworth, 141; also a like reward for the apprehension of William Oram, 142; and also a like reward for the apprehension of Samuel Dingley, 144; the the Right Hon. the Earl of Carlisle takes the oath as Keeper of the Privy Seal, 145; the Right Hon. Thomas Spring Rice and the Right Hon. Sir John Vaughan sworn of the

the Privy Council, 146; the Right Hon. Thomas Spring Rice sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Charles Poulett Thomson appointed President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, 146; order in council approving of the ordinance enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor and Court of Policy of the colony of British Guiana, conformably to the Act of the 4th of the King, for the abolition of slavery throughout the British colonies, &c. intituled "An Ordinance for the government and regulation of apprenticed labourers," 148; order in council directing the assizes and sessions under the commissions for the dispatch of civil and criminal business in and for the county of Glamorgan to be held in every year, in the Spring at Swansea, and in the Summer at Cardiff, 187; order in council confirming the reduction of the rates of duty payable for the buoys in the river Exe, submitted to His Majesty by the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the Corporation of Trinity-House of Deptford Strond, 188; the Right Hon. Robert Cutlar Fergusson sworn of the Privy Council, 199; the Right Hon. Lord Duncannon sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 201; the Right Hon. Constantine Henry Earl of Mulgrave sworn Keeper of the Privy Seal, 210; Chapter of the Most Noble Order of the Garter held, when the Most Noble Bernard Edward Duke of Norfolk was duly elected a Knight of the said Order, 220; the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation dispensed with, and full power and authority granted to the said Duke of Norfolk to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Order as if his Grace had been formally installed, 222; order in council extending the provisions of an Act, passed in the 3d year of His present Majesty's reign, to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad, so far as relates to free ports and to free warehousing ports, to the ports of Yarmouth and of Liverpool, 228; the Right Hon. Archibald Earl of Gosford sworn of the Privy Council, 238; order in council further proroguing Parliament to the 23d of October, 284; order in council declaring the port of Newcastle-on-Tyne to be a fit and proper port for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter, under the Act, passed in the 4th year of His present Majesty's reign, for the general regulation of the Customs, 285; the Right Hon. Sir Charles Christopher Pepys sworn of the Privy Council, 288; Captain Henry Prescott sworn as Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the island of Newfoundland, *ibid.*; order in council fur-

further proroguing Parliament to the 25th November, 294; the Right Hon. Sir Herbert Jenner sworn of the Privy Council, 298; ceremonial of the investiture of Admiral Sir John Wells and Lieutenant-General Sir Robert Edward Henry Somerset with the ensigns of Knights Grand Crosses of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath; and Rear-Admiral Sir Edward Brace and Major-General Sir John Taylor with the ensigns of Knights Commanders of the said Order, *ibid.*; the Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 311; order in council directing that certain rules made by the Commissioners appointed under the Act for the abolition of slavery throughout the British colonies be confirmed and allowed, 312; order in council further proroguing Parliament to the 18th December, 329; the Right Hon. Edward Earl of Derby sworn as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Lancaster, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. John Lord Lyndhurst sworn as Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, 331; order in council further proroguing Parliament to the 15th January, 342; the Right Hon. Stapleton Viscount Combermere, the Right Hon. James Archibald Lord Wharncliffe, the Right Hon. Sir Edward Knatchbull, Sir James Scarlett, Sir Edward Sugden, and Alexander Baring sworn of the Privy Council, 351; the Right Hon. James Earl of Rosslyn declared Lord President of the Council, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. James Archibald Lord Wharncliffe sworn as Keeper of the Privy Seal, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Henry Goulburn sworn as one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Alexander Baring appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. Granville Charles Henry Somerset, William Yates Peel, and Joseph Planta, sworn of the Privy Council, 356; the Right Hon. George Earl of Aberdeen sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, *ibid.*; the Right Hon. William Viscount Lowther appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, in the absence of the President of the said Committee for the time being, *ibid.*; Chapter of the Most Noble Order of the Garter held, when the Most Noble George Henry Duke of Grafton was duly elected a Knight of the said Order, 357; the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to installation dispensed with, and full power and authority granted to the said Duke of Grafton to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Order as if his Grace had been formally installed, 359; ceremonial of the investiture of the Right Hon. Gilbert Earl of Minto and of Lieutenant-General

Sir William Henry Pringle with the ensigns of Knights Grand Crosses of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, and of Major-General Sir Alexander Woodford with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the said Most Hon. Military Order, *ibid.*

Saint James's Palace—procession of His Majesty to the House of Peers, and His Majesty's speech to both Houses of Parliament on opening the session, 18; the Prince de Talleyrand, the Baron de Bülow, the Count de Bjornstjerna, the Count de Mandelsloh, the Chevalier Dedel, the Baron de Blome, the Count de Jenison-Wallworth, the Chevalier de Lima, Monsieur de Moraes Sarmento, and Monsieur de Gersdorff have audiences of His Majesty, 23; and also the Count de Mandelsloh, 32; ceremonial of the investiture of Major General Sir Hugh Fraser with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 33; Major-General James Viney Knighted, *ibid.*; Major-General James Kearney, Lieutenant General Evan Lloyd, Lieutenant-General Thomas Gage Montresor, and Salusbury Pryce Humphreys, Esq. Knighted, 34; the Chevalier de Vial, Monsieur de Moraes Sarmento, and the Chevalier de Mattos have audiences of His Majesty, 35; Eaton Travers, Esq. Knighted, 40; the Count de Ludolf and M. Garro have audiences of His Majesty, 44; Charles Edmund Nugent, Esq. Knighted, *ibid.*; the Hon. Band of Gentlemen Pensioners to be in future called His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 46; M. Tricoupi has an audience of His Majesty, 70; ceremonial of the investiture of Major-General Sir Arthur Brooke with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, *ibid.*; Major-General Lorenzo Moore Knighted, 71; Charles Christopher Pepys, Esq. Knighted, 72; James Nicoll M'Adam, Esq. Knighted, 78; an Address from the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the university of Oxford presented to His Majesty, 99; His Majesty's answer, 101; an Address and Petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London presented to His Majesty, 102; His Majesty's answer, 103; the Count de Martin D'Aglié, the Chevalier de Vial, and the Marquis de Miraflores have audiences of His Majesty, 104; a Chapter of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle held, when William George Earl of Erroll was duly elected a Knight of the said Order, 105; John Williams, Esq. Knighted, 108; an Address from both Houses of Parliament presented to His Majesty, 112; His Majesty's answer, 113; an Address from the Dissenting Ministers of the three denominations residing in and about the cities of London and Westminster presented to His Majesty, 114; His Ma-

Majesty's answer, 116; Monsieur Tricoupi has an audience of His Majesty, 117; the Prince of Lieven and the Duke Ferdinand of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha have audiences of His Majesty, 123; the Prince Esterhazy has an audience of His Majesty, 128; Monsieur Van de Weyer and the Count de Jenison-Wallworth have audiences of His Majesty, 139; Lieutenant-General the Hon. Alexander Duff Knighted, 140; Colonel Henry King Knighted, 147; Major-General Joseph MacLean Knighted, 170; Captain Slade appointed one of the Duke of Cumberland's Equerries, 176; Hugh Pigot, Esq. Knighted, 179; Humphrey le Fleming Senhouse, Esq. Knighted, 180; the Count Bjorstjerna and Count Mandelsloh have audiences of His Majesty, 177; the Prince of Lieven and Monsieur de Gersdorff have audiences of His Majesty, 193; Aretas William Young, Esq. Knighted, 197; ceremonial of the investiture of Rear-Admiral Sir William Parker with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 200; Edward John Gambier, Esq. Knighted, 213; James John Tulman, Esq. appointed one of His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 223; procession of His Majesty to the House of Peers, and his speech to both Houses of Parliament on proroguing the Parliament, 224; M. Van de Weyer has an audience of His Majesty, 234; David James Hamilton Dickson, Esq. Knighted, 236; Samuel Thomas Spry, Esq. and the Right Hon. Robert Grant Knighted, 237; an Address from the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of London presented to His Majesty, 238; His Majesty's answer, 240; an Address from the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London, presented to His Majesty, 241; His Majesty's answer, 242; an Address from the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the city of London presented to Her Majesty, 248; Her Majesty's answer, 249; Samuel Raymond Jarvis, Esq. Knighted, 286; Namik Pacha has an audience of His Majesty, 291; Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas S. Sorell Knighted, 292; John Dodson, Esq. Knighted, 301; the Right Hon. Archibald Earl of Gosford appointed Captain of His Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard, 303; Lord Gardner appointed one of the Lords of His Majesty's Bedchamber, *ibid.*; the Count D'Aglié and the Chevalier de Moraes Sarmento have audiences of His Majesty, 330; Address from the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the city of London presented to His Majesty, 339; His Majesty's answer, 341; Edward Clarke Esq. appointed one of His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 342, 355; the Earl of Jersey appointed Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, 352; the Chevalier

lier Dedel and the Chevalier de Araujo Ribeiro have audiences of His Majesty, 356; John Ross, Esq. Knighted, 365; Viscount Castlereagh appointed Vice-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, 370; Viscount Hereford appointed Captain of His Majesty's Hon. Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 371.

Saint James's Palace, (Queen's House)—the following Ministers at this Court have audiences of Her Majesty, viz.:—the Chevalier de Lima and Monsieur de Moraes de Sarmento, 25; the Count de Mandelsloh, 32; the Chevalier de Mattos and Monsieur d'Araujo Ribeiro, 36; M. Tricoupi, 70; the Count d'Aglié and the Chevalier de Vial, 104; the Marquis de Miraflores, 105; the Prince Esterhazy, 128; the Prince of Lieven, 193.

Samo, John, Esq. appointed Commissary-Judge to the Mixed British and Netherland Court of Commission at Surinam, for the prevention of illegal Slave-trade, 212.

Samos, notification from the Ottoman Government of a strict blockade of the island of, 112; notification from the same, that the blockade of the island of, had been raised, 291.

Sardinia, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, upon his return to this Court, 104, 212; audience of Her Majesty to the same, 104; has an audience of His Majesty to deliver credentials from the Duke of Lucca, 330.

Sawle, Joseph Sawle Greaves, Esq. appointed Sheriff for the county of Cornwall, 39.

Saxe-Altenbourg, His late Serene Highness Frederick Duke of, orders for the Court's going into mourning for, 293.

——-Cobourg-Gotha, the Duke Ferdinand of, has his first audience of His Majesty, 123.

Saxony, audience of His Majesty to the Minister Resident from the King of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23.

Scarlett, the Right Hon. Sir James, sworn of the Privy Council, 351.

Schätzler, Mr. Adolphe Frederic, approved of as Consul at London for the King of Greece, 170.

Schomberg, the Rev. John Bathurst, appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, 40.

Senhouse, Captain Humphrey le Fleming, Knighted, 180.

Seymour, Dr. Edward James, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Shepherd, the Rev. Dr. George, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Shee, Sir George, appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Prussia, 291.

Sheriffs, appointment of, for the year 1834, 14; for the coun-

county palatine of Lancaster, 17; for the county of Chester, 39; for the county of Cornwall, *ibid.*; for the county of Gloucester, 74; nomination of, by the Lords of the Council, for England, 305; nomination of, by the Judges of the respective Circuits in Wales, for the year 1835, 336.

Sicilies, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Two, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 44.

Skene, Andrew, Esq. granted the office of Solicitor-General for Scotland, 304.

Slade, Captain, appointed Equerry to the Duke of Cumberland, 176.

Sligo, the Marquess of, appointed Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the island of Jamaica and its dependencies, 10; sworn of the Privy Council, 12.

Smith, Sir John Mark Frederic, appointed Gentleman Usher of the King's Privy Chamber in Ordinary, 46.

——, Robert Vernon, Esq. appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 82, 178, 199; appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

——, the Rev. Samuel, presented to the church and parish of Borgue, 117.

Sorell, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas S., Knighted, 292.

Somerset, Lieutenant-General Lord R. E. H., appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 294; ceremonial of his investiture, 298; granted the office of Master-Surveyor and Surveyor-General of the Ordnance, 362.

————, the Right Hon. Granville Charles Henry, sworn of the Privy Council, 356; appointed Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings, 363.

Somerville, Kenelm, Esq. and the Rev. William Somerville, and Frances Somerville, to enjoy the same titles, &c. as if their late father had succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Somerville, 72.

Southey, Dr. Henry Herbert, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

Spain, audience of His Majesty to the Chevalier de Vial, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of, to deliver his letter of recall, 104; also to the Marquis de Miraflores, his successor, in the same character, to deliver his credentials, *ibid.*; the above have audiences of Her Majesty, *ibid.*; communication made by Count de Miraflores to Viscount Palmerston of a Decree issued by the Queen Regent of, prohibiting the importation of arms, &c. on the coast included between Cape Finisterre and the mouth

mouth of the Bidassao, 246; notification of the blockade of the coast of the north of, from Cape Finisterre to the Bidassao, 289.

Spry, Samuel Thomas, Esq. Knighted, 237.

Stephenson, Major-General Sir Benjamin Charles, appointed Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Public Buildings, 201, 223, 363.

Stevens, Captain George, appointed Commissioner of the Treasury, 199.

Stopford, Admiral the Hon. Sir Robert, granted the office or place of Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom, 84.

Stormont, Viscount, appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 364.

Sublime Porte, Namik Pacha, Minister on a special mission from the, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials, 291.

Sugden, the Right Hon. Sir Edward, sworn of the Privy Council, 351.

Sullivan, the Right Hon. John, appointed Commissioner for the affairs of India, 354.

Sweden and Norway, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23; also to take leave, 177.

T.

Talleyrand, the Prince de, Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the French, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23; also to take leave pro tempore, 212.

Taylor, Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert, ceremonial of the investiture of, with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 109.

———, Major-General John, appointed a Knight Commander of the Most. Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 294.

Thistle, the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the, a Chapter held, when William George Earl of Erroll was duly declared elected a Knight of the said Order, 105.

Thomson, the Right Hon. Charles Poulett, appointed President of the Committee of Council for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations, 146.

———, Robert, Esq. appointed Sheriff-Depute of the shire of Caithness, 194.

Trafford, Thomas Joseph, Esq. appointed Sheriff for the county palatine of Lancaster, 17.

Travers, Eaton, Esq. Knighted, 40.

Trea-

Treasury, Commissioners of the, appointed, 82, 178, 199, 332, 364.
Tricoupi, M., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials, 70; also to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 117; has his first audience of Her Majesty, *ibid.*
Tulman, James John, Esq. appointed one of the Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 223.
Turkey, notification from the Ottoman Government of a strict blockade of the island of Samos, 112.
Turner, Dr. Thomas, appointed one of the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, 286.

U.

United Mexican States, audience of His Majesty to the Minister Plenipotentiary from the, to deliver a letter from the President of those States, 44.

V.

Van de Weyer, Monsieur, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Belgians, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 139; also to take leave pro tempore, 234.
Vaughan, the Right Hon. Sir John, sworn of the Privy Council, 146.
Vial, the Chevalier de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen Regent of Spain, has an audience of His Majesty to deliver his letter of recall, 104; also of Her Majesty to take leave, *ibid.*
Viney, Major-General James, Knighted, 33.

W.

Wallace, Major-General Sir John Alexander, ceremonial of his investiture with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 109.

Waller, Harry Edmund, Esq. appointed Sheriff of the county of Gloucester, 74.
———, Thomas Wathen, Esq. appointed Secretary to the Legation at Greece, 118.
War-Office—Captain Oswald Phillips appointed Fort Major at Sheerness, 11; the 51st Regiment granted permission to bear the words "Corunna," "Salamanca," "Orthes," and "Pyrennees" on its colours and appointments, 235.
Wellington, the Most Noble Arthur Duke of, sworn one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, 311; appointed a Lord of the Treasury, 332.
Wells, Admiral Sir John, appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 290; ceremonial of his investiture, 298.
Wharncliffe, the Right Hon. James Archibald Lord, sworn of the Privy Council, 351; sworn as Keeper of the Privy Seal, *ibid.*
Whitshed, Admiral Sir James Hawkins, granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 117.
Williams, John, Esq. Knighted, 108.
Windsor-Castle—Captain John Woolmer Knighted, 79.
Wood, the Rev. William, granted the place and dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the metropolitical church of Canterbury, 3.
———, the Rev. John Ryle, appointed one of Her Majesty's Chaplains, 297.
Woodford, Major General Sir Alexander, ceremonial of his investiture with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Hon. Military Order of the Bath, 359.
Woods, Forests, &c., Commissioners of His Majesty's, appointed, 201, 223, 363.
———, Sir William, sworn Deputy to Garter Principal King of Arms, 221.
Woolmore, Captain John, Knighted, 79, 81.
Wurtemberg, audience of His Majesty to the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, 23, 32; audience of Her Majesty to the same, for the like purpose, 32.
Wykham, Sophia Elizabeth, granted the dignity of a Baroness of the United Kingdom, 129.
Wynne, the Right Hon. Charles Watkin Williams, sworn Chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, 365.
Wynyard, the Rev. Montagu John, appointed Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, 27; appointed Supernumerary Deputy Clerk of the Closet to His Majesty, 303.

Y.

Y.

Young, Aretas William, Esq. Knighted, 197.

Z.

Zugasti, Don Pedro Ortis de, approved of as Consul-General in the United Kingdom for Her Catholic Majesty, 301.

Printed by R. G. Clarke, Cannon-Row, Westminster.

STATE LIBRARY OF PENNSYLVANIA
3 0144 00382551 0